

SERVICE MANUAL

SINGLE CAC Air Conditioner

Please read this manual carefully before operating your set and retain it for future reference.

GENERAL
SINGLE CAC

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | | |
|---------------|--|----|
| Part 1 | General Information | 3 |
| | 1. Safety Precautions | 4 |
| | 2. Model Line Up | 13 |
| | 3. Nomenclature | 15 |
| Part 2 | Functions & Controls | 20 |
| | 1. List of Functions & Accessory | 21 |
| | 2. Air Flow | 37 |
| | 3. Air Purifying | 39 |
| | 4. Installation Functions | 40 |
| | 5. Reliability | 44 |
| | 6. Convenience Functions & Controls | 45 |
| | 7. Special Function & KIT | 53 |
| Part 3 | Basic Control | 54 |
| | 1. Normal operation | 55 |
| | 2 Compressor control | 55 |
| | 3. EEV(Electronic Expansion Valve) control | 55 |
| Part 4 | Trouble Shooting Guide | 56 |
| | 1. Self-diagnosis Function | 57 |
| | 2. Pump Down | 59 |
| | 3. Evacuation (All amount of refrigerant leaked) | 60 |
| | 4. Gas Charging (After Evacuation) | 61 |
| | 5. Cycle Part | 62 |
| | 6. Electronic Parts | 63 |

Part 1 General Information

1. Safety Precautions4

2. Model Line Up13

3. Nomenclature.....15

1. Safety Precautions

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
|  | Read the precautions in this manual carefully before operating the unit. |  | This appliance is filled with flammable refrigerant (R32) |
|  | This symbol indicates that the Operation Manual should be read carefully. |  | This symbol indicates that a service personnel should be handling this equipment with reference to the Installation Manual. |

To prevent injury to the user or other people and property damage, the following instructions must be followed.

■ Incorrect operation due to ignoring instruction will cause harm or damage. The seriousness is classified by the following indications.

⚠ WARNING This symbol indicates the possibility of death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION This symbol indicates the possibility of injury or damage to properties only.

■ Meanings of symbols used in this manual are as shown below.

| | |
|---|---|
|  | Be sure not to do. |
|  | Be sure to follow the instruction. |
|  | Dangerous Voltage |

1.1 Safety Precautions in Repair

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|---|
| Be sure to disconnect all remote electric power supplies before servicing. Internal components and circuit boards are at main potential when the equipment is connected to the power cables. This voltage is extremely dangerous and may cause death or severe injury if come in contact with it. |  |
| Do not touch the discharging refrigerant gas during the repair work. The refrigerant gas can cause frostbite. |  |
| Release the refrigerant gas completely at a well-ventilated place first. Otherwise, when the pipe is disconnected, refrigerant gas or refrigerating machine oil discharges and it can cause injury. |  |
| When the refrigerant gas leaks during work, execute ventilation. If the refrigerant gas touches to a fire, poisonous gas generates. A case of leakage of the refrigerant and the closed room full with gas is dangerous because a shortage of oxygen occurs. Be sure to execute ventilation. |  |
| When removing the front panel or cabinet, execute short-circuit and discharge between high voltage capacitor terminals. If discharge is not executed, an electric shock is caused by high voltage resulted in a death or injury. |  |
| Be sure to provide the grounding when repairing the equipment in a humid or wet place, to avoid electrical shocks. |  |

Part 1 General Information

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| <p>Do not use a defective or underrated circuit breaker. Use the correctly rated breaker and fuse. Otherwise there is a risk of fire or electric shock.</p> |  |
| <p>Install the panel and the cover of control box securely. Otherwise there is risk of fire or electric shock due to dust, water etc.</p> |  |
| <p>Indoor/outdoor wiring connections must be secured tightly and the cable should be routed properly so that there is no force pulling the cable from the connection terminals. Improper or loose connections can cause heat generation or fire.</p> |  |
| <p>Do not touch, operate, or repair the product with wet hands. Holding the plug by hand when taking out. Otherwise there is risk of electric shock or fire.</p> |  |
| <p>Use a vacuum pump or Inert (nitrogen) gas when doing leakage test or air purge. Do not compress air or Oxygen and Do not use Flammable gases. Otherwise, it may cause fire or explosion. - There is the risk of death, injury, fire or explosion.</p> |  |
| <p>Do not turn on the breaker or power under condition that front panel, cabinet, top cover, control box cover are removed or opened. Otherwise, it may cause fire, electric shock, explosion or death.</p> |  |
| <p>The appliance shall be stored so as to prevent mechanical damage from occurring</p> |  |
| <p>Any person who is involved with working on or breaking into a refrigerant circuit should hold a current valid certificate from an industry-accredited assessment authority, which authorises their competence to handle refrigerants safely in accordance with an industry recognised assessment specification. Servicing shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Maintenance and repair requiring the assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable refrigerants.</p> |  |
| <p>Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction</p> |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater. |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed |  |

| | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refrigerant tubing shall be protected or enclosed to avoid damage. |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum • When flared joints are reused indoors, the flare part shall be re-fabricated. • When mechanical connectors are reused indoors, sealing parts shall be renewed. |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer. • Do not pierce or burn. • Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour. • Ducts connected to an appliance shall not contain an ignition source. • Two or more people must lift and transport the product. Avoid personal injury. • Periodic (more than once/year) cleaning of the dust or salt particles stuck on the heat exchanger by using water. • Dismantling the unit, treatment of the refrigerant oil and eventual parts should be done in accordance with local and national standards. |  |
| <p>Checks to the area Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized. For repair to the refrigerating system, the following precautions shall be complied with prior to conducting work on the system.</p> |  |
| <p>Work procedure Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.</p> |  |
| <p>General work area All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided. The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material.</p> |  |
| <p>Checking for presence of refrigerant The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.</p> |  |
| <p>Presence of fire extinguisher If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.</p> |  |

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| <p>No ignition sources No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work that contains or has contained flammable refrigerant shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which flammable refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.</p> |  |
| <p>Ventilated area Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.</p> |  |
| <p>Checks to the refrigeration equipment Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance. The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The actual refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed - The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed - If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant - Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected - Refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded. |  |
| <p>Checks to electrical devices Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.</p> |  |

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| <p>Initial safety checks shall include</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking. - No live electrical components and wiring are exposed While charging, recovering or purging the system. - Continuity of earth bonding |  |
| <p>Repairs to sealed components</p> <p>During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation. Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc. Ensure that apparatus is mounted securely. Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications</p> |  |
| <p>Repair to intrinsically safe components</p> <p>Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use. Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating. Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak</p> |  |
| <p>Cabling Check</p> <p>Cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of ageing or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.</p> |  |
| <p>Detection of flammable refrigerants</p> <p>Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.</p> |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mechanical connections shall be accessible for maintenance purposes. |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ducts connected to an appliance shall not contain an ignition source. |  |

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| <p>Leak detection methods</p> <p>The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for systems containing flammable refrigerants. Electronic leak detectors shall be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need recalibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. Oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.</p> |  |
| <p>Removal and evacuation</p> <p>When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose - conventional procedures shall be used. However, it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Remove refrigerant- Purge the circuit with inert gas- Evacuate- Purge again with inert gas- Open the circuit by cutting or brazing. <p>The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. The system shall be “flushed” with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task. Flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and there is ventilation available.</p> |  |

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| <p>Charging procedures</p> <p>In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them. - Cylinders shall be kept upright. - Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant. - Label the system when charging is complete (if not already). - Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system. Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN. The system shall be leak tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site. |  |
| <p>Decommissioning</p> <p>Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation. b) Isolate system electrically. c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders; • all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly; • the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person; • recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards. d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible. e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system. f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place. g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge). i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily. j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off. k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked. |  |

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| <p>Labelling Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.</p> |  |
| <p>Recovery When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely. When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs. The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt. The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders. If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.</p> |  |

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|  CAUTION | |
| <p>Be sure to earth the air conditioner with an earthing conductor connected to the earthing terminal.</p> |  |
| <p>Conduct repair works after checking that the refrigerating cycle section has cooled down sufficiently. Otherwise, working on the unit, the hot refrigerating cycle section can cause burns.</p> |  |
| <p>Do not tilt the unit when removing panels. Otherwise, the water inside the unit can spill and wet floor.</p> |  |

| ⚠ CAUTION | |
|---|---|
| Do not use the welder in a well-ventilated place. Using the welder in an enclosed room can cause oxygen deficiency. |  |
| Be sure to turn off power switch before connect or disconnect connector, or parts damage may be occurred. |  |

1.2 Inspections after Repair

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|--|---|
| Check to see if the terminal block is not dirty or loose. If terminal block is dust or loose it can cause an electrical shock or fire. |  |
| Do not use a joined power cable or extension cable, or share the same power outlet with other electrical appliances. otherwise, it can cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire. |  |
| Do not insert hands or other objects through the air inlet or outlet while the product is operating. There are sharp and moving parts that could cause personal injury. |  |
| Do not block the inlet or outlet of air flow. It may cause product failure |  |

| ⚠ CAUTION | |
|--|---|
| Check to see if the parts are mounted correctly and wires are connected. Improper installation and connections can cause an electric shock or an injury. |  |
| Check the installation platform or frame has corroded. Corroded installation platform or frame can cause the unit to fall, resulting in injury. |  |
| Be sure to check the earth wire is correctly connected. |  |
| After the work has finished, be sure to do an insulation test to check the resistance is 2[Mohm] or more between the charge section and the non-charge metal section (Earth position). If the resistance value is low, a disaster such as a leak or electric shock is caused at user's side. |  |
| Check the drainage of the indoor unit after the repair. If drainage is faulty the water to enter the room and wet floor. |  |

2. Model Line Up

2.1 Indoor units

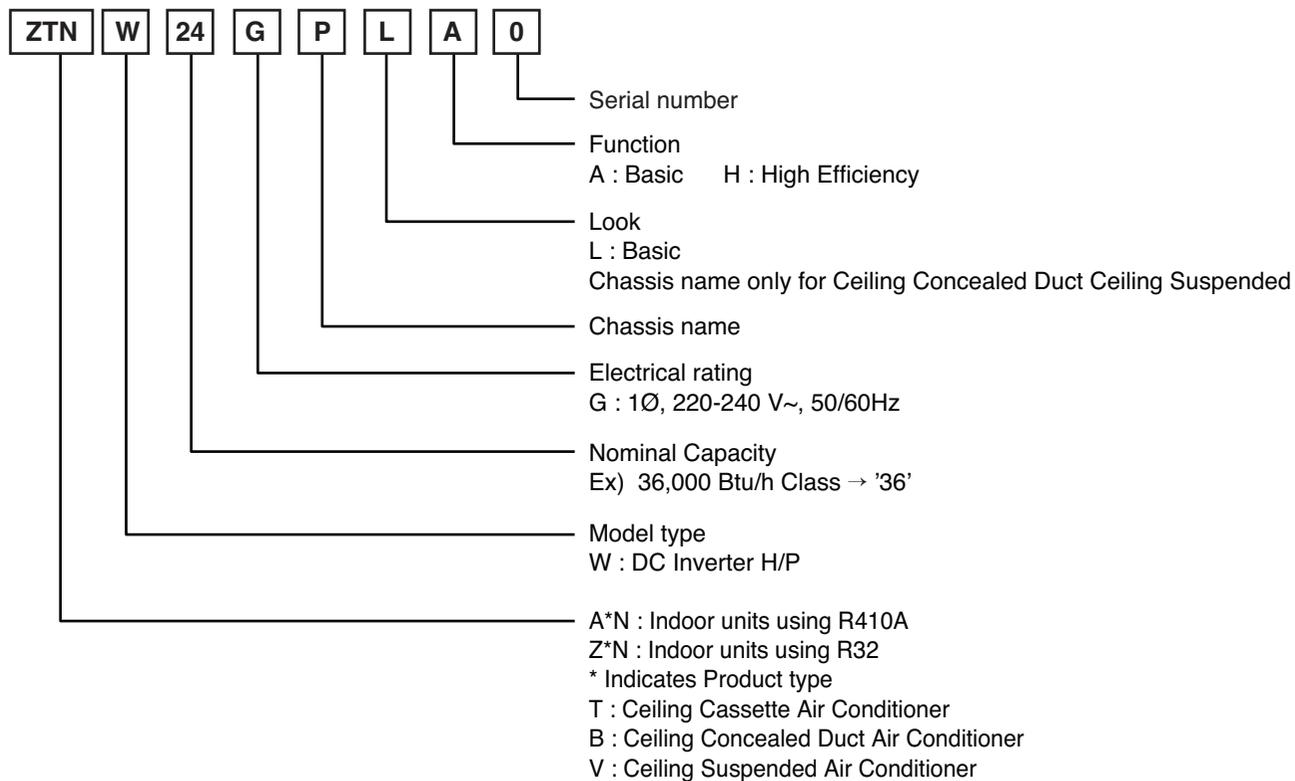
| Category | | Chassis Name | Capacity Index [kW (kBTu/h)] | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | 2.5 (9) | 3.5 (12) | 5.0 (18) | 7.1 (24) | 10.0 (36) | 12.5 (42) | 14.0 (48) | 15.0 (60) |
| Ceiling Cassette | 4-Way | TR | ZTNW09GRLA0 [CT09R NR0] | ZTNW12GRLA0 [CT12R NR0] | | | | | | |
| | | TQ | | | ZTNW18GQLA0 [CT18R NQ0] | | | | | |
| | | TP | | | | ZTNW24GPLA0 [CT24R NP0] | | | | |
| | | TM | | | | | ZTNW36GMLA0 [UT36R NM0] | ZTNW42GMLA0 [UT42R NM0] | ZTNW48GMLA0 [UT48R NM0] | ZTNW60GMLA0 [UT60R NM0] |
| Ceiling Concealed Duct | High Static Pressure | M1 | | | ZBNW18GM1A0 [CM18R N10] | ZBNW24GM1A0 [CM24R N10] | | | | |
| | | M2 | | | | | ZBNW36GM2A0 [UM36R N20] | ZBNW42GM2A0 [UM42R N20] | | |
| | | M3 | | | | | | | ZBNW48GM3A0 [UM48R N30] | ZBNW60GM3A0 [UM60R N30] |
| | Low Static Pressure | L2 | ZBNW09GL2A0 [CL09R N20] | ZBNW12GL2A0 [CL12R N20] | ZBNW18GL2A0 [CL18R N20] | | | | | |
| | | L3 | | | | ZBNW24GL3A0 [CL24R N30] | | | | |
| | Ceiling Suspended | | VM1 | | | ZVNW18GM1A0 [UV18R N10] | ZVNW24GM1A0 [UV24R N10] | | | |
| VM2 | | | | | | | ZVNW36GM2A0 [UV36R N20] | ZVNW42GM2A0 [UV42R N20] | ZVNW48GM2A0 [UV48R N20] | ZVNW60GM2A0 [UV60R N20] |

2.2 Outdoor units

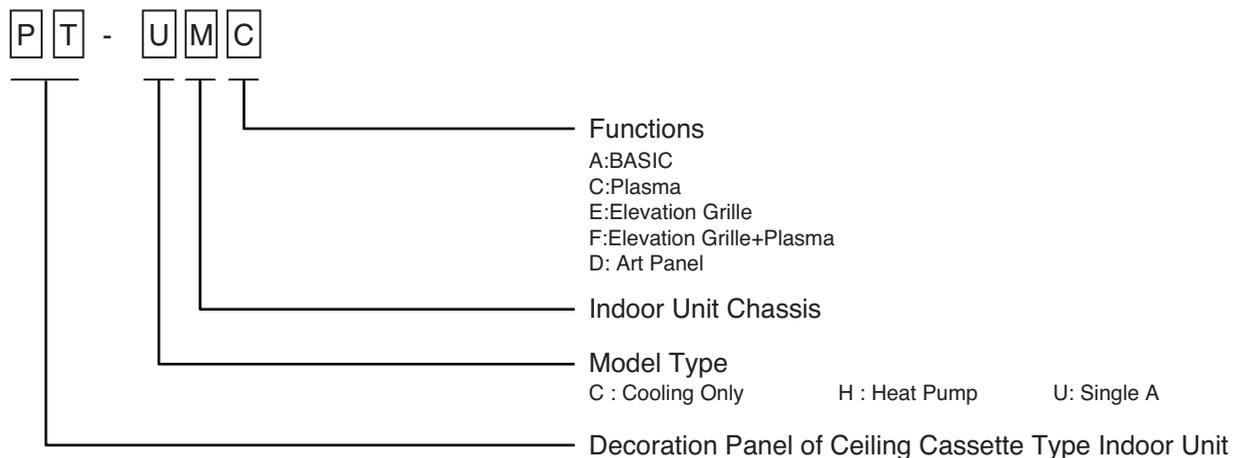
| Model | Chassis | Total capacity index of connectable indoor units (kW) | Power Supply | No. of connectable indoor units |
|---------------------------|---------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| ZUUW09GA0 [UU09WR UL0] | UL2 | 2.5 | 1Ø, 220-240 V~, 50 Hz | 1 |
| ZUUW12GA0 [UU12WR UL0] | UL2 | 3.4 | | |
| ZUUW18GA0 [UU18WR U20] | U24A | 5.0 | | |
| ZUUW24GA0 [UU24WR U40] | U4 | 6.8 | | |
| ZUUW36GA0 [UU36WR U30] | U3 | 9.5 | | |
| ZUUW42GA0 [UU42WR U30] | | 12.0 | | |
| ZUUW48GA0 [UU48WR U30] | | 13.4 | | |
| ZUUW60GA0 [UU60WR U30] | | 14.6 | | |
| ZUUW36LA0 [UU37WR U30] | | 9.5 | | |
| ZUUW42LA0 [UU43WR U30] | | 12.0 | | |
| ZUUW48LA0 [UU49WR U30] | | 13.4 | | |
| ZUUW60LA0 [UU61WR U30] | 14.6 | 3Ø, 380-415 V~, 50 Hz | | |

3. Nomenclature

3.1 Indoor Unit(Global)

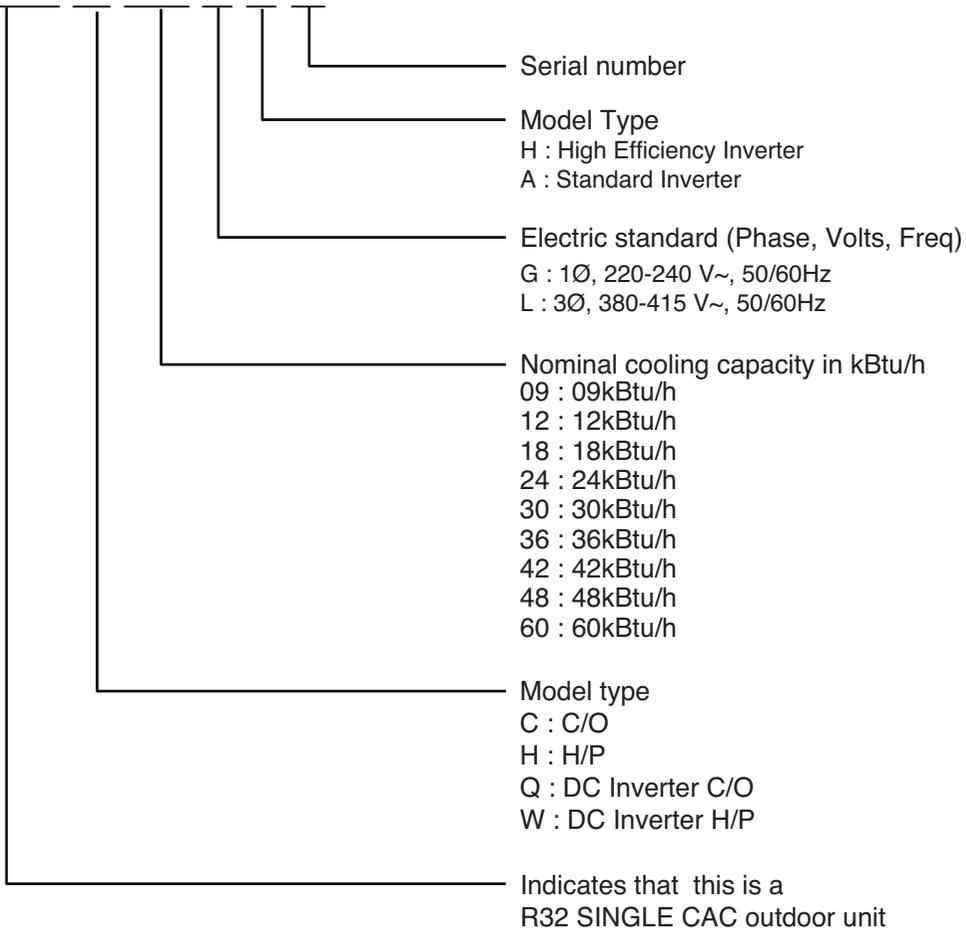


3.2 Decoration panel(For ceiling cassette models)

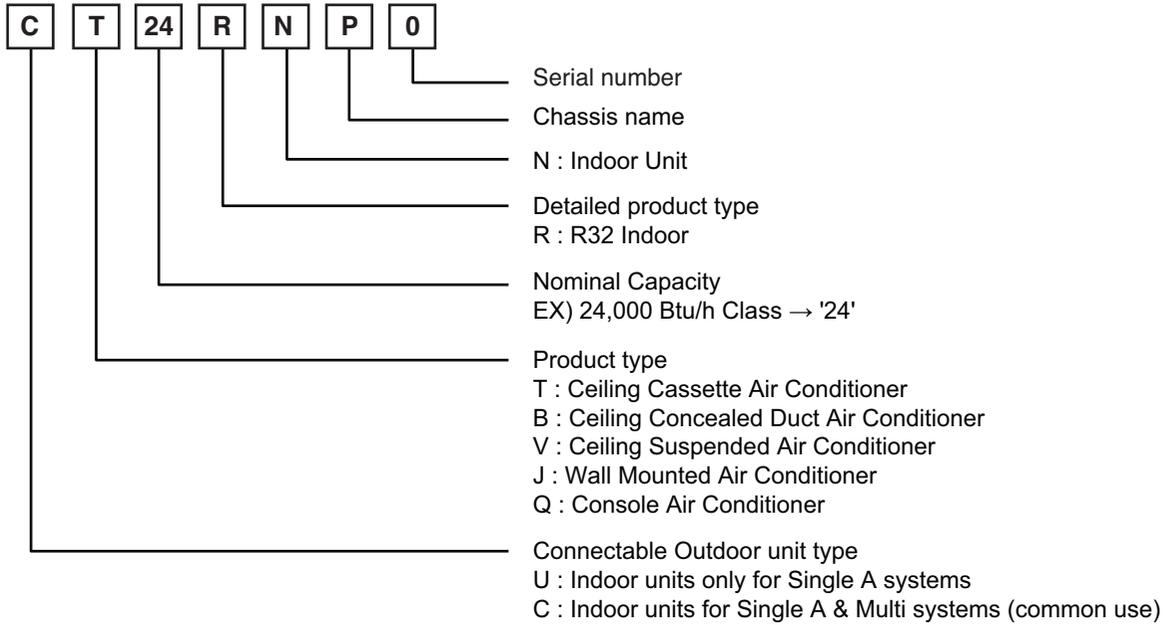


3.3 Outdoor Unit(Global)

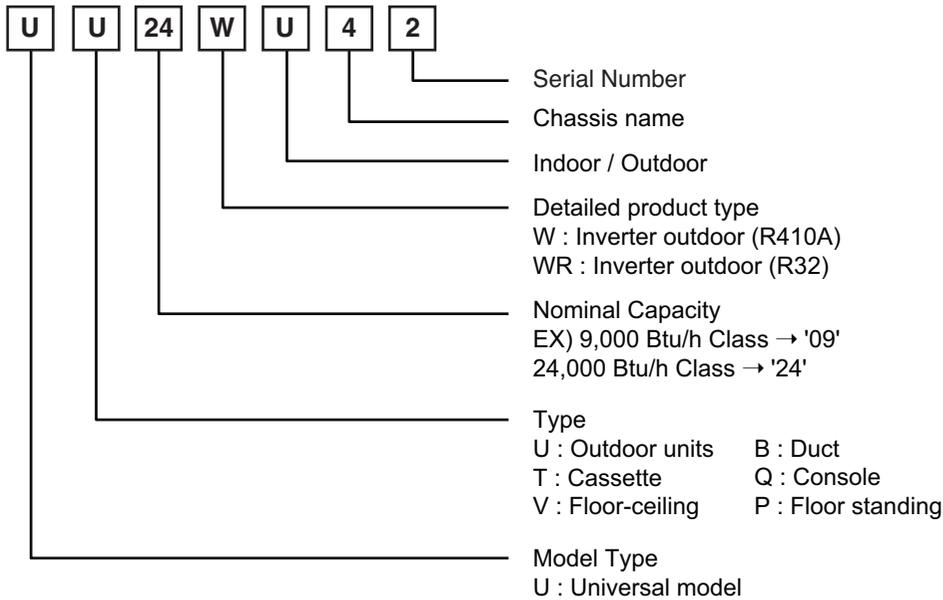
Z U U W 2 4 G A 0



3.4 Indoor Unit(Europe)

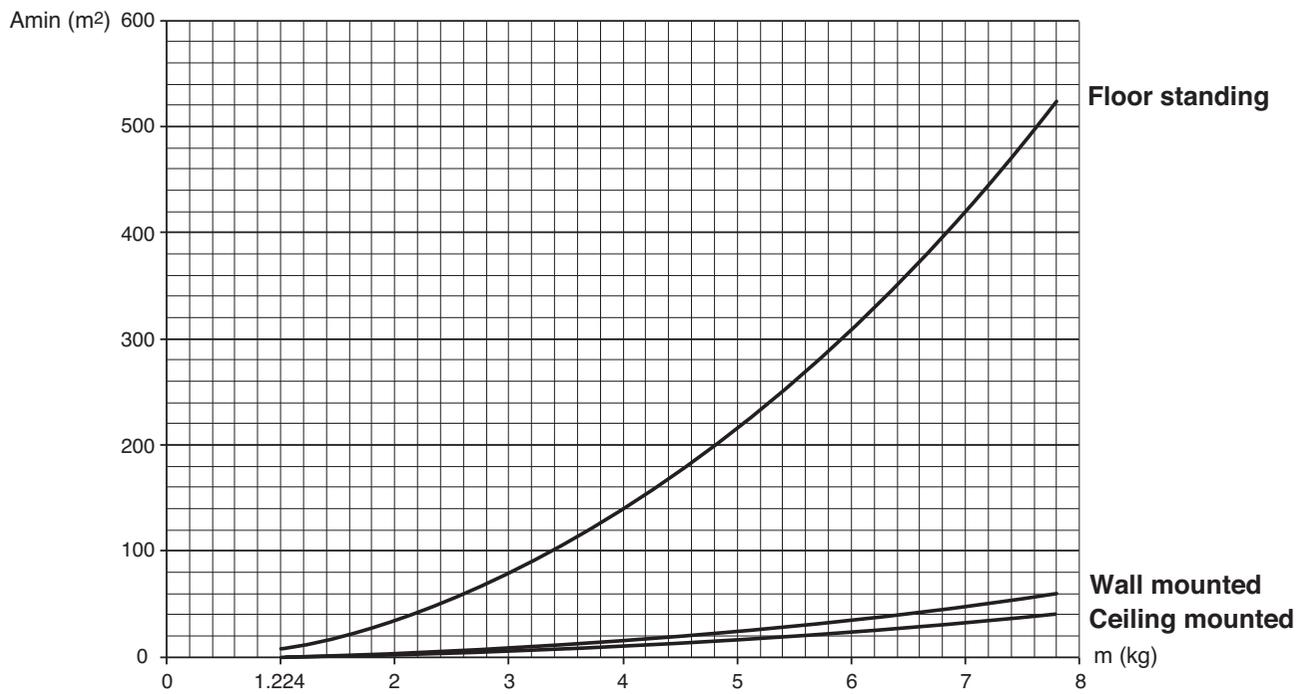


3.5 Outdoor Unit(Europe)



Minimum floor area

- The appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than the minimum area.
- Use the graph of table to determine the minimum area.



- m : Total refrigerant amount in the system
- Total refrigerant amount : factory refrigerant charge + additional refrigerant amount
- A_{min} : minimum area for installation

Part 1 General Information

| Floor standing | | Floor location | | Wall mounted | | Wall mounted | | Ceiling Mounted | | Ceiling Mounted | |
|----------------|------------------------|----------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| m (kg) | Amin (m ²) | m (kg) | Amin (m ²) | m (kg) | Amin (m ²) | m (kg) | Amin (m ²) | m (kg) | Amin (m ²) | m (kg) | Amin (m ²) |
| < 1.224 | - | 4.6 | 181.56 | < 1.224 | - | 4.6 | 20.17 | < 1.224 | - | 4.6 | 13.50 |
| 1.224 | 12.9 | 4.8 | 197.70 | 1.224 | 1.43 | 4.8 | 21.97 | 1.224 | 0.956 | 4.8 | 14.70 |
| 1.4 | 16.82 | 5 | 214.51 | 1.4 | 1.87 | 5 | 23.83 | 1.4 | 1.25 | 5 | 15.96 |
| 1.6 | 21.97 | 5.2 | 232.02 | 1.6 | 2.44 | 5.2 | 25.78 | 1.6 | 1.63 | 5.2 | 17.26 |
| 1.8 | 27.80 | 5.4 | 250.21 | 1.8 | 3.09 | 5.4 | 27.80 | 1.8 | 2.07 | 5.4 | 18.61 |
| 2 | 34.32 | 5.6 | 269.09 | 2 | 3.81 | 5.6 | 29.90 | 2 | 2.55 | 5.6 | 20.01 |
| 2.2 | 41.53 | 5.8 | 288.65 | 2.2 | 4.61 | 5.8 | 32.07 | 2.2 | 3.09 | 5.8 | 21.47 |
| 2.4 | 49.42 | 6 | 308.90 | 2.4 | 5.49 | 6 | 34.32 | 2.4 | 3.68 | 6 | 22.98 |
| 2.6 | 58.00 | 6.2 | 329.84 | 2.6 | 6.44 | 6.2 | 36.65 | 2.6 | 4.31 | 6.2 | 24.53 |
| 2.8 | 67.27 | 6.4 | 351.46 | 2.8 | 7.47 | 6.4 | 39.05 | 2.8 | 5.00 | 6.4 | 26.14 |
| 3 | 77.22 | 6.6 | 373.77 | 3 | 8.58 | 6.6 | 41.53 | 3 | 5.74 | 6.6 | 27.80 |
| 3.2 | 87.86 | 6.8 | 396.76 | 3.2 | 9.76 | 6.8 | 44.08 | 3.2 | 6.54 | 6.8 | 29.51 |
| 3.4 | 99.19 | 7 | 420.45 | 3.4 | 11.02 | 7 | 46.72 | 3.4 | 7.38 | 7 | 31.27 |
| 3.6 | 111.20 | 7.2 | 444.81 | 3.6 | 12.36 | 7.2 | 49.42 | 3.6 | 8.27 | 7.2 | 33.09 |
| 3.8 | 123.90 | 7.4 | 469.87 | 3.8 | 13.77 | 7.4 | 52.21 | 3.8 | 9.22 | 7.4 | 34.95 |
| 4 | 137.29 | 7.6 | 495.61 | 4 | 15.25 | 7.6 | 55.07 | 4 | 10.21 | 7.6 | 36.86 |
| 4.2 | 151.36 | 7.8 | 522.04 | 4.2 | 16.82 | 7.8 | 58.00 | 4.2 | 11.26 | 7.8 | 38.83 |
| 4.4 | 166.12 | | | 4.4 | 18.46 | | | 4.4 | 12.36 | | |

Part 2 Functions & Controls

| | |
|--|----|
| 1. List of Functions & Accessory | 21 |
| 2. Air flow | 37 |
| 2.1 Auto swing (left & right) | 37 |
| 2.2 Auto swing (up & down) | 37 |
| 2.3 Chaos swing (up/down)..... | 37 |
| 2.4 Air flow step..... | 38 |
| 2.5 Chaos wind (auto wind)..... | 38 |
| 2.6 Jet Cool Mode Operation | 38 |
| 2.7 Swirl wind Swing | 38 |
| 3. Air purifying | 39 |
| 3.1 PLASMA Air Purifying System | 39 |
| 4. Installation Functions | 40 |
| 4.1 E.S.P. (External Static Pressure) Setting | 40 |
| 4.2 High Ceiling operation..... | 43 |
| 5. Reliability | 44 |
| 5.1 Hot start..... | 44 |
| 5.2 Self-diagnosis Function..... | 44 |
| 5.3 Soft dry operation..... | 44 |
| 6. Convenience Functions & Controls | 45 |
| 6.1 Cooling & heating Operations | 45 |
| 6.2 Auto cleaning operation | 46 |
| 6.3 Auto changeover operation | 46 |
| 6.4 Auto restart Opeartion..... | 46 |
| 6.5 Child Lock Function..... | 47 |
| 6.6 Forced operation | 47 |
| 6.7 Group Control..... | 48 |
| 6.8 Sleep Timer Operation | 49 |
| 6.9 Timer(On/Off) | 49 |
| 6.10 Weekly Program..... | 50 |
| 6.11 Two Thermistor Control | 52 |
| 7. Special Function & KIT | 53 |
| 7.1 Low Ambient control..... | 53 |
| 7.2 Space Control | 53 |

1. List of Functions & Accessory

1. 4-Way Ceiling Cassette Indoor

| Category | Functions | ZTNW09GRLA0 [CT09R NR0], ZTNW12GRLA0 [CT12R NR0] |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Air flow | Air supply outlet | 4 |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | X |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | Auto |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X |
| | Auto swing (up & down) | O |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 4 / 5 / 4 |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | X |
| | Jet cool/heat | O / X |
| | Swirl wind | O |
| Air purifying | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X |
| | Plasma air purifier | PTPKQ0 |
| | Allergy Safe filter | X |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | O |
| Installation | Drain pump | O |
| | E.S.P. control* | X |
| | Electric heater | X |
| | High ceiling operation* | O |
| Reliability | Hot start | O |
| | Self diagnosis | O |
| Convenience | Auto changeover | O (Single Only) |
| | Auto cleaning | X |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence) | O (Multi Only) |
| | Auto Restart | O |
| | Child lock* | O |
| | Forced operation | O |
| | Group control* | O |
| | Sleep mode | O |
| | Timer(on/off) | O |
| | Timer(weekly)* | O |
| | Two thermistor control* | O |
| Auto Elevation Grille | X | |
| Network Solution(LGAP) | O | |

Note

1. O : Applied, X : Not applied
Accessory model name : Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the corresponding model name, supplied with separate package.
2. Some functions can be limited by remote controller.
3. In case of ducted type indoor units using the wireless remote controller, it needs to connect the wired remote controller for received the signal of that.
4. In case of cassette type indoor units, Plasma kit and Auto Elevation Grille functions are not applicable at the same time.
5. * : These functions need to connect the wired remote controller.
6. ** : It is included by default when the product is manufactured.
7. For synchro operation, some functions and accessories are not available. Refer to PDB of outdoor unit.

| Category | | Product | Remark | ZTNW09GRLA0 [CT09R NR0] ZTNW12GRLA0 [CT12R NR0] |
|---|--|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Wireless Remote Controller | | PQWRHQ0FDB | Heat Pump | O |
| Wired Remote Controller | Simple | PQRCVCL0Q(W) | Simple | O |
| | | PQRCHCA0Q(W) | for Hotel | O |
| | Standard | PREMTB001 | Standard (White) | O |
| | | PREMTBB01 | Standard (Black) | O |
| | | PREMTB100** | New Standard (White) | O |
| Premium | PREMTA000(A/B) | Premium | O | |
| Dry contact | Simple Contact | PDRYCB000 | Simple Dry Contact | O |
| | Communication type | PDRYCB400 | 2 Points Dry Contact (For Setback) | O |
| | | PDRYCB300 | - | O |
| | | PDRYCB500 | Dry Contact For Modbus | O |
| Gateway | IDU PI485 | PHNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| | | PSNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| ETC | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | - | O |
| | Zone controller | ABZCA | - | X |
| | Electronic thermostat | AQETC | - | X |
| | CTI (Communication transfer interface) | PKFC0 | - | X |
| | CO ₂ Sensor | PES-C0RV0 | For ERV, ERV DX Indoor units | X |
| | Group control wire | PZCWRCG3 | 0.25m | O |
| | 2-Remo Control Wire | PZCWRC2 | 0.25m | O |
| | Extension Wire | PZCWRC1 | 10 | O |
| | Wi-Fi Controller* | PWFMD200 | - | O |
| | Telecom shelter controller | PQCSA001T0 | - | X |
| Note | | | | |
| 1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable | | | | |
| 2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated. | | | | |
| 3. ** : It could not be operated some functions. | | | | |
| 4. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product. (http://partner.lge.com/global : Home> Download> Manuals) | | | | |

Part 2 Functions & Controls

| Category | Functions | ZTNW18GQLA0 [CT18R NQ0] | ZTNW24GPLA0 [CT24R NP0] |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Air flow | Air supply outlet | 4 | 4 |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | X | X |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | Auto | Auto |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X | X |
| | Auto swing (up & down) | O | O |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 4 / 5 / 4 | 4 / 5 / 4 |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | X | X |
| | Jet cool/heat | O / X | O / X |
| | Swirl wind | O | O |
| Air purifying | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X | X |
| | Plasma air purifier | PTPKQ0 | PTPKM0 |
| | Allergy Safe filter | X | X |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | O | O |
| Installation | Drain pum | O | O |
| | E.S.P. control* | X | X |
| | Electric heater | X | X |
| | High ceiling operation* | O | O |
| Reliability | Hot start | O | O |
| | Self diagnosis | O | O |
| Convenience | Auto changeover | O (Single Only) | O (Single Only) |
| | Auto cleaning | X | X |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence) | O (Multi Only) | O (Multi Only) |
| | Auto Restart | O | O |
| | Child lock* | O | O |
| | Forced operation | O | O |
| | Group control* | O | O |
| | Sleep mode | O | O |
| | Timer(on/off) | O | O |
| | Timer(weekly)* | O | O |
| | Two thermistor control* | O | O |
| Auto Elevation Grille | X | X | |
| Network Solution(LGAP) | O | O | |

Note

1. O : Applied, X : Not applied

Accessory model name : Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the corresponding model name, supplied with separate package.

2. Some functions can be limited by remote controller.

3. In case of ducted type indoor units using the wireless remote controller, it needs to connect the wired remote controller for received the signal of that.

4. In case of cassette type indoor units, Plasma kit and Auto Elevation Grille functions are not applicable at the same time.

5. * : These functions need to connect the wired remote controller.

6. ** : It is included by default when the product is manufactured.

7. For synchro operation, some functions and accessories are not available. Refer to PDB of outdoor unit.

| Category | | Product | Remark | ZTNW18GQLA0 [CT18R NQ0] ZTNW24GPLA0 [CT24R NP0] |
|--|--|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Wireless Remote Controller | | PQWRHQ0FDB | Heat Pump | O |
| Wired Remote Controller | Simple | PQRCVCL0Q(W) | Simple | O |
| | | PQRCHCA0Q(W) | for Hotel | O |
| | Standard | PREMTB001 | Standard (White) | O |
| | | PREMTBB01 | Standard (Black) | O |
| | | PREMTB100** | New Standard (White) | O |
| Premium | PREMTA000(A/B) | Premium | O | |
| Dry contact | Simple Contact | PDRYCB000 | Simple Dry Contact | O |
| | Communication type | PDRYCB400 | 2 Points Dry Contact (For Setback) | O |
| | | PDRYCB300 | - | O |
| | | PDRYCB500 | Dry Contact For Modbus | O |
| Gateway | IDU PI485 | PHNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| | | PSNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| ETC | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | - | O |
| | Zone controller | ABZCA | - | X |
| | Electronic thermostat | AQETC | - | X |
| | CTI (Communication transfer interface) | PKFC0 | - | X |
| | CO ₂ Sensor | PES-C0RV0 | For ERV, ERV DX Indoor units | X |
| | Group control wire | PZCWRCG3 | 0.25m | O |
| | 2-Remo Control Wire | PZCWRC2 | 0.25m | O |
| | Extension Wire | PZCWRC1 | 10 | O |
| | Wi-Fi Controller* | PWFMD200 | - | O |
| | Telecom shelter controller | PQCSA001T0 | - | O (Single Only) |
| <p>Note</p> <p>1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable</p> <p>2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated.</p> <p>3. ** : It could not be operated some functions.</p> <p>4. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product. (http://partner.lge.com/global : Home> Download> Manuals)</p> | | | | |

Part 2 Functions & Controls

| Category | Functions | ZTNW36GMLA0 [UT36R NM0], ZTNW42GMLA0 [UT42R NM0] ZTNW48GMLA0 [UT48R NM0], ZTNW60GMLA0 [UT60R NM0] |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Air flow | Air supply outlet | 4 |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | X |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | Auto |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X |
| | Auto swing (up & down) | O |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 4 / 5 / 4 |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | X |
| | Jet cool/heat | O / X |
| | Swirl wind | O |
| Air purifying | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X |
| | Plasma air purifier | PTPKM0 |
| | Allergy Safe filter | X |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | O |
| Installation | Drain pum | O |
| | E.S.P. control* | X |
| | Electric heater | X |
| | High ceiling operation* | O |
| Reliability | Hot start | O |
| | Self diagnosis | O |
| Convenience | Auto changeover | O |
| | Auto cleaning | X |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence) | X |
| | Auto Restart | O |
| | Child lock* | O |
| | Forced operation | O |
| | Group control* | O |
| | Sleep mode | O |
| | Timer(on/off) | O |
| | Timer(weekly)* | O |
| | Two thermistor control* | O |
| Auto Elevation Grille | X | |
| Network Solution(LGAP) | O | |

Note

1. O : Applied, X : Not applied

Accessory model name : Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the corresponding model name, supplied with separate package.

2. Some functions can be limited by remote controller.

3. In case of ducted type indoor units using the wireless remote controller, it needs to connect the wired remote controller for received the signal of that.

4. In case of cassette type indoor units, Plasma kit and Auto Elevation Grille functions are not applicable at the same time.

5. * : These functions need to connect the wired remote controller.

6. ** : It is included by default when the product is manufactured.

7. For synchro operation, some functions and accessories are not available. Refer to PDB of outdoor unit.

| Category | | Product | Remark | ZTNW36GMLA0 [UT36R NM0] ZTNW42GMLA0 [UT42R NM0] ZTNW48GMLA0 [UT48R NM0] ZTNW60GMLA0 [UT60R NM0] |
|---|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Wireless Remote Controller | | PQWRHQ0FDB | Heat Pump | O |
| Wired Remote Controller | Simple | PQRCVCL0Q(W) | Simple | O |
| | | PQRCHCA0Q(W) | for Hotel | O |
| | Standard | PREMTB001 | Standard (White) | O |
| | | PREMTBB01 | Standard (Black) | O |
| PREMTB100** | | New Standard (White) | O | |
| Premium | PREMTA000(A/B) | Premium | O | |
| Dry contact | Simple Contact | PDRYCB000 | Simple Dry Contact | O |
| | Communication type | PDRYCB400 | 2 Points Dry Contact (For Setback) | O |
| | | PDRYCB300 | - | O |
| | | PDRYCB500 | Dry Contact For Modbus | O |
| Gateway | IDU PI485 | PHNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| | | PSNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| ETC | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | - | O |
| | Zone controller | ABZCA | - | X |
| | Electronic thermostat | AQETC | - | X |
| | CTI (Communication transfer interface) | PKFC0 | - | X |
| | CO ₂ Sensor | PES-C0RV0 | For ERV, ERV DX Indoor units | X |
| | Group control wire | PZCWRCG3 | 0.25m | O |
| | 2-Remo Control Wire | PZCWRC2 | 0.25m | O |
| | Extension Wire | PZCWRC1 | 10 | O |
| | Wi-Fi Controller* | PWFMDD200 | - | O |
| | Telecom shelter controller | PQCSA001T0 | - | O |
| Note 1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable 2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated. 3. ** : It could not be operated some functions. 4. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product. (http://partner.lge.com/global : Home> Download> Manuals) | | | | |

2. Ceiling Concealed Duct Indoor

| Category | Functions | ZBNW18GM1A0 [CM18R N10] ZBNW24GM1A0 [CM24R N10] ZBNW36GM2A0 [UM36R N20] ZBNW42GM2A0 [UM42R N20] ZBNW48GM3A0 [UM48R N30] ZBNW60GM3A0 [UM60R N30] |
|---|--|---|
| Air flow | Air supply outlet | 1 |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | X |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | X |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X |
| | Auto swing (up & down) | X |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 3 / 3 / 3 |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | X |
| | Jet cool/heat | X / X |
| | Swirl wind | X |
| Air purifying | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X |
| | Plasma air purifier | X |
| | Allergy Safe filter | X |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | O |
| Installation | Drain pum | ABDPG |
| | E.S.P. control* | O |
| | Electric heater | X |
| | High ceiling operation* | X |
| Reliability | Hot start | O |
| | Self diagnosis | O |
| Convenience | Auto changeover | O |
| | Auto cleaning | X |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence) | X |
| | Auto Restart | O |
| | Child lock* | O |
| | Forced operation | X |
| | Group control* | O |
| | Sleep mode | O |
| | Timer(on/off) | O |
| | Timer(weekly)* | O |
| | Two thermistor control* | O |
| Auto Elevation Grille | X | |
| Network Solution(LGAP) | | O |
| Note 1. O : Applied, X : Not applied Accessory model name : Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the corresponding model name, supplied with separate package. 2. Some functions can be limited by remote controller. 3. In case of ducted type indoor units using the wireless remote controller, it needs to connect the wired remote controller for received the signal of that. 4. In case of cassette type indoor units, Plasma kit and Auto Elevation Grille functions are not applicable at the same time. 5. * : These functions need to connect the wired remote controller. 6. ** : It is included by default when the product is manufactured. 7. For synchro operation, some functions and accessories are not available. Refer to PDB of outdoor unit. | | |

| Category | | Product | Remark | ZBNW18GM1A0 [CM18R N10] ZBNW24GM1A0 [CM24R N10] |
|---|--|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Wireless Remote Controller | | PQWRHQ0FDB | Heat Pump | O |
| Wired Remote Controller | Simple | PQRCVCL0Q(W) | Simple | O |
| | | PQRCHCA0Q(W) | for Hotel | O |
| | Standard | PREMTB001 | Standard (White) | O |
| | | PREMTBB01 | Standard (Black) | O |
| | | PREMTB100** | New Standard (White) | O |
| Premium | PREMTA000(A/B) | Premium | X | |
| Dry contact | Simple Contact | PDRYCB000 | Simple Dry Contact | X |
| | Communication type | PDRYCB400 | 2 Points Dry Contact (For Setback) | X |
| | | PDRYCB300 | - | X |
| | | PDRYCB500 | Dry Contact For Modbus | O |
| Gateway | IDU PI485 | PHNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| | | PSNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| ETC | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | - | O |
| | Zone controller | ABZCA | - | O |
| | Electronic thermostat | AQETC | - | X |
| | CTI (Communication transfer interface) | PKFC0 | - | X |
| | CO ₂ Sensor | PES-C0RV0 | For ERV, ERV DX Indoor units | X |
| | Group control wire | PZCWRCG3 | 0.25m | O |
| | 2-Remo Control Wire | PZCWRC2 | 0.25m | O |
| | Extension Wire | PZCWRC1 | 10 | O |
| | Wi-Fi Controller* | PWFMDD200 | - | O |
| | Telecom shelter controller | PQCSA001T0 | - | O |
| Note 1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable 2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated. 3. ** : It could not be operated some functions. 4. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product. (http://partner.lge.com/global : Home> Download> Manuals) | | | | |

Part 2 Functions & Controls

| Category | | Product | Remark | ZBNW36GM2A0 [UM36R N20] ZBNW42GM2A0 [UM42R N20] ZBNW48GM3A0 [UM48R N30] ZBNW60GM3A0 [UM60R N30] |
|---|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Wireless Remote Controller | | PQWRHQ0FDB | Heat Pump | O |
| Wired Remote Controller | Simple | PQRCVCL0Q(W) | Simple | O |
| | | PQRCHCA0Q(W) | for Hotel | O |
| | Standard | PREMTB001 | Standard (White) | O |
| | | PREMTBB01 | Standard (Black) | O |
| PREMTB100** | | New Standard (White) | O | |
| Premium | PREMTA000(A/B) | Premium | O | |
| Dry contact | Simple Contact | PDRYCB000 | Simple Dry Contact | O |
| | Communication type | PDRYCB400 | 2 Points Dry Contact (For Setback) | O |
| | | PDRYCB300 | - | O |
| | | PDRYCB500 | Dry Contact For Modbus | O |
| Gateway | IDU PI485 | PHNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| | | PSNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| ETC | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | - | O |
| | Zone controller | ABZCA | - | O |
| | Electronic thermostat | AQETC | - | X |
| | CTI (Communication transfer interface) | PKFC0 | - | X |
| | CO ₂ Sensor | PES-C0RV0 | For ERV, ERV DX Indoor units | X |
| | Group control wire | PZCWRCG3 | 0.25m | O |
| | 2-Remo Control Wire | PZCWRC2 | 0.25m | O |
| | Extension Wire | PZCWRC1 | 10 | O |
| | Wi-Fi Controller* | PWFMDD200 | - | O |
| | Telecom shelter controller | PQCSA001T0 | - | O |
| Note 1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable 2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated. 3. ** : It could not be operated some functions. 4. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product. (http://partner.lge.com/global : Home> Download> Manuals) | | | | |

3. Ceiling & floor

| Category | Functions | ZBNW09GL2A0 [CL09R N20] / ZBNW12GL2A0 [CL12R N20] ZBNW18GL2A0 [CL18R N20] / ZBNW24GL3A0 [CL24R N30] |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Air flow | Air supply outlet | 1 |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | X |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | X |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X |
| | Auto swing (up & down) | X |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 3 / 3 / 3 |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | X |
| | Jet cool/heat | X / X |
| | Swirl wind | X |
| Air purifying | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X |
| | Plasma air purifier | X |
| | Allergy Safe filter | X |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | O |
| Installation | Drain pum | O |
| | E.S.P. control* | O |
| | Electric heater | X |
| | High ceiling operation* | X |
| Reliability | Hot start | O |
| | Self diagnosis | O |
| Convenience | Auto changeover | O |
| | Auto cleaning | X |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence) | X |
| | Auto Restart | O |
| | Child lock* | O |
| | Forced operation | X |
| | Group control* | O |
| | Sleep mode | O |
| | Timer(on/off) | O |
| | Timer(weekly)* | O |
| | Two thermistor control* | O |
| Auto Elevation Grille | X | |
| Network Solution(LGAP) | | O |

Note

1. O : Applied, X : Not applied

Accessory model name : Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the corresponding model name, supplied with separate package.

2. Some functions can be limited by remote controller.

3. In case of ducted type indoor units using the wireless remote controller, it needs to connect the wired remote controller for received the signal of that.

4. In case of cassette type indoor units, Plasma kit and Auto Elevation Grille functions are not applicable at the same time.

5. * : These functions need to connect the wired remote controller.

6. ** : It is included by default when the product is manufactured.

7. For synchro operation, some functions and accessories are not available. Refer to PDB of outdoor unit.

Part 2 Functions & Controls

| Category | | Product | Remark | ZBNW09GL2A0 [CL09R N20] ZBNW12GL2A0 [CL12R N20] |
|---|--|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Wireless Remote Controller | | PQWRHQ0FDB | Heat Pump | O |
| Wired Remote Controller | Simple | PQRCVCL0Q(W) | Simple | O |
| | | PQRCHCA0Q(W) | for Hotel | O |
| | Standard | PREMTB001 | Standard (White) | O |
| | | PREMTBB01 | Standard (Black) | O |
| | | PREMTB100** | New Standard (White) | O |
| Premium | PREMTA000(A/B) | Premium | O | |
| Dry contact | Simple Contact | PDRYCB000 | Simple Dry Contact | O |
| | Communication type | PDRYCB400 | 2 Points Dry Contact (For Setback) | O |
| | | PDRYCB300 | - | O |
| | | PDRYCB500 | Dry Contact For Modbus | O |
| Gateway | IDU PI485 | PHNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| | | PSNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| ETC | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | - | O |
| | Zone controller | ABZCA | - | O |
| | Electronic thermostat | AQETC | - | X |
| | CTI (Communication transfer interface) | PKFC0 | - | X |
| | CO ₂ Sensor | PES-C0RV0 | For ERV, ERV DX Indoor units | X |
| | Group control wire | PZCWRCG3 | 0.25m | O |
| | 2-Remo Control Wire | PZCWRC2 | 0.25m | O |
| | Extension Wire | PZCWRC1 | 10 | O |
| | Wi-Fi Controller* | PWFMD200 | - | O |
| | Telecom shelter controller | PQCSA001T0 | - | X |
| Note 1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable 2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated. 3. ** : It could not be operated some functions. 4. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product. (http://partner.lge.com/global : Home> Download> Manuals) | | | | |

| Category | | Product | Remark | ZBNW18GL2A0 [CL18R N20] ZBNW24GL3A0 [CL24R N30] |
|--|--|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Wireless Remote Controller | | PQWRHQ0FDB | Heat Pump | O |
| Wired Remote Controller | Simple | PQRCVCL0Q(W) | Simple | O |
| | | PQRCHCA0Q(W) | for Hotel | O |
| | Standard | PREMTB001 | Standard (White) | O |
| | | PREMTBB01 | Standard (Black) | O |
| | | PREMTB100** | New Standard (White) | O |
| Premium | PREMTA000(A/B) | Premium | O | |
| Dry contact | Simple Contact | PDRYCB000 | Simple Dry Contact | O |
| | Communication type | PDRYCB400 | 2 Points Dry Contact (For Setback) | O |
| | | PDRYCB300 | - | O |
| | | PDRYCB500 | Dry Contact For Modbus | O |
| Gateway | IDU PI485 | PHNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| | | PSNFP14A0 | Connected with the Indoor Units | X |
| ETC | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | - | O |
| | Zone controller | ABZCA | - | O |
| | Electronic thermostat | AQETC | - | X |
| | CTI (Communication transfer interface) | PKFC0 | - | X |
| | CO ₂ Sensor | PES-C0RV0 | For ERV, ERV DX Indoor units | X |
| | Group control wire | PZCWRCG3 | 0.25m | O |
| | 2-Remo Control Wire | PZCWRC2 | 0.25m | O |
| | Extension Wire | PZCWRC1 | 10 | O |
| | Wi-Fi Controller* | PWFMD200 | - | O |
| | Telecom shelter controller | PQCSA001T0 | - | O |
| <p>Note</p> <p>1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable</p> <p>2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated.</p> <p>3. ** : It could not be operated some functions.</p> <p>4. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product. (http://partner.lge.com/global : Home> Download> Manuals)</p> | | | | |

4. Outdoor

• 1 Phase Inverter

| Category | Functions | ZUUW09GA0 [UU09WR UL0], ZUUW12GA0 [UU12WR UL0] |
|------------------|---|--|
| Reliability | Defrost / Deicing | O |
| | High pressure switch | O |
| | Low pressure switch | X |
| | Phase protection | X |
| | Restart delay (3-minutes) | O |
| | Self diagnosis | O |
| | Soft start | O |
| Convenience | Test function | O |
| | Night Silent Operation | X |
| | Wiring Error Check | X |
| | Peak Control | X |
| | Mode Lock | X |
| | Forced Cooling Operation (Outdoor Unit) | X |
| | SLC(Smart Load Control) | X |
| Network function | Network solution(LGAP) | X |
| ODU Dry Contact | | X |

Note

1. O : Applied, X : Not applied

Accessory model name : Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the corresponding model name, supplied with separate package.

| Category | Product | Etc | ZUUW09GA0 [UU09WR UL0] ZUUW12GA0 [UU12WR UL0] | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|---|
| Central Controller | Simple | PQCSZ250S0 | AC EZ | X |
| | AC Ez Touch | PACEZA000 | AC Ez Touch | X |
| | AC Smart | PACS4B000 | AC Smart IV | X |
| | ACP | PACP4B000 | ACP IV | X |
| | AC Manager ²⁾ | PACM4B000 | AC Manager IV | X |
| | | PACM5A000 | AC Manager 5 | X |
| Gateway | ODU PI485 | PMNFP14A1 | PI 485 Gateway | X |
| | | PMNFP14A0 | PI 485 Gateway | X |
| | | PV485N000 | PI 485 Gateway | X |
| | Low Ambient Kit | AQLA | - | X |
| | | PRVC2 | From MULTI V 4 series | X |
| | AHU Comm. Kit | PRCKA1 | Return / Room Air Control | X |
| | | PUDCA0 | Supply Air Control by DDC (For SINGLE SPLIT) | X |
| | | PRDCA0 | Supply Air Control by DDC (For MULTI V) | X |
| | BACnet | PQNFB17C0 | ACP BACnet | X |
| | Lonworks | PLNWKB000 | ACP Lonworks | X |
| Lon Translator | PLNTRN000 | Lon Translator | X | |
| ETC | PDI | PPWRDB000 | PDI Standard | X |
| | | PQNUD1S40 | PDI Premium | X |
| | ACS IO Module | PEXPMB000 | - | X |

Note

1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable

2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated.

3. ²⁾ : ACP IV , AC Smart IV, ACP BACnet or ACP Lonworks is needed.

4. Compatibility of individual controller(wireless/wired remote controller) could be found with function list on Indoor Unit's PDB.

5. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product.

(<http://partner.lge.com/global> : Home> Download> Manuals)

| Category | Functions | ZUUW18GA0 [UU18WR U20], ZUUW24GA0 [UU24WR U40] |
|------------------|---|--|
| Reliability | Defrost / Deicing | O |
| | High pressure switch | O |
| | Low pressure switch | X |
| | Phase protection | X |
| | Restart delay (3-minutes) | O |
| | Self diagnosis | O |
| | Soft start | O |
| Convenience | Test function | O |
| | Night Silent Operation | O |
| | Wiring Error Check | X |
| | Peak Control | O |
| | Mode Lock | O |
| | Forced Cooling Operation (Outdoor Unit) | O |
| | SLC(Smart Load Control) | X |
| Network function | Network solution(LGAP) | O |
| ODU Dry Contact | | X |

Note

1. O : Applied, X : Not applied

Accessory model name : Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the corresponding model name, supplied with separate package.

| Category | Product | Etc | ZUUW09GA0 [UU09WR UL0] ZUUW12GA0 [UU12WR UL0] | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|---|
| Central Controller | Simple | PQCSZ250S0 | AC EZ | O |
| | AC Ez Touch | PACEZA000 | AC Ez Touch | O |
| | AC Smart | PACS4B000 | AC Smart IV | O |
| | ACP | PACP4B000 | ACP IV | O |
| | AC Manager ²⁾ | PACM4B000 | AC Manager IV | O |
| | | PACM5A000 | AC Manager 5 | X |
| Gateway | ODU PI485 | PMNFP14A1 | PI 485 Gateway | O |
| | | PMNFP14A0 | PI 485 Gateway | O |
| | | PV485N000 | PI 485 Gateway | X |
| | Low Ambient Kit | AQLA | - | X |
| | | PRVC2 | From MULTI V 4 series | X |
| | AHU Comm. Kit | PRCKA1 | Return / Room Air Control | O |
| | | PUDCA0 | Supply Air Control by DDC (For SINGLE SPLIT) | X |
| | | PRDCA0 | Supply Air Control by DDC (For MULTI V) | X |
| | BACnet | PQNFB17C0 | ACP BACnet | O |
| | Lonworks | PLNWKB000 | ACP Lonworks | O |
| Lon Translator | PLNTRN000 | Lon Translator | X | |
| ETC | PDI | PPWRDB000 | PDI Standard | X |
| | | PQNUD1S40 | PDI Premium | X |
| | ACS IO Module | PEXPMB000 | - | X |

Note

1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable

2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated.

3. ²⁾ : ACP IV , AC Smart IV, ACP BACnet or ACP Lonworks is needed.

4. Compatibility of individual controller(wireless/wired remote controller) could be found with function list on Indoor Unit's PDB.

5. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product.

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Part 2 Functions & Controls

| Category | Functions | ZUUW36GA0 [UU36WR U30], ZUUW42GA0 [UU42WR U30] ZUUW48GA0 [UU48WR U30], ZUUW60GA0 [UU60WR U30] |
|------------------|---|--|
| Reliability | Defrost / Deicing | O |
| | High pressure switch | O |
| | Low pressure switch | X |
| | Phase protection | X |
| | Restart delay (3-minutes) | O |
| | Self diagnosis | O |
| | Soft start | O |
| Convenience | Test function | O |
| | Night Silent Operation | O |
| | Wiring Error Check | O |
| | Peak Control | O |
| | Mode Lock | O |
| | Forced Cooling Operation (Outdoor Unit) | O |
| | SLC(Smart Load Control) | O |
| Network function | Network solution(LGAP) | O |
| ODU Dry Contact | | O (On/off control) |

Note

1. O : Applied, X : Not applied

Accessory model name : Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the corresponding model name, supplied with separate package.

| Category | Product | Etc | ZUUW36GA0 [UU36WR U30] ZUUW42GA0 [UU42WR U30] ZUUW48GA0 [UU48WR U30] ZUUW60GA0 [UU60WR U30] | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|---|
| Central Controller | Simple | PQCSZ250S0 | AC EZ | O |
| | AC Ez Touch | PACEZA000 | AC Ez Touch | O |
| | AC Smart | PACS4B000 | AC Smart IV | O |
| | ACP | PACP4B000 | ACP IV | O |
| | AC Manager ²⁾ | PACM4B000 | AC Manager IV | O |
| | | PACM5A000 | AC Manager 5 | O |
| Gateway | ODU PI485 | PMNFP14A1 | PI 485 Gateway | O |
| | | PMNFP14A0 | PI 485 Gateway | O |
| | | PV485N000 | PI 485 Gateway | X |
| | Cool/Heat Selector | PRDSBM | Dry Contact For ODU (Cool/Heat) | X |
| | Low Ambient Kit | AQLA | - | X |
| | | PRVC2 | From MULTI V 4 series | X |
| | AHU Comm. Kit | PRCKA1 | Return / Room Air Control | X |
| | | PUDCA0 | Supply Air Control by DDC (For SINGLE SPLIT) | X |
| | | PRDCA0 | Supply Air Control by DDC (For MULTI V) | X |
| | BACnet | PQNFB17C0 | ACP BACnet | O |
| | Lonworks | PLNWKB000 | ACP Lonworks | O |
| Lon Translator | PLNTRN000 | Lon Translator | X | |
| ETC | PDI | PPWRDB000 | PDI Standard | O |
| | | PQNUD1S40 | PDI Premium | O |
| | DO KIT | PQNFP00T0 | - | X |
| | ACS IO Module | PEXPMB000 | - | X |

Note

1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable

2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated.

3. ²⁾ : ACP IV , AC Smart IV, ACP BACnet or ACP Lonworks is needed.

4. Compatibility of individual controller(wireless/wired remote controller) could be found with function list on Indoor Unit's PDB.

5. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product.

(<http://partner.lge.com/global> : Home> Download> Manuals)

• 3 Phase Inverter

| Category | Functions | ZUUW36LA0 [UU37WR U30], ZUUW42LA0 [UU43WR U30] ZUUW48LA0 [UU49WR U30], ZUUW60LA0 [UU61WR U30] |
|------------------|---|--|
| Reliability | Defrost / Deicing | O |
| | High pressure switch | O |
| | Low pressure switch | X |
| | Phase protection | O |
| | Restart delay (3-minutes) | O |
| | Self diagnosis | O |
| | Soft start | O |
| Convenience | Test function | O |
| | Night Silent Operation | O |
| | Wiring Error Check | O |
| | Peak Control | O |
| | Mode Lock | O |
| | Forced Cooling Operation (Outdoor Unit) | O |
| | SLC(Smart Load Control) | O |
| Network function | Network solution(LGAP) | O |
| ODU Dry Contact | | O (On/off control) |

Note

1. O : Applied, X : Not applied

Accessory model name : Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the corresponding model name, supplied with separate package.

| Category | Product | Etc | ZUUW36LA0 [UU37WR U30] ZUUW42LA0 [UU43WR U30] ZUUW48LA0 [UU49WR U30] ZUUW60LA0 [UU61WR U30] | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|---|
| Central Controller | Simple | PQCSZ250S0 | AC EZ | O |
| | AC Ez Touch | PACEZA000 | AC Ez Touch | O |
| | AC Smart | PACS4B000 | AC Smart IV | O |
| | ACP | PACP4B000 | ACP IV | O |
| | AC Manager ²⁾ | PACM4B000 | AC Manager IV | O |
| | | PACM5A000 | AC Manager 5 | O |
| Gateway | ODU PI485 | PMNFP14A1 | PI 485 Gateway | O |
| | | PMNFP14A0 | PI 485 Gateway | O |
| | | PV485N000 | PI 485 Gateway | X |
| | Cool/Heat Selector | PRDSBM | Dry Contact For ODU (Cool/Heat) | O |
| | Low Ambient Kit | AQLA | - | X |
| | | PRVC2 | From MULTI V 4 series | X |
| | AHU Comm. Kit | PRCKA1 | Return / Room Air Control | X |
| | | PUDCA0 | Supply Air Control by DDC (For SINGLE SPLIT) | X |
| | | PRDCA0 | Supply Air Control by DDC (For MULTI V) | X |
| | BACnet | PQNFB17C0 | ACP BACnet | O |
| | Lonworks | PLNWKB000 | ACP Lonworks | O |
| Lon Translator | PLNTRN000 | Lon Translator | X | |
| ETC | PDI | PPWRDB000 | PDI Standard | O |
| | | PQNUD1S40 | PDI Premium | O |
| | DO KIT | PQNFP00T0 | - | X |
| | ACS IO Module | PEXPMB000 | - | X |

Note

1. O: Possible, X: Impossible, - : Not applicable

2. * : Some advanced functions controlled by individual controller cannot be operated.

3. ²⁾ : ACP IV , AC Smart IV, ACP BACnet or ACP Lonworks is needed.

4. Compatibility of individual controller(wireless/wired remote controller) could be found with function list on Indoor Unit's PDB.

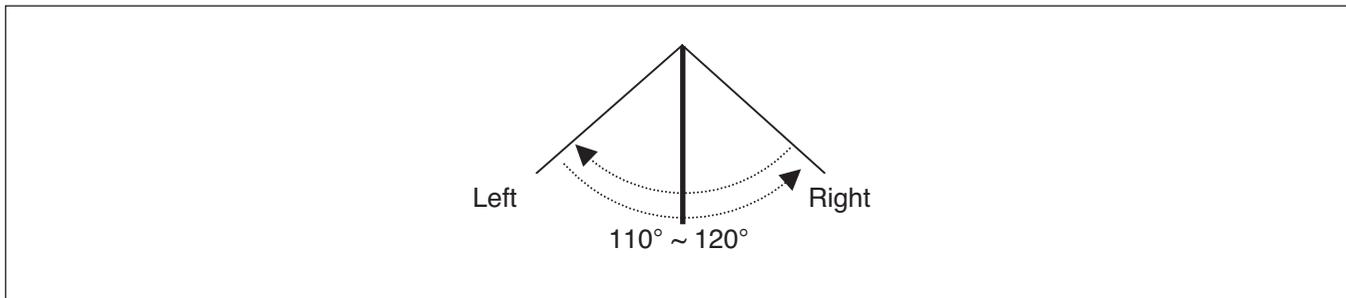
5. If you need more detail, please refer to the BECON PDB or the manual of product.

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2. Air flow

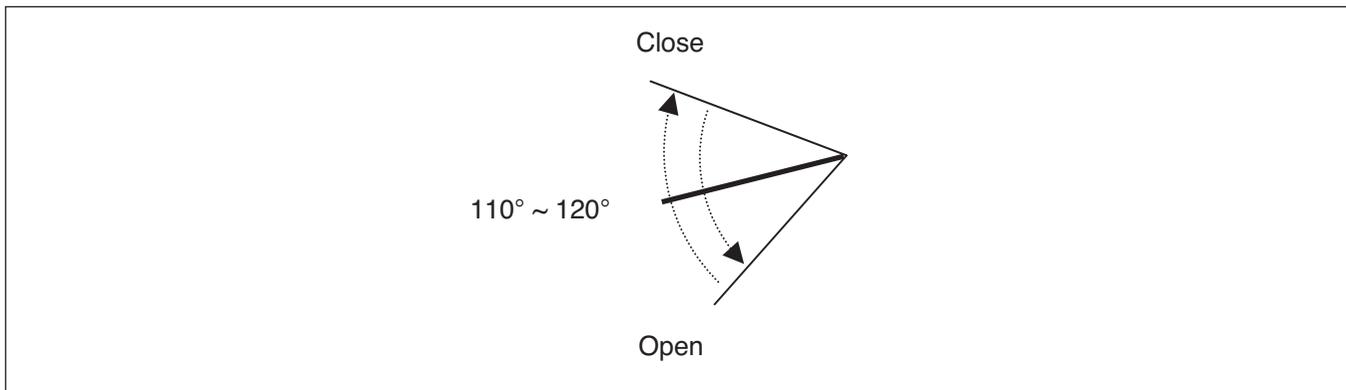
2.1 Auto swing (left & right)

- By the horizontal airflow direction control key input, the left/right louver automatically operates with the auto swing or it is fixed to the desired direction.



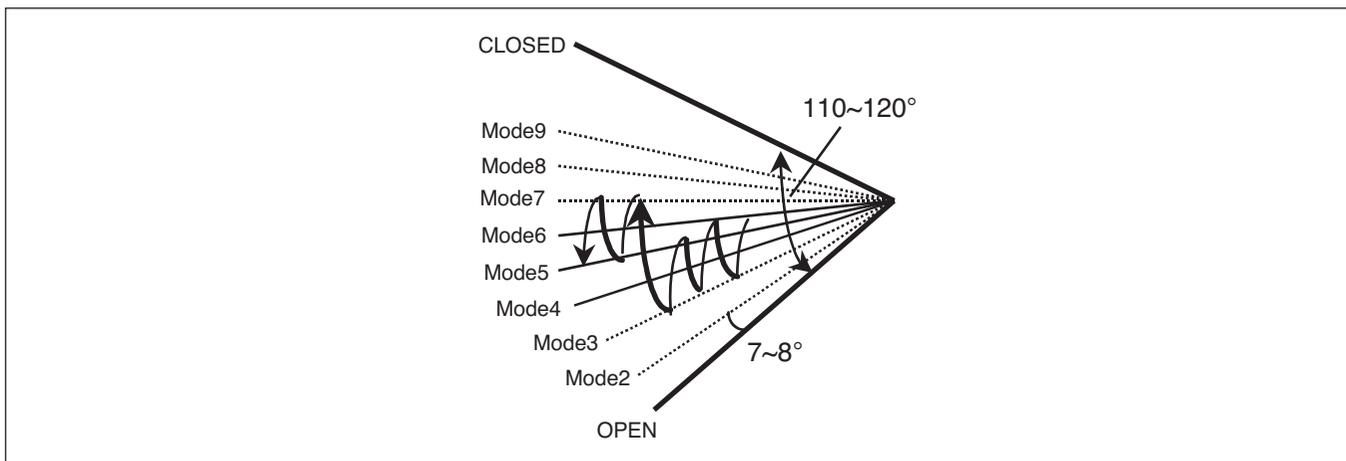
2.2 Auto swing (up & down)

- By the auto swing key input, the upper/lower vane automatically operates with the auto swing or it is fixed to the desired direction.



2.3 Chaos swing (up/down)

- By the Chaos swing key input, the upper/lower vane automatically operates with the chaos swing or it is fixed to the desired direction.



NOTE: Some Models are different by swing width and swing pattern.

2.4 Air flow step

- Indoor fan motor control have 6 steps.
- Air volume is controlled "SH", "H", "Med", "Low" by remote controller.
- "LL" step is selected automatically in Hot start operation.

| Step | Discription |
|------|---------------------------|
| LL | Very low, In heating mode |
| L | Low |
| M | Med |
| H | High |
| SH | Super high |
| Auto | Chaos wind |

2.5 Chaos wind (auto wind)

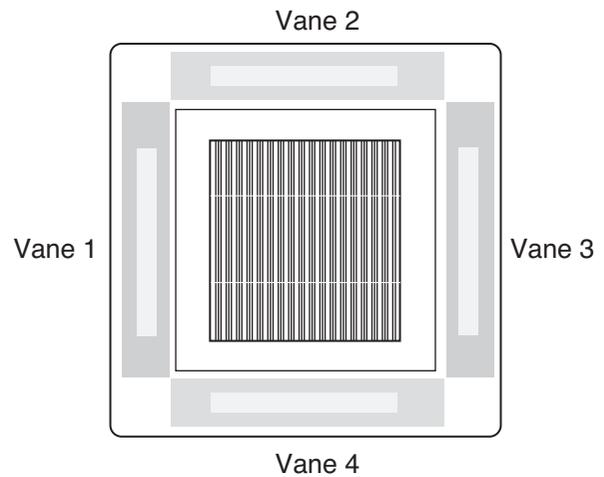
- When "Auto" step selected and then operated, the high, medium, or low speed of the airflow mode is operated for 2~15 sec. randomly by the Chaos Simulation

2.6 Jet Cool Mode Operation

- While in heating mode or Fuzzy operation, the Jet Cool key cannot be input. When it is input while in the other mode operation (cooling, dehumidification, ventilation), the Jet Cool mode is operated.
- In the Jet Cool mode, the indoor fan is operated at super-high speed for 30 min. at cooling mode operation.
- In the Jet Cool mode operation, the room temperature is controlled to the setting temperature, 18°C.
- When the sleep timer mode is input while in the Jet Cool mode operation, the Jet Cool mode has the priority.
- When the Jet Cool key is input, the upper/lower vanes are reset to those of the initial cooling mode and then operated in order that the air outflow could reach further.

2.7 Swirl wind Swing

- It is the function for comfort cooling/heating operation.
- The diagonal two louvers are opened the more larger than the other louvers. After one minute, it is opposite.



- Comparison of Air Flow Types

4-Open (conventional)

| | | | | | |
|--------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Vane 1 | Open | | | | |
| Vane 2 | Open | | | | |
| Vane 3 | Open | | | | |
| Vane 4 | Open | | | | |
| | Time | | | | |

Swirl Swing (New)

| | | | | | |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Vane 1 | Close | Open | Close | Open | Close |
| Vane 2 | Open | Close | Open | Close | Open |
| Vane 3 | Close | Open | Close | Open | Close |
| Vane 4 | Open | Close | Open | Close | Open |
| | Time | | | | |

[Note]

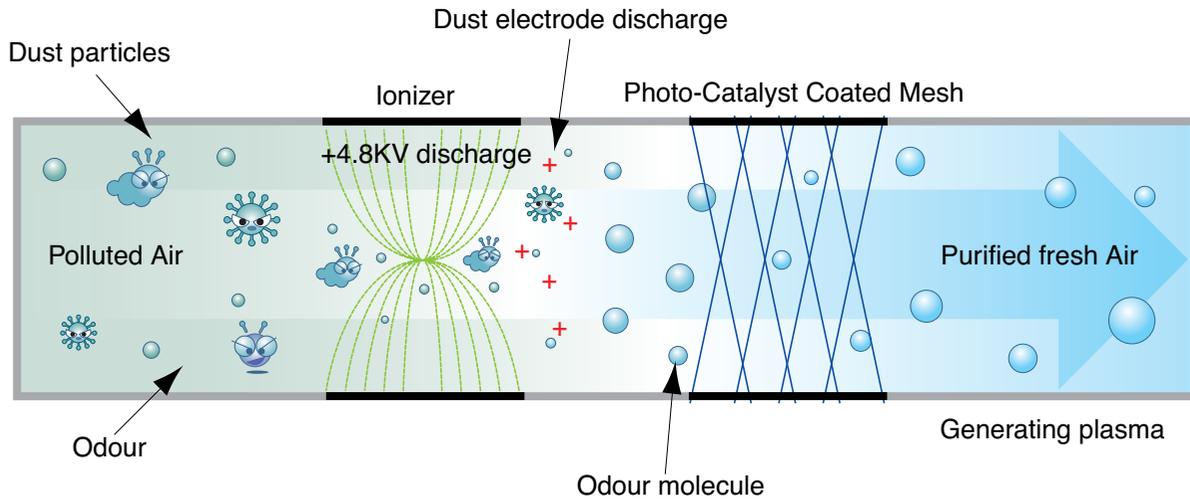
• O: Applied, • X: Not applied

Accessory mode Vane 3: Installed at field, ordered and purchased separately by the customer depending on model name. Vane 3 is supplied with separate package.

3. Air purifying

3.1 PLASMA Air Purifying System

The PLASMA Air Purifying System not only removes microscopic contaminants and dust, but also removes house mites, pollen, and pet fur to help prevent allergic diseases like asthma. This filter that can be used over and over again by simply washing with water.



4. Installation Functions

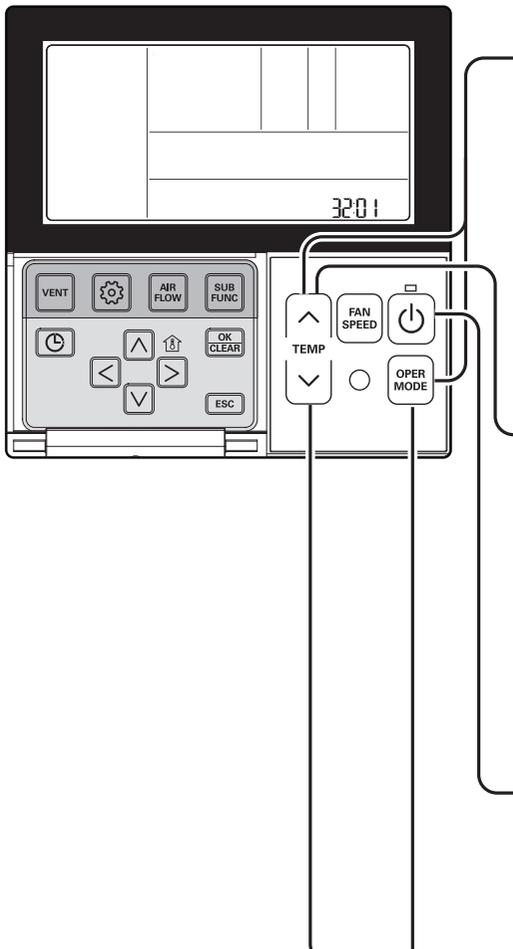
4.1 E.S.P. (External Static Pressure) Setting

Installer Setting - Static Pressure Step Setting

This function is applied to only duct type. Setting this in other cases will cause malfunction.

This function is only available on some products.

This is the function that static pressure of the product is divided in 11 steps for setting.



- 1** When pressing the  button and  button simultaneously for more than 3 seconds, the system will be entered into the installer setting mode.

 - After entering into the installer setting mode, select the static pressure step setting code value by pressing the  button.

* Static pressure step setting code value : 32
- 2** Select the desired setting value with the temperature up() , down() button.

32:01

↓ ↓

Function Code Existing condition

00: use static pressure (code 06) set value
01~ 11: static pressure step (code 32) set value
- 3** When pressing  button, currently established static pressure value will be set up.
- 4** When pressing the  button and  button simultaneously for more than 3 seconds after the setting has been completed, the setting mode will be released.

 - If there isn't any button input for more than 25 seconds, the installer setting mode will also be released.

- Static Pressure (Code 06) setting will not be used if Static Pressure Step (Code 32) setting is being used.
- For the static pressure value for each step, refer to the next page Table. 1

Ceiling Concealed Duct – Low static

Table 1

| Model | Step | CMM | Static Pressure [mmAq (Pa)] | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|-----|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | 0(0) | 1(10) | 2(20) | 3(29) | 4(39) | 5(49) |
| | | | Setting Value | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 |
| CL09R.N20 CL12R.N20 | LOW | 7 | 78 | 82 | 87 | 93 | 100 | 107 |
| | MID | 8.5 | 87 | 91 | 94 | 100 | 108 | 116 |
| | HIGH | 10 | 96 | 100 | 103 | 109 | 117 | 125 |

| Model | Step | CMM | Static Pressure [mmAq (Pa)] | | | | | |
|-----------|------|------|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | 0(0) | 1(10) | 2(20) | 3(29) | 4(39) | 5(49) |
| | | | Setting Value | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 |
| CL18R.N20 | LOW | 10 | 96 | 100 | 103 | 109 | 117 | 125 |
| | MID | 12.5 | 109 | 113 | 117 | 123 | 130 | 137 |
| | HIGH | 15 | 120 | 124 | 129 | 134 | 141 | 147 |

| Model | Step | CMM | Static Pressure [mmAq (Pa)] | | | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | 0(0) | 1(10) | 2(20) | 3(29) | 4(39) | 5(49) |
| | | | Setting Value | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 |
| CL24R.N30 | LOW | 12 | 89 | 95 | 102 | 106 | 120 | 130 |
| | MID | 16 | 102 | 108 | 115 | 125 | 131 | 139 |
| | HIGH | 20 | 125 | 131 | 136 | 141 | 144 | 147 |

- The above table shows the correlation between the air rates and E.S.P.
- Be sure to set the value referring table 1. Unexpected set value will cause mal-function.
- Table 1 is based at 230V. According to the fluctuation of voltage, air flow rate varies.

Ceiling Concealed Duct – Mid static

Table 2

| Model | Step | CMM | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|------|---------------------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | 2(20) | 2.5(25) | 3(29) | 4(39) | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | 12(118) | 13(127) | 14(137) | 15(147) |
| | | | Setting Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 | 32:07 | 32:08 | 32:09 | 32:10 | 32:11 |
| CM18R.N10 | LOW | 13 | 73 | 74 | 77 | 88 | 93 | 103 | 111 | 117 | 120 | 125 | 128 |
| | MID | 14.5 | 76 | 77 | 85 | 91 | 97 | 107 | 114 | 121 | 125 | 128 | 131 |
| | HIGH | 16.5 | 85 | 87 | 90 | 94 | 103 | 110 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 131 | 134 |
| CM24R.N10 | LOW | 14.5 | 76 | 77 | 85 | 89 | 97 | 107 | 114 | 121 | 125 | 128 | 131 |
| | MID | 16.5 | 85 | 87 | 90 | 94 | 103 | 110 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 131 | 134 |
| | HIGH | 18 | 90 | 92 | 95 | 99 | 108 | 115 | 122 | 129 | 132 | 135 | 138 |

| Model | Step | CMM | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | 4(39) | 5(49) | 6(59) | 7(69) | 8(78) | 9(88) | 10(98) | 11(108) | 12(118) | 13(127) | 15(147) |
| | | | Setting Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 | 32:07 | 32:08 | 32:09 | 32:10 | 32:11 |
| UM36R.N20 | LOW | 24 | 88 | 91 | 95 | 100 | 101 | 108 | 113 | 115 | 118 | 121 | 128 |
| | MID | 28 | 93 | 97 | 101 | 105 | 108 | 115 | 118 | 120 | 124 | 127 | 134 |
| | HIGH | 32 | 101 | 105 | 109 | 112 | 115 | 119 | 123 | 126 | 128 | 133 | 137 |

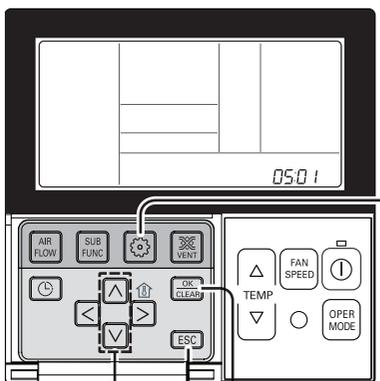
| Model | Step | CMM | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | 5(49) | 6(59) | 7(69) | 8(78) | 9(88) | 10(98) | 11(108) | 12(118) | 13(127) | 14(137) | 15(147) |
| | | | Setting Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 | 32:07 | 32:08 | 32:09 | 32:10 | 32:11 |
| UM42R.N20 | LOW | 28 | 100 | 103 | 106 | 110 | 114 | 118 | 121 | 125 | 128 | 133 | 136 |
| | MID | 33 | 108 | 111 | 114 | 118 | 122 | 125 | 128 | 131 | 134 | 138 | 141 |
| | HIGH | 38 | 117 | 120 | 124 | 127 | 130 | 133 | 135 | 138 | 141 | 144 | 147 |

| Model | Step | CMM | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | 4(39) | 5(49) | 6(59) | 7(69) | 8(78) | 9(88) | 10(98) | 11(108) | 12(118) | 13(127) | 15(147) |
| | | | Setting Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 | 32:07 | 32:08 | 32:09 | 32:10 | 32:11 |
| UM48R.N30 | LOW | 28 | 74 | 76 | 79 | 82 | 89 | 92 | 94 | 96 | 99 | 102 | 107 |
| | MID | 34 | 78 | 82 | 84 | 89 | 94 | 96 | 98 | 101 | 104 | 106 | 112 |
| | HIGH | 40 | 83 | 89 | 92 | 94 | 98 | 100 | 102 | 105 | 108 | 110 | 116 |

| Model | Step | CMM | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | 4(39) | 5(49) | 6(59) | 7(69) | 8(78) | 9(88) | 10(98) | 11(108) | 12(118) | 13(127) | 15(147) |
| | | | Setting Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 | 32:07 | 32:08 | 32:09 | 32:10 | 32:11 |
| UM60R.N30 | LOW | 40 | 82 | 89 | 92 | 94 | 98 | 100 | 102 | 105 | 108 | 110 | 113 |
| | MID | 45 | 90 | 92 | 96 | 98 | 102 | 104 | 106 | 109 | 112 | 114 | 117 |
| | HIGH | 50 | 94 | 97 | 100 | 104 | 107 | 109 | 112 | 115 | 117 | 119 | 121 |

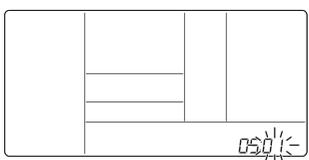
4.2 High Ceiling operation

This function is to adjust FAN Airflow rate according to ceiling height (For ceiling type product)



- 1** If pressing  button long for 3 seconds, it enters into remote controller setter setup mode.
- If pressing once shortly, it enters into user setup mode.
Please press more than 3 seconds for sure.


- 2** If moving to ceiling height selection menu by pressing  button, it indicates as picture below.


- 3** Select ceiling height value by pressing   button. (01:Low, 02:Medium, 03:High, 04:Very high)



Function Code Thermistor setting


- 4** Press  button to save.



- 5** Pressing  button will exit settings mode.
* After setup, it automatically gets out of setup mode if there is no button input for 25 seconds.
* When exiting without pressing set button, the manipulated value is not reflected.

<Ceiling Height Selection Table>

| Ceiling Height Level | | Description |
|----------------------|-----------|---|
| 01 | Low | Decrease the indoor airflow rate 1 step from standard level |
| 02 | Medium | Set the indoor airflow rate as standard level |
| 03 | High | Increase indoor airflow rate 1 step from standard level |
| 04 | Very high | Increase indoor airflow rate 2 steps from standard level |

- Ceiling height setting is available only for some products.
- Ceiling height of 'Very high' function may not exist depending on the indoor unit.
- Refer to the product manual for more details.

5. Reliability

5.1 Hot start

- When heating is started, the indoor fan is stopped or very slow to prevent the cold air carry out
- When the temp. of heat exchanger reach 30°C(model by model), indoor fan is started.

5.2 Self-diagnosis Function

- The air conditioner installed can self-diagnosed its error status and then transmits the result to the central control. Therefore, a rapid countermeasure against failure of the air conditioner allows easy management and increases the usage life of air conditioner.
- Refer to trouble shooting guide.

5.3 Soft dry operation

- When the dehumidification operation input by the remote control is received, the intake air temperature is detected and the setting temp is automatically set according to the intake air temperature.

| Intake air Temp. | Setting Temp. |
|--|---|
| $26^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{intake air temp.}$ | 25°C |
| $24^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{intake air temp.} < 26^{\circ}\text{C}$ | intake air temp. -1°C |
| $22^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{intake air temp.} < 24^{\circ}\text{C}$ | intake air temp. -0.5°C |
| $18^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{intake air temp.} < 22^{\circ}\text{C}$ | intake air temp. |
| intake air temp. $< 18^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 18°C |

- While compressor off, the indoor fan repeats low airflow speed and stop.
- While the intake air temp is between compressor on temp. and compressor off temp., 10-min dehumidification operation and 4-min compressor off repeat.

Compressor ON Temp. → Setting Temp+0.5°C

Compressor OFF Temp. → Setting Temp-0.5°C

- In 10-min dehumidification operation, the indoor fan operates with the low airflow speed.

6. Convenience Functions & Controls

6.1 Cooling & heating Operations

6.1.1 Cooling Mode

- Operating frequency of compressor depends on the load condition, like the difference between the room temp. and the set temp., frequency restrictions.
- If the compressor operates at some frequency, the operating frequency of compressor cannot be changed within 30 seconds. (not emergency conditions)
- Compressor turned off when
 - intake air temperature is in between $\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ of the setting temp. limit for three minutes continuously.
 - intake air temperature reaches below 1.0°C of the temperature of setting temp..
- Compressors three minutes time delay.
 - After compressor off, the compressor can restart minimum 3 minutes later.

6.1.2 Heating Mode

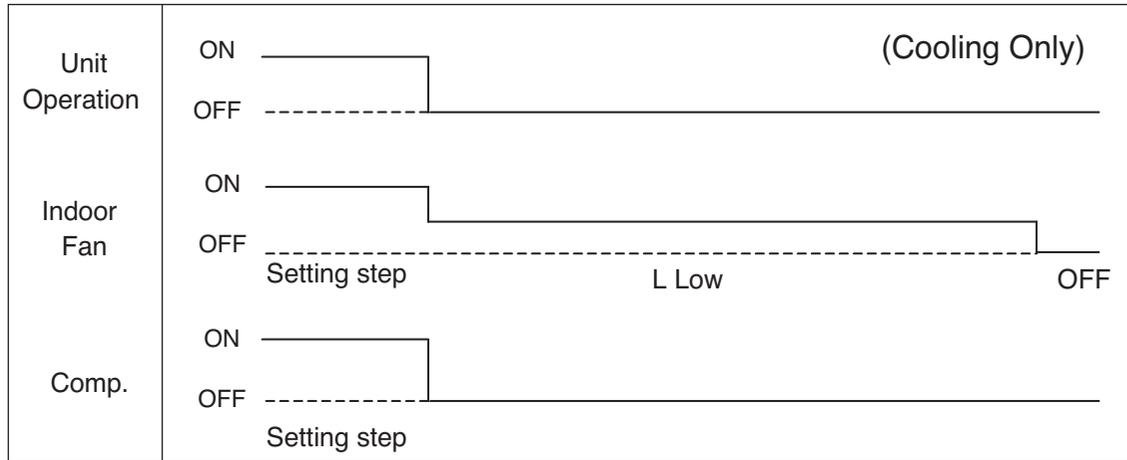
- Operating frequency of compressor depend on the load condition, The difference between the room temp. and set temp., frequency restrictions.
- If compressor operates at some frequency, the operating frequency of compressor cannot be changed within 30 seconds.
- Condition of compressor turned off
 - When intake air temperature reaches $+4^{\circ}\text{C}$ above the setting temperature.
- Condition of compressor turned on
 - When intake air temperature reaches $+2^{\circ}\text{C}$ above the setting temperature.
- * Condition of indoor fan turned off
 - While in compressor on : indoor pipe temp. $< 20^{\circ}\text{C}$
 - While in compressor off : indoor pipe temp. $< 30^{\circ}\text{C}$
- While in defrost control, between the indoor and outdoor fans are turned off.
- Compressor 2minutes delay
 - After compressor off, the compressor can restart minimum 2 minutes later.

NOTE: Some Models are different by temperature of thermo ON/OFF.

| CST/Duct/CVT type indoor unit matched with Universal Outdoor unit | CST/ Duct/CVT type indoor unit matched with Single Outdoor unit/Multi Outdoor unit/Multi V Outdoor unit |
|---|---|
| Thermo ON : $+2^{\circ}\text{C}$ above setting temp. Thermo OFF : $+4^{\circ}\text{C}$ above setting temp. | Thermo ON : Setting temp. Thermo OFF : $+3^{\circ}\text{C}$ above setting temp. |

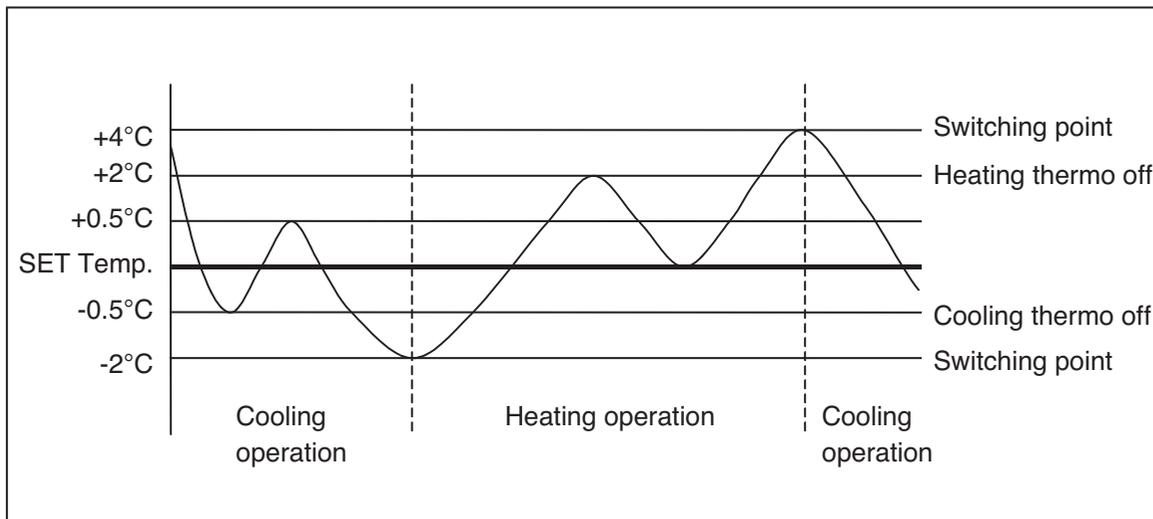
6.2 Auto cleaning operation

- Function used to perform Self Cleaning to prevent the Unit from Fungus and bad odor.
- Used after the Cooling Operation before turning the unit off, clean the Evaporator and keep it dry for the next operation.
- The function is easy to operate as it is accessed through the Remote controller.



6.3 Auto changeover operation

- The air conditioner changes the operation mode automatically to keep indoor temperature.
- When room temperature vary over $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ with respect to setting temperature, air conditioner keeps the room temperature in $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ with respect to setting temperature by auto change mode.

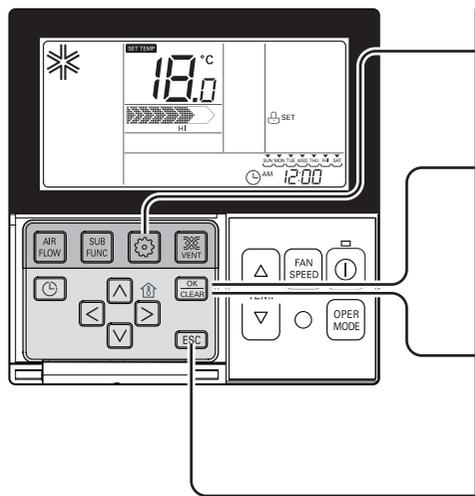


6.4 Auto restart Operation

- Whenever there is electricity failure to the unit, and after resumption of the power, unit will start in the same mode prior to the power failure. Memorized condition are on / off condition, operating mode (cooling/ heating), set temperature and fan speed. The unit will memorize the above conditions and start with same memorized condition.

6.5 Child Lock Function

It is the function to use preventing children or others from careless using.



- 1** Press  button repeatedly until the  is flashing. 
- 2** If moving to 'setup' icon area by using   button, 'setup' icon blinks, and child lock function is setup if pressing  button at that time. 
- 3** When cancelling lock function, if moving to 'cancel' icon by pressing   button and then, pressing  button, child lock function is cancelled.
- 4** Press  button to exit.
 * After setup, it automatically gets out of setup mode if there is no button input for 25 seconds.
 * When exiting without pressing set button, the manipulated value is not reflected.

6.6 Forced operation

- To operate the appliance by force in case when the remote control is lost, the forced operation selection switch is on the main unit of the appliance, and operate the appliance in the standard conditions.
- The operating condition is set according to the outdoor temp. and intake air temperature as follows.

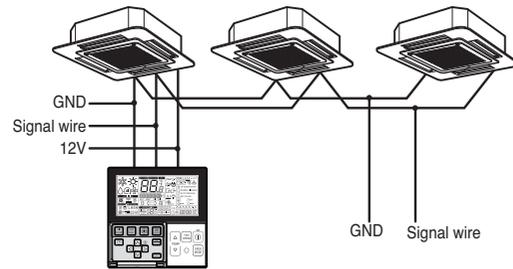
| Indoor temp. | Operating Mode | Setting temp. | Setting speed of indoor fan |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| over 24°C | Cooling | 22°C | High speed |
| 21~24°C | Healthy Dehumidification | 23°C | |
| below 21°C | Heating | 24°C | |

- The unit select the last operation mode in 3 hours.
- Operating procedures when the remote control can't be used is as follows :
 - The operation will be started if the ON/OFF button is pressed.
 - If you want to stop operation, re-press the button.

6.7 Group Control

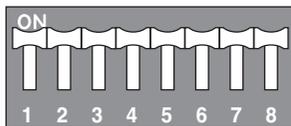
1. When installing more than 2 units of air conditioner to one wired remote controller, please connect as the right figure.

- If it is not event communication indoor unit, set the unit as slave.
- Check for event communication through the product manual.

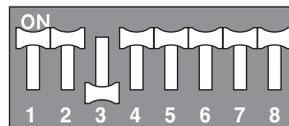


When controlling multiple indoor units with event communication function with one remote controller, you must change the master/slave setting from the indoor unit.

- Indoor units, the master/slave configuration of the product after completion of indoor unit power 'OFF' and then 'ON' the power after 1 minutes elapsed sign up.
- For ceiling type cassette and duct product group, change the switch setting of the indoor PCB.



#3 switch OFF: Master
(Factory default setting)



#3 switch ON: Slave

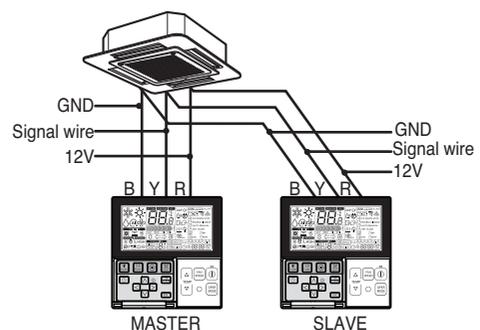
- For wall-mount type and stand type product, change the master/slave setting with the wireless remote controller. (Refer to wireless remote controller manual for detail)

※ When installing 2 remote controllers to one indoor unit with event communication function, set the master/slave of the remote controller. (Refer to remote controller master/slave selection)

When controlling the group, some functions excluding basic operation setting, fan level Min/Mid/Max, remote controller lock setting and time setting may be limited.

2. When installing more than 2 wired remote controllers to one air conditioner, please connect as the right picture.

- When installing more than 2 units of wired remote controller to one air conditioner, set one wired remote controller as master and the others all as slaves, as shown in the right picture.
- You cannot control the group as shown in the right for some products.
- Refer to the product manual for more detail.



<When simultaneously connecting 2 sets of wired remote controller>

- When controlling in groups, set the master/slaver of the remote controller. Refer to Installer setting section on how to set master/slave for more detail.

6.8 Sleep Timer Operation

- When the sleep time is reached after <1,2,3,4,5,6,7,0(cancel) hr> is input by the remote control while in appliance operation, the operation of the appliance stops.
- While the appliance is on pause, the sleep timer mode cannot be input.
- While in cooling mode operation, 30 min later since the start of the sleep timer, the setting temperature increases by 1°C. After another 30 min elapse, it increases by 1°C again.
- When the sleep timer mode is input while in cooling cycle mode, the airflow speed of the indoor fan is set to the low.
- When the sleep timer mode is input while in heating cycle mode, the airflow speed of the indoor fan is set to the medium.

6.9 Timer(On/Off)

6.9.1 On-Timer Operation

- When the set time is reached after the time is input by the remote control, the appliance starts to operate.
- The timer LED is on when the on-timer is input. It is off when the time set by the timer is reached.
- If the appliance is operating at the time set by the timer, the operation continues.
While in Fuzzy operation, the airflow speed of the indoor fan is automatically selected according to the temperature.

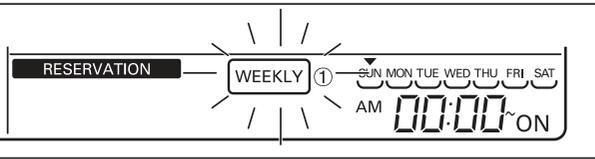
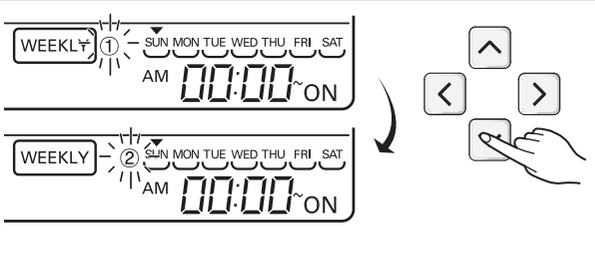
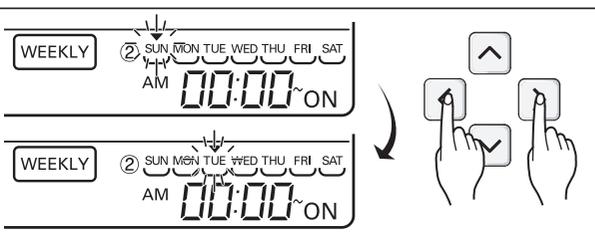
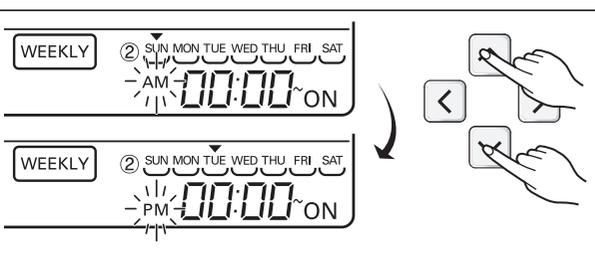
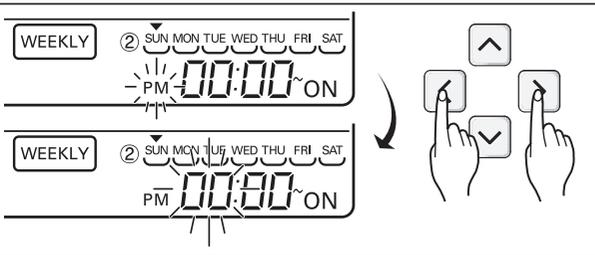
6.9.2 Off-Timer Operation

- When the set time is reached after the time is input by the remote control, the appliance stops operating.
- The timer LED is on when the off-timer is input. It is off when the time set by the timer is reached.
- If the appliance is on pause at the time set by the timer, the pause continues.

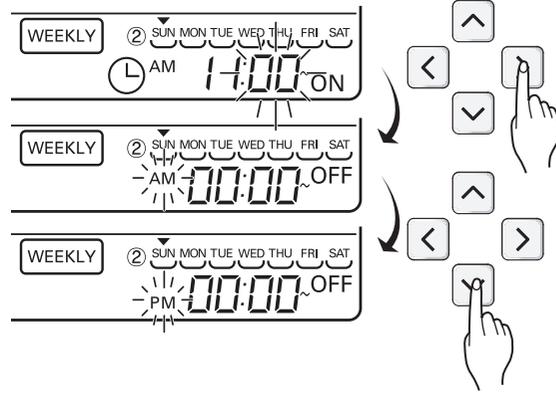
6.10 Weekly Program

You can set the daily reservation in weekly unit.

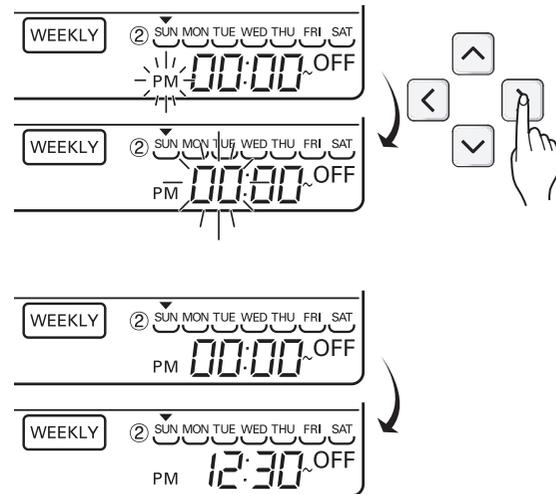
Weekly reservation keeps operating until before you cancel it once you setup

| | |
|---|--|
| <p>1 Please move to reservation setup mode by pressing reservation button. * You can setup two weekly reservations for one day, and up to fourteen reservations for a week. For example, to setup (Tuesday morning 11:30 turned on ~ afternoon 12:30 turned off), you setup in order below.</p> | |
| <p>2 Please move to 'weekly' by repeatedly pressing reservation button. 'Weekly' blinks at this time.</p> |  |
| <p>3 Please select weekly reservation or weekly reservation i by using   button. * You can setup two reservations, weekly reservation 1 and weekly reservation 2, for a day.</p> |  |
| <p>4 Please move to 'date' setup part by using   button. If 'date' indication blinks, please setup date. You can setup date from Monday to Sunday.</p> |  |
| <p>5 Please move to 'AM/PM' setup part of turning on by using   button.</p> |  |
| <p>6 Please move to 'hour' setup part of turning on by using   button. - It is the part to setup the time at which air-conditioner is turned on.</p> |  |
| <p>7 Please change time by using   button. - You can setup hour 0~12.</p> | |
| <p>8 Please move to 'minute' setup part of turning on by using  button.</p> | |
| <p>9 If 'minute' indication blinks, please setup 'minute' by using   button</p> | |

- 10** Please move to 'AM/PM' setup part of turning off by using  button.
 - AM/PM setup is identical with turning on time setup.



- 11** Please move to 'hour' setup part of turning off by using Right button.
 - It is the part to reserve the time at which air-conditioner is turned off.
 - If 'hour' indication blinks, please setup 'hour'.

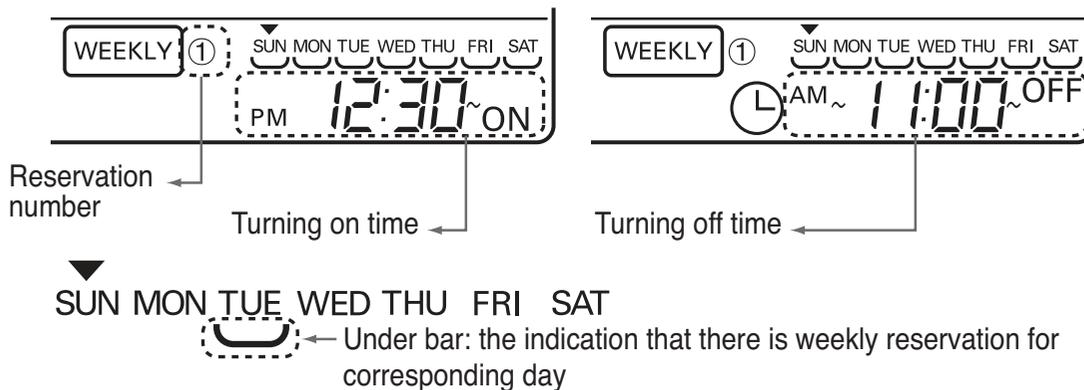


* Please setup 'hour' and 'minute' identically with the method to setup turning on time.

- 12** If finishing weekly reservation setup, please press setup/cancellation button. Weekly reservation setup for the day that you set is finished.

- 13** If you setup with the method identical with above by selecting the day that you'd like to setup, it operates weekly reservation.
 If you setup both turning on reservation time and turning off reservation time identically, it doesn't operate reservation drive.

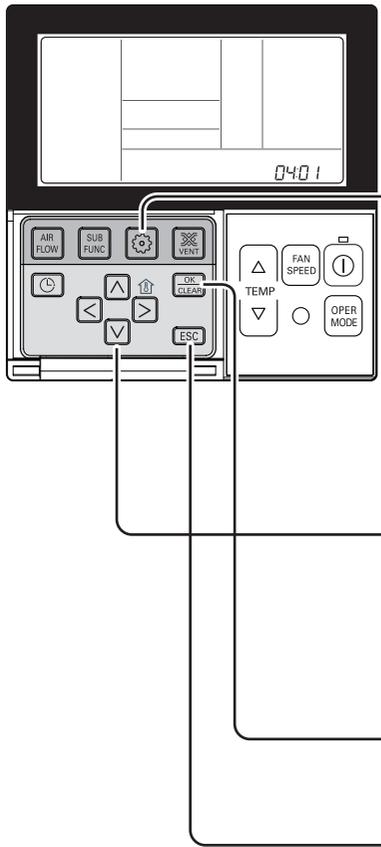
Weekly reservation explanation



* Indoor unit is turned on to desired temperature if it is configured using up/down button during preset of weekly operation time.
 (Temperature selection range : 18°C~30°C)
 - When desired temperature is not set, it is turned on automatically with desired temperature of previous operation.

6.11 Two Thermistor Control

This is the function to select the temperature sensor to judge the room temperature.



1 If pressing  button long for 3 seconds, it enters into remote controller setter setup mode.
- If pressing once shortly, it enters into user setup mode.
Please press more than 3 seconds for sure.

2 If moving to room temperature perception sensor selection menu by pressing  button, it indicates as picture below.

3 Set Thermistor value by pressing   button. (01: Remote Controller, 02: Indoor, 03: 2TH)

4 Press  button to save.

5 Pressing  button will exit settings mode.
* After setup, it automatically gets out of setup mode if there is no button input for 25 seconds.
* When exiting without pressing set button, the manipulated value is not reflected.

<Thermistor Table>

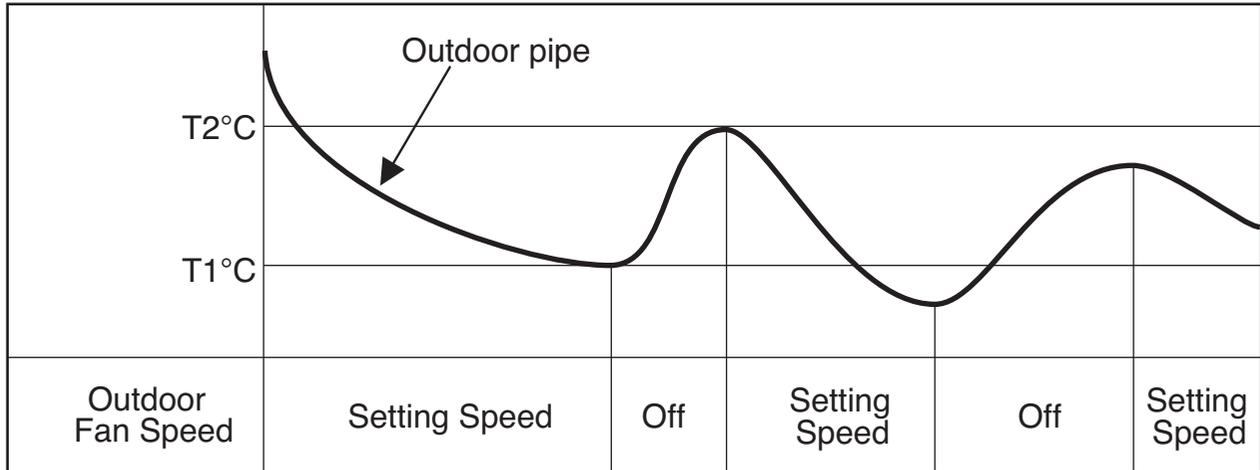
| Temperature sensor selection | | Function |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| 01 | Remote controller | Operation in remote controller temperature sensor |
| 02 | Indoor unit | Operation in indoor unit temperature sensor |
| 03 | 2TH | Cooling Operation of higher temperature by comparing indoor unit's and wired remote controller's temperature. (There are products that operate at a lower temperature.) |
| | | Heating Operation of lower temperature by comparing indoor unit's and wired remote controller's temperature. |

* The function of 2TH has different operation characteristics according to the product.

7. Special Function & KIT

7.1 Low Ambient control

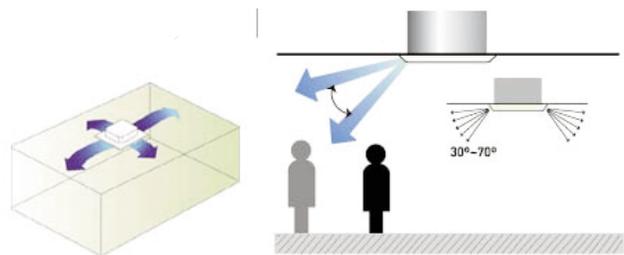
- This Function is for cooling operating in outdoor low temperature .
- If outdoor temperature drops below certain temperature, liquid back is prevented by reducing outdoor fan speed.
- It can prevent frosting of evaporator and keep cooling operation



7.2 Space control

Vanes angle can be controlled by pair, considering its installation environment.

- For example direct drafts can be annoying, leading to discomfort and reduced productivity vane control helps to eliminate this problem.
- Easily controlled by wired remote control.
- Air Flow can be controlled easily regarding any space environment.



Part 3 Basic Control

| | |
|---|----|
| 1. Normal operation..... | 55 |
| 2 Compressor control | 55 |
| 3. EEV(Electronic Expansion Valve) control | 55 |

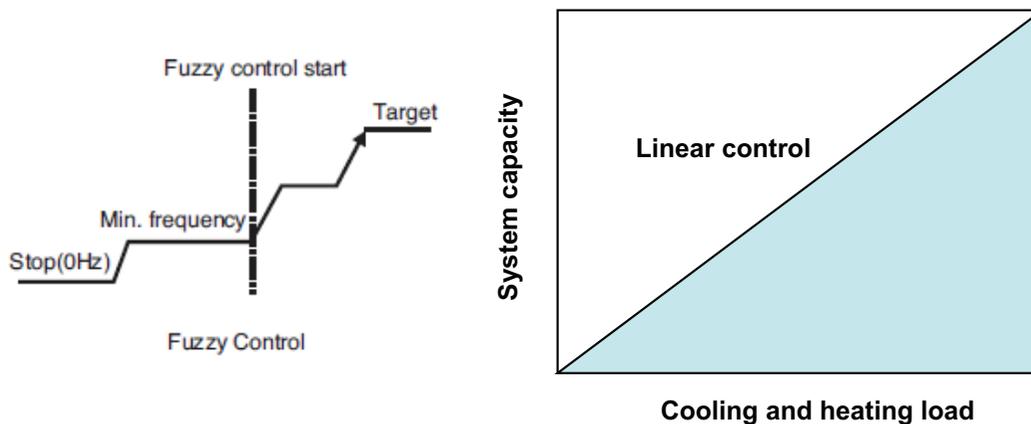
1. Normal operation

Basic principle is to control the rpm of the motor by changing the working frequency of the compressor. Three phase voltage is supplied to the motor and the time for which the voltage will supplied is controlled by IPM (intelligent power module). Switching speed of IPM defines the variable frequency input to the motor.

| Actuator | Cooling operation | Heating operation | Stop state |
|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Compressor | Fuzzy control | Fuzzy control | Stop |
| Fan | Fuzzy control | Fuzzy control | Stop |
| EEV | Super heating fuzzy control | Discharge Temp. Control | Min. Pulse |

2. Compressor control

Fuzzy control : Maintain evaporating temperature (Te) to be constant on cooling mode and constant condensing temperature (Tc) on heating mode by fuzzy control to ensure the stable system performance.



Inverter linear control as cooling and heating load increasing

3. EEV(Electronic Expansion Valve) control

EEV operates with fuzzy control rules to keep The degree of superheat (2~3°C) or the target temperature of discharge pipe.

* Cooling mode

The degree of superheat = $T_{\text{suction}} - T_{\text{evaporator}}$

T_{suction} : temperature at suction pipe sensor(°C)

$T_{\text{evaporator}}$: evaporation temperature (°C)

* Heating mode

the target temperature of discharge pipe = $T_{\text{condenser}} + \alpha$

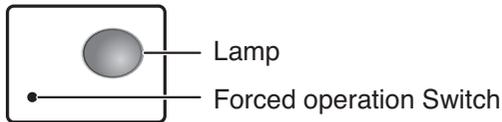
$T_{\text{condenser}}$: condenser temperature (°C)

Part 4 Troubleshooting

| | |
|--|-----------|
| 1. Self-diagnosis Function | 57 |
| 1.1 Error Indicator (Indoor)..... | 57 |
| 1.2 Error Indicator (Outdoor)..... | 58 |
| 2. Pump Down | 59 |
| 3. Evacuation | 60 |
| 4. Gas Charging | 61 |
| 5. Cycle Part | 62 |
| 6. Electronic Parts | 63 |
| 6.1 The Product doesn't operate at all | 63 |
| 6.2 The Product doesn't operate with the remote controller | 64 |
| 6.3 The Compressor/Outdoor Fan are don't operate | 65 |
| 6.4 When indoor Fan does not operate..... | 66 |
| 6.5 When the louver does not operate | 67 |
| 6.6 Troubleshooting Indoor Error | 68 |
| 6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error | 74 |

1. Self-diagnosis Function

1.1 Error Indicator (Indoor) Operation Indicator Lamp

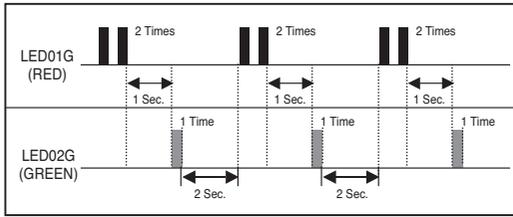


| Description | Lamp Color |
|--|-----------------|
| Cooling mode | Green |
| Heating mode | Green |
| Time to clean filter in cooling/heating Mode | Yellowish Green |
| Time to clean filter when product is not operating | Orange |
| Hot start or defrost mode before starting heating mode | Green |
| When reservation set on | Yellowish Green |

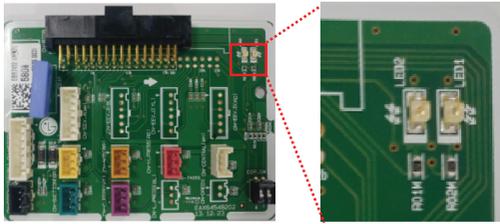
Indoor Error

| Code | Title | Cause of Error |
|------|---|---|
| 1 | Air temperature sensor of Indoor unit | Air temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short |
| 2 | Inlet pipe temperature Sensor of indoor unit | Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short |
| 3 | Communication error : wired remote controller ↔ indoor unit | Failing to receive wired remote controller signal in indoor unit PCB |
| 4 | Drain pump | Malfunction of drain pum |
| 5 | Communication error : outdoor unit ↔ indoor unit | Failing to receive outdoor unit signal in indoor unit PCB |
| 6 | Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit | Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short |
| 9 | Indoor EEPROM Error | In case when the serial number marked on EEPROM of Indoor unit is 0 or FFFF |
| 10 | Abnormal fan motor operation | Disconnecting the fan motor connector / Failure of indoor fan motor lock |

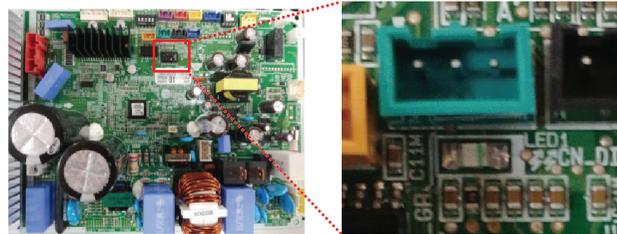
1.2 Error Indicator (Outdoor)



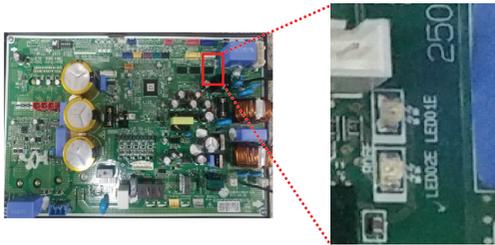
UU09/12/24/36/42/48/60WR
UU37/42/49/61WR



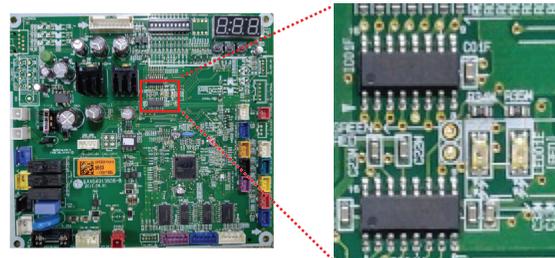
UU09/12WR



UU18WR



UU24WR



UU36/42/48/60WR
UU37/43/49/61WR

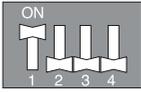
| Code | Contents | Operation State | Error Display | | | Count |
|------|---|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Cable Remote Controller | Outdoor Device | | |
| | | | | Red LED | Green LED | |
| 21 | IPM Fault Error | Stop | CH21 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 1 time | 10 time Within 1h |
| 22 | CT 2 Error (Input of Over-Current) | Stop | CH22 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 2 times | Infinite restart |
| 23 | DC Link Error (High/Low DC Voltage) | Stop | CH23 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 3 times | Infinite restart |
| 24 | Pressure Switch High/Low Pressure Fault | Stop | CH24 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 4 times | Infinite restart |
| 25 | Input Frequency Detection Failure | Stop | CH25 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 5 times | 1 time Within 1h |
| 26 | DC Comp Position Detection Error | Stop | CH26 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 6 times | 1 time Within 1h |
| 27 | PSC/PFC Over-Current Error (HW) | Stop | CH27 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 7 times | 10 time Within 1h |
| 29 | Comp Phase Over-Current Error | Stop | CH29 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 9 times | 10 time Within 1h |
| 32 | D-Pipe Overheating Error (INV Comp) | Stop | CH32 | Flashing 3 times | Flashing 2 times | Infinite restart |
| 33 | D-Pipe Overheating Error (Constant-rate Comp) | Stop | CH33 | Flashing 3 times | Flashing 3 times | Infinite restart |
| 35 | Low Pressure Error of Outdoor Unit | Stop | CH35 | Flashing 3 times | Flashing 5 times | 6 time Within 1h |
| 38 | Refrigerant Leakage Error | Stop | CH38 | Flashing 3 times | Flashing 5 times | 4 time Within 3h |
| 41 | D-Pipe Sensor Error (INV Comp) | Stop | CH41 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 1 time | 1 time Within 1h |
| 43 | High pressure Sensor Error | Stop | CH43 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 3 time | 1 time Within 1h |
| 44 | Outdoor Inlet Sensor Error | Stop | CH44 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 4 times | 1 time Within 1h |

| Code | Contents | Operation State | Error Display | | | Count |
|------|--|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Cable Remote Controller | Outdoor Device | | |
| | | | | Red LED | Green LED | |
| 45 | Cond. Pipe Sensor Error | Stop | CH45 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 5 times | 1 time Within 1h |
| 46 | Suction Pipe Sensor Error | Stop | CH46 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 6 times | 1 time Within 1h |
| 47 | D-Pipe Sensor Error (Constant-rate Comp) | Stop | CH47 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 7 times | 1 time Within 1h |
| 51 | Over-Capacity Connection Error | Stop | CH51 | Flashing 5 times | Flashing 1 time | 1 time Within 1h |
| 53 | Communication Error between Outdoor Device Indoor Device | Stop | CH53 | Flashing 5 times | Flashing 3 times | 1 time Within 1h |
| 54 | Open and Reverse Phase Error | Stop | CH54 | Flashing 5 times | Flashing 4 times | 10 time Within 1h |
| 60 | EEPROM Check Sum Error | Stop | CH60 | Flashing 6 times | - | 1 time Within 1h |
| 61 | Outdoor Device Pipe Overheating Error | Stop | CH61 | Flashing 6 times | Flashing 1 time | Infinite restart |
| 62 | Heat-sink Overheating Error | Stop | CH62 | Flashing 6 times | Flashing 2 times | Infinite restart |
| 65 | Heat-sink Sensor Error | Stop | CH65 | Flashing 6 times | Flashing 5 times | 1 time Within 1h |
| 67 | Outdoor BLDC Fan Lock Error | Stop | CH67 | Flashing 6 times | Flashing 7 times | 10 time Within 1h |
| 73 | PSC/PFC Over-Current Error (SW) | Stop | CH73 | Flashing 7 times | Flashing 3 times | 10 time Within 1h |

2. Pump Down

Setting Procedure

1) Set the Dip Switch as follow after shutting the power source down.

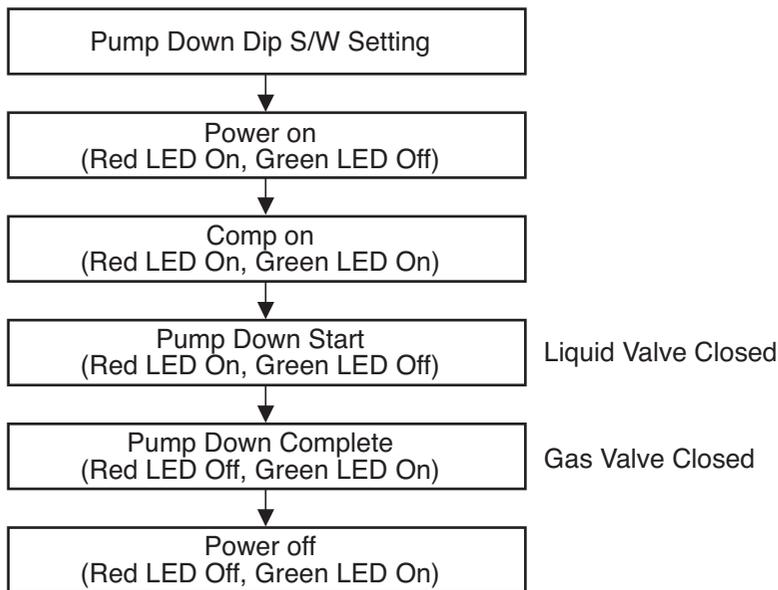


- 2) Reset the power.
- 3) Red LED and Green LED of PCB lights during work.
(The indoor unit is operated by force.)
- 4) If operation is done, Red LED will be turned off.
If operation is not done normally, Red LED will blink.
- 5) Close the Liquid valve only after green LED turned off (7 minutes from the start of the machine).
Then close the gas valve after Green LED on.

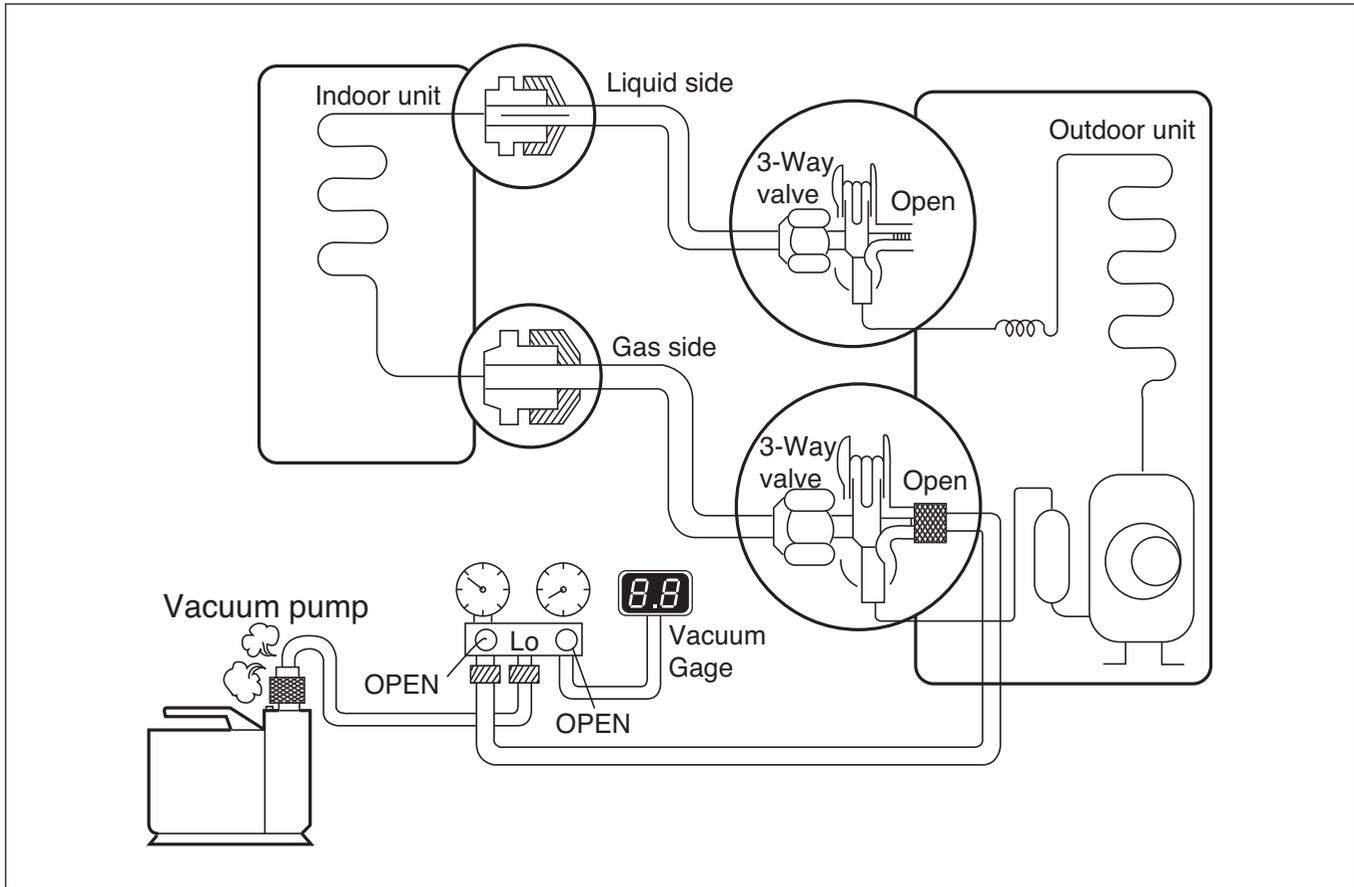


WARNING:

- When the green LED of PCB is on, compressor is going to be off because of low pressure.
- You should return the Dip Switch to operate normally after finishing the operation.
- Improper Pump down will lead to product turn off along with LED (green & red) off with in 20 minutes from the initial start.



3. Evacuation (All amount of refrigerant leaked)



• Procedure

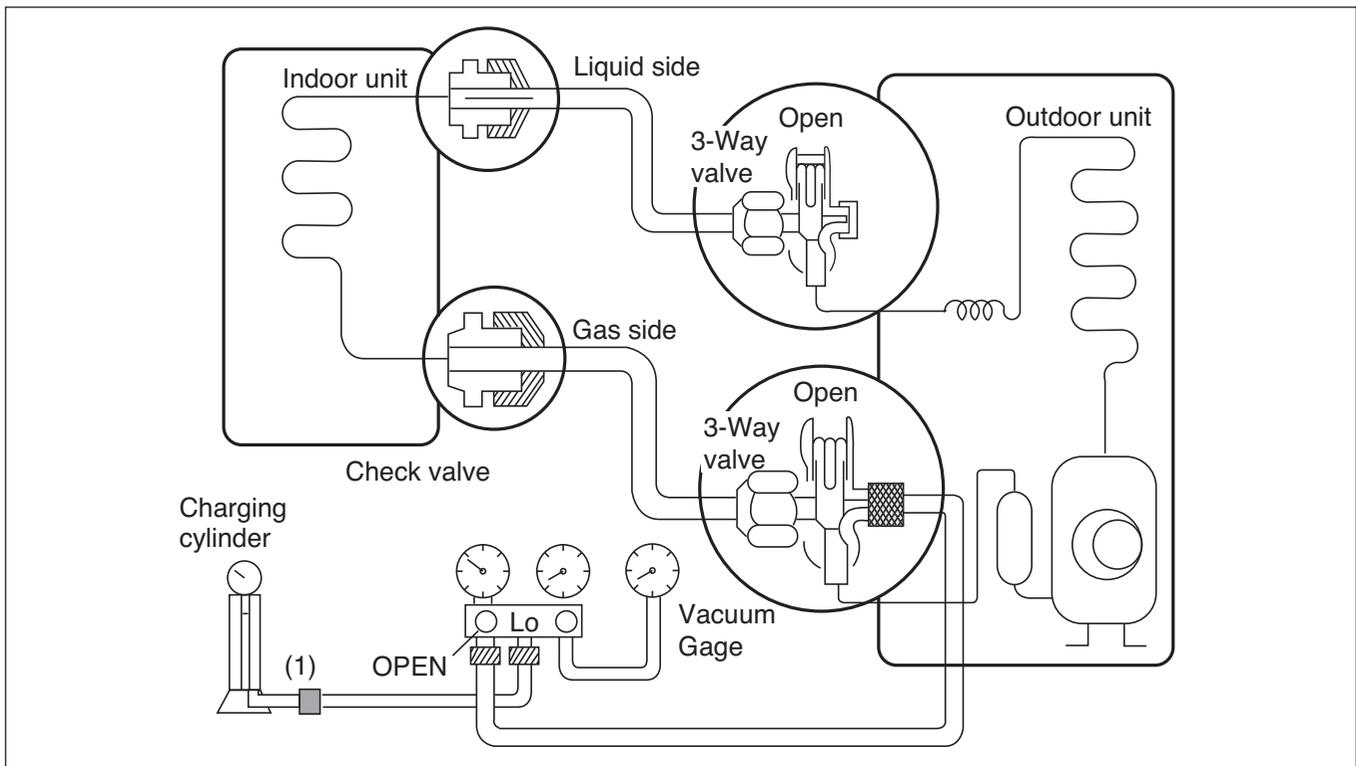
- (1) Connect the vacuum pump to the center hose of charge set center hose
- (2) Evacuation for approximately one hour.
 - Confirm that the gauge needle has moved toward 0.8Torr.
- (3) Close the valve (Lo side) on the charge set, turn off the vacuum pump, and confirm that the gauge needle does not move (approximately 5 minutes after turning off the vacuum pump).
- (4) Disconnect the charge hose from the vacuum pump.
 - Vacuum pump oil.
 - If the vacuum pump oil becomes dirty or depleted, replenish as needed.

! WARNING

Use a vacuum pump or Inert (nitrogen) gas when doing leakage test or air purge. Do not compress air or Oxygen and do not use Flammable gases. Otherwise, it may cause fire or explosion.

- Otherwise, it may cause personal injury.

4. Gas Charging (After Evacuation)



• Procedure

(1) Connect the charge hose to the charging cylinder.

- Connect the charge hose which you disconnected from the vacuum pump to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder.
- If you are using a gas cylinder, also use a scale and reverse the cylinder so that the system can be charged with liquid.

(2) Purge the air from the charge hose.

- Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set to purge the air. (Be careful of the liquid refrigerant). The procedure is the same if using a gas cylinder.

(3) Open the valve (Lo side on the charge set and charge the system with liquid refrigerant.

- If the system can not be charged with the specified amount of refrigerant, it can be charged with a little at a time (approximately 150g each time) while operating the air conditioner in the cooling cycle; however, one time is not sufficient, wait approximately 1 minute and then repeat the procedure (pumping down-pin).

This is different from previous procedures. Because you are charging with liquid refrigerant from the gas side, absolutely do not attempt to charge with larger amounts of liquid refrigerant while operating the air conditioner.

(4) Immediately disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port.

- Stopping partway will allow the gas to be discharged.
- If the system has been charged with liquid refrigerant while operating the air conditioner turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.

(5) Mount the valve stem nuts and the service port nut.

- Use torque wrench to tighten the service port nut to a torque of 1.8 kg.m.
- Be sure to check for gas leakage.

WARNING

When installing or relocation the unit, make sure that no substance other than the specified refrigerant(R410A) enter the refrigerant circuit.

- Any presence of foreign substance such as air can cause an abnormal pressure rise and may result in explosion or injury.

5. Cycle Part

Trouble analysis

1. Check temperature difference between intake and discharge air, and check for the operating current too.

| Case | Symptom | Supposed Caused |
|--------|--|---|
| Case 1 | Temp. difference : approx. 0°C Current : less than 80% of rated current | All amount of refrigerant leaked out. Check refrigeration cycle. |
| Case 2 | Temp. difference : approx. 8°C Current : less than 80% of rated current | Refrigerant leakage Clog of refrigeration cycle Defective Compressor. |
| Case 3 | Temp. difference : less than 8°C Current : over the rated current | Excessive amount of refrigerant |
| Case 4 | Temp. difference : over 8°C | Normal |

NOTICE

Temperature difference between intake and discharge air depends on room air humidity. When the room air humidity is relatively higher, temperature difference is smaller. When the room air humidity is relatively lower temperature difference is larger.

2. Check temperature and pressure of refrigeration cycle in cooling mode.

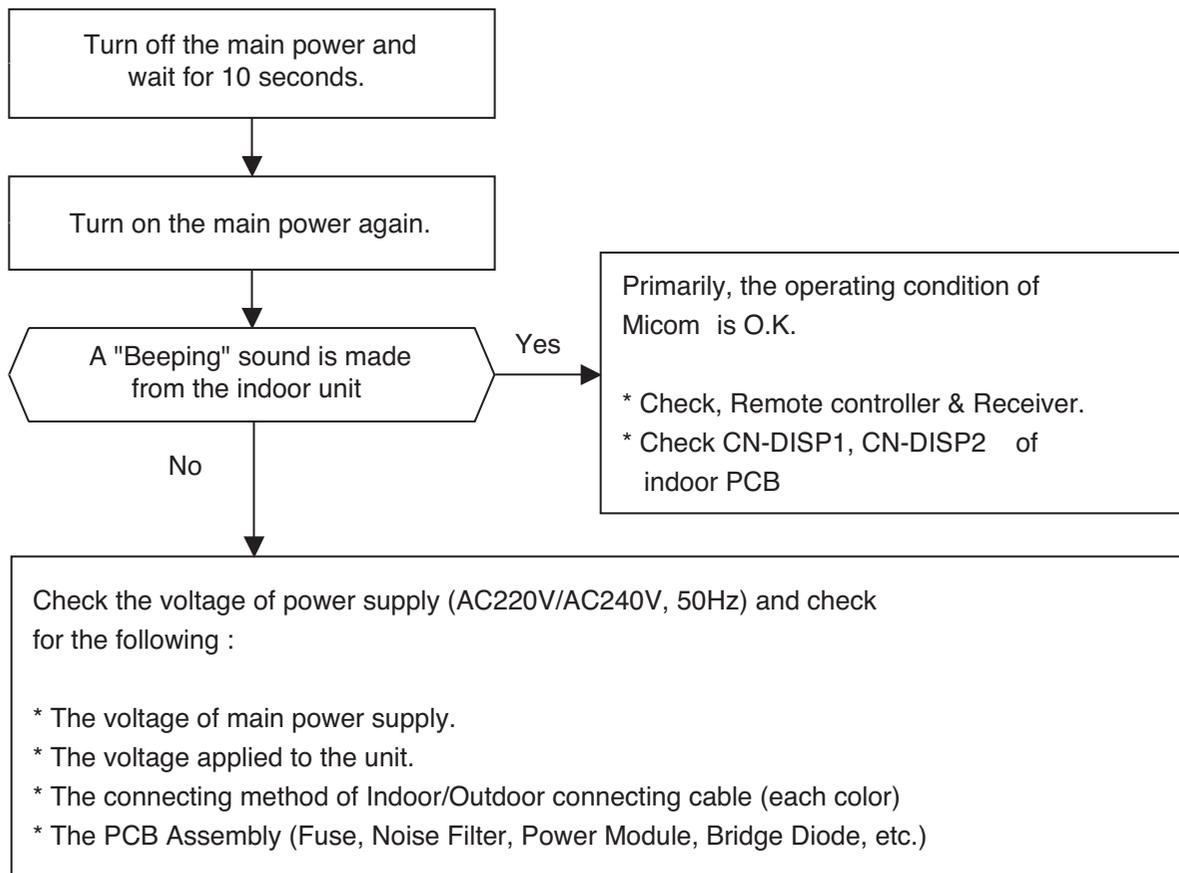
| Suction pressure (Compared with the normal value) | Temperature of Discharge Air (Compared with the normal valve) | Cause of Trouble | Description |
|---|---|---|--|
| Higher | High | Defective compressor Defective 4-way reverse valve | Current is low. |
| | Normal | Excessive amount of refrigerant | High pressure does not quickly rise at the beginning of operation. |
| Lower | Higher | Insufficient amount of refrigerant (Leakage) Clogging | Current is low. |

NOTICE

- The suction pressure is usually 7.0~8.5kg/cm²G(Cooling) at normal condition. (R32)
- The temperature can be measured by attaching the thermometer to the low pressure tubing and wrap it with putty.

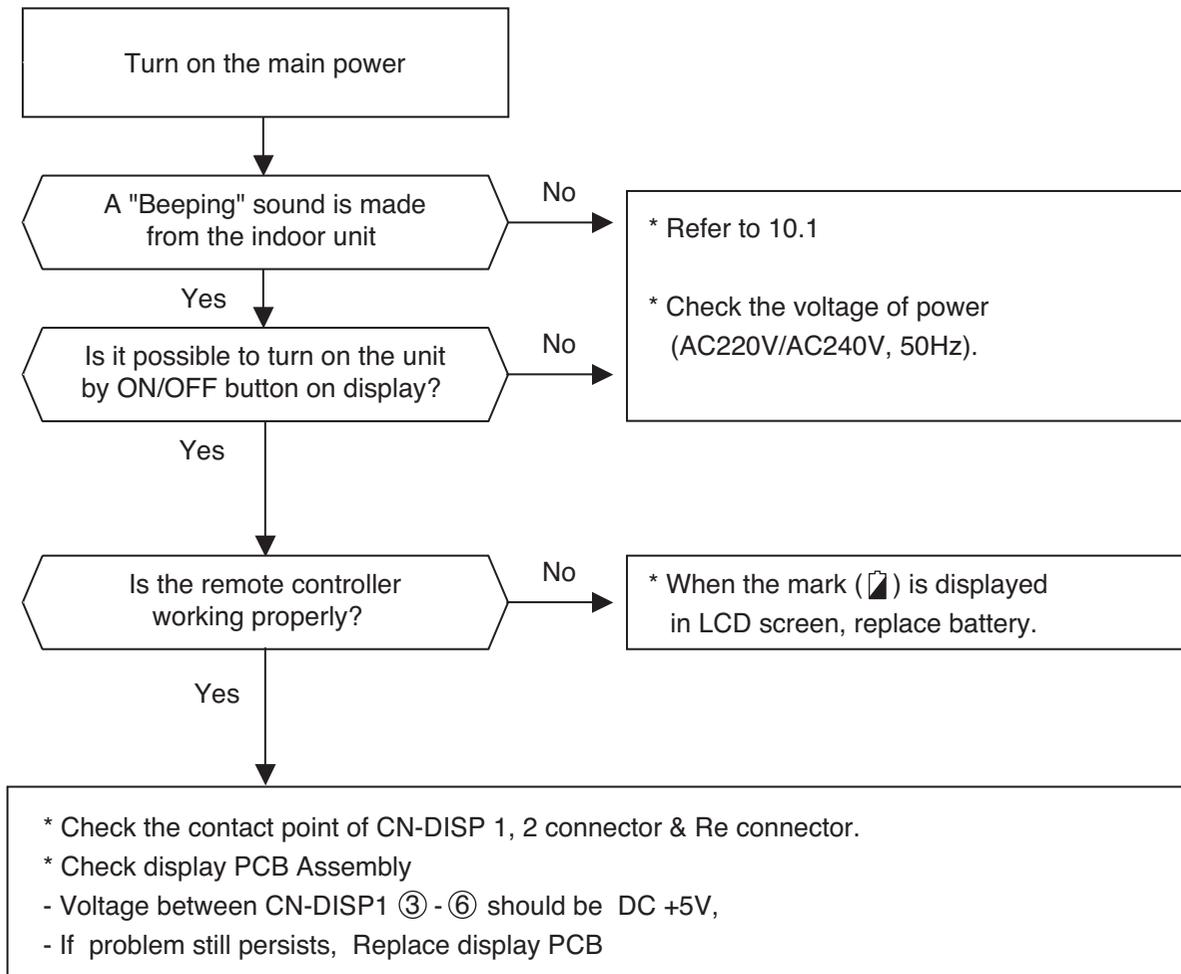
6. Electronic Parts

6.1 The Product doesn't operate at all

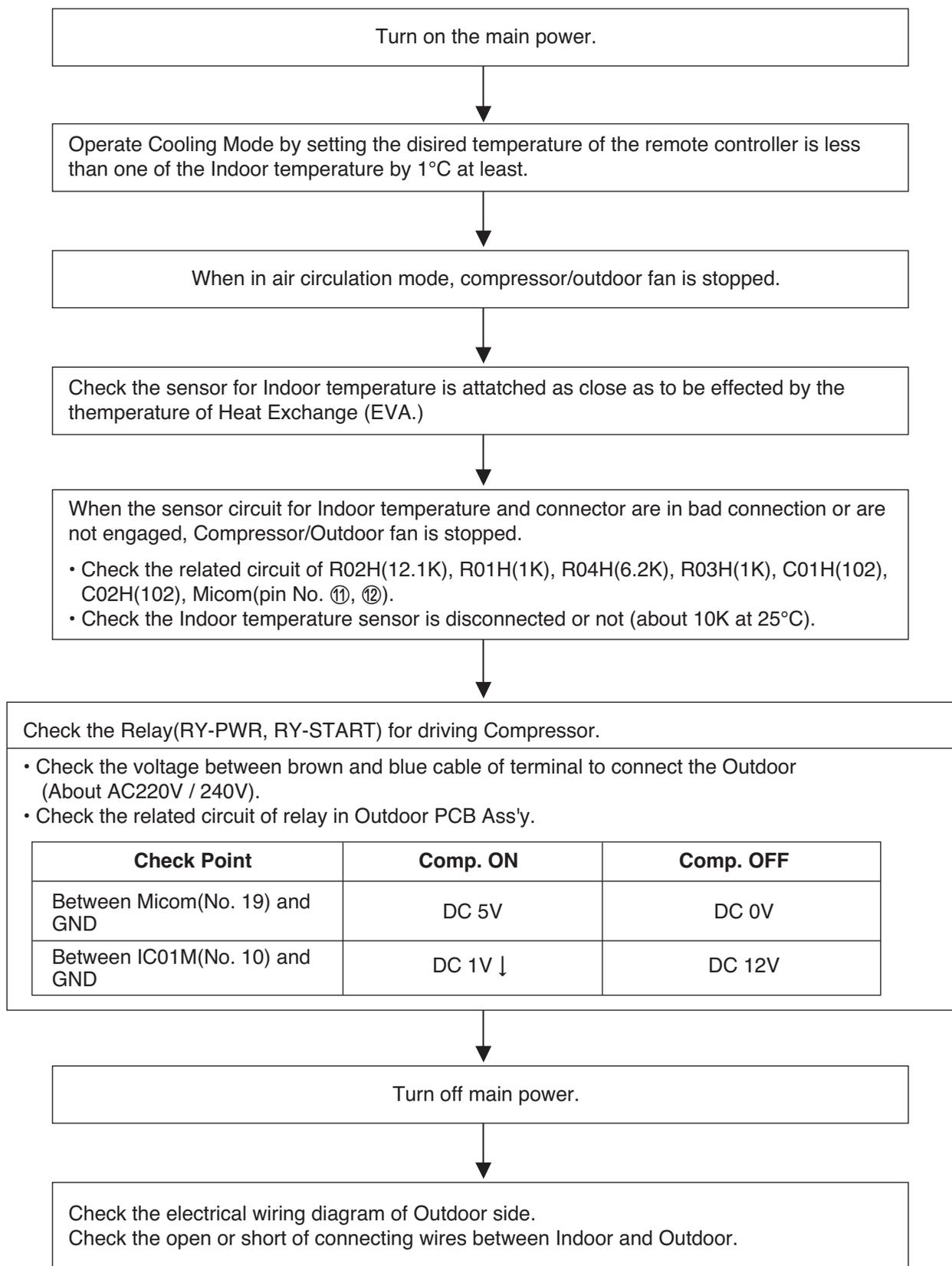


| The operation check of the Indoor PCB Assembly | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| Procedure | Specification | Remedy |
| 1) The input voltage of power module. | 1) AC230V ± 30V : Check the rated voltage | 1) Check the power outlet. |
| 2) The output voltage of power module. | 2) 12V ± 3V | 2) Replace PCB Assembly |
| 4) IC04D(7805) | 4) DC5V | 4) Replace PCB Assembly |
| 5) IC01A(KIA7036) | 5) The voltage of micom pin 19 : DC4.5V ↑ | 5) Replace PCB Assembly |

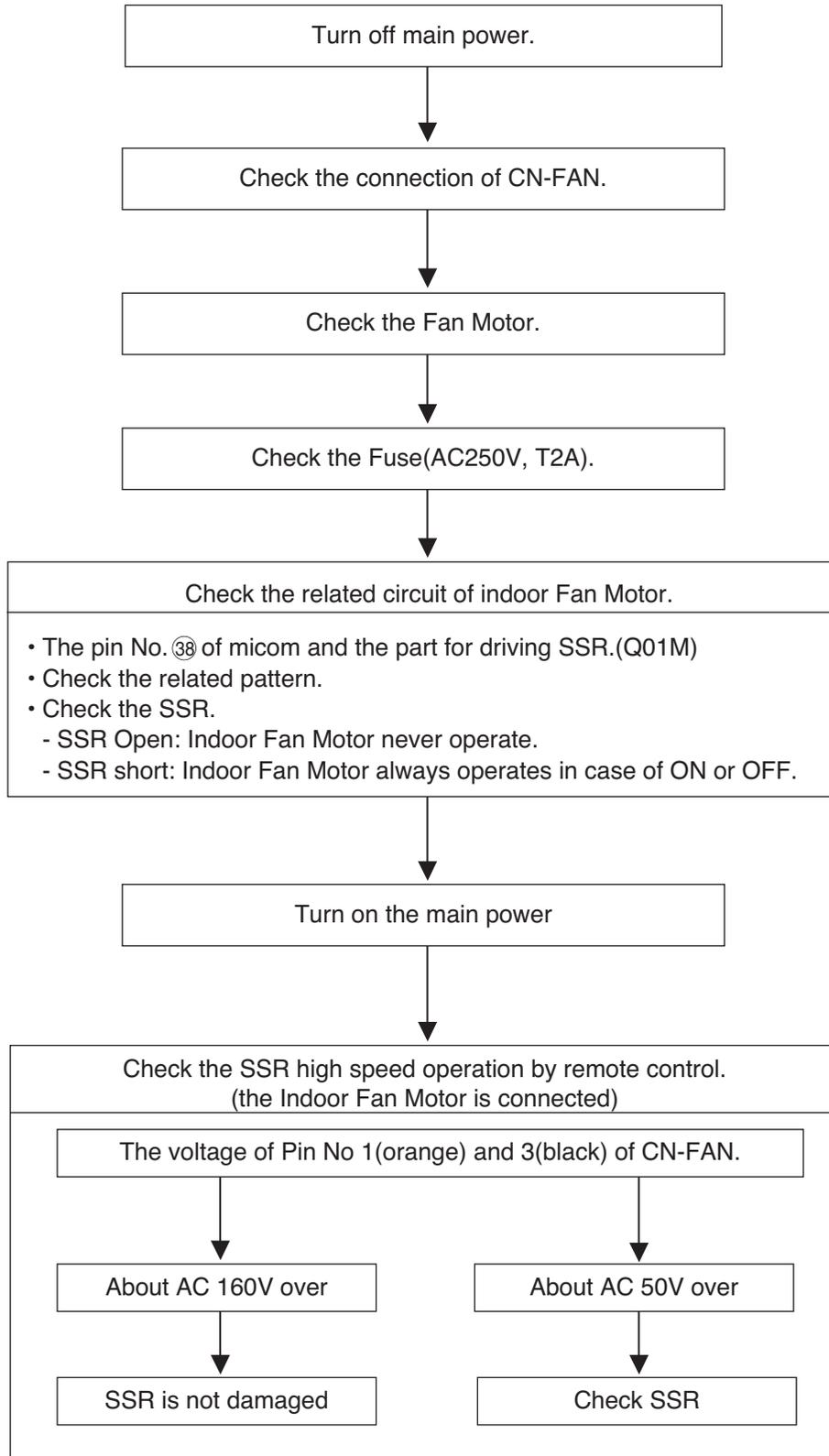
6.2 The Product doesn't operate with the remote controller



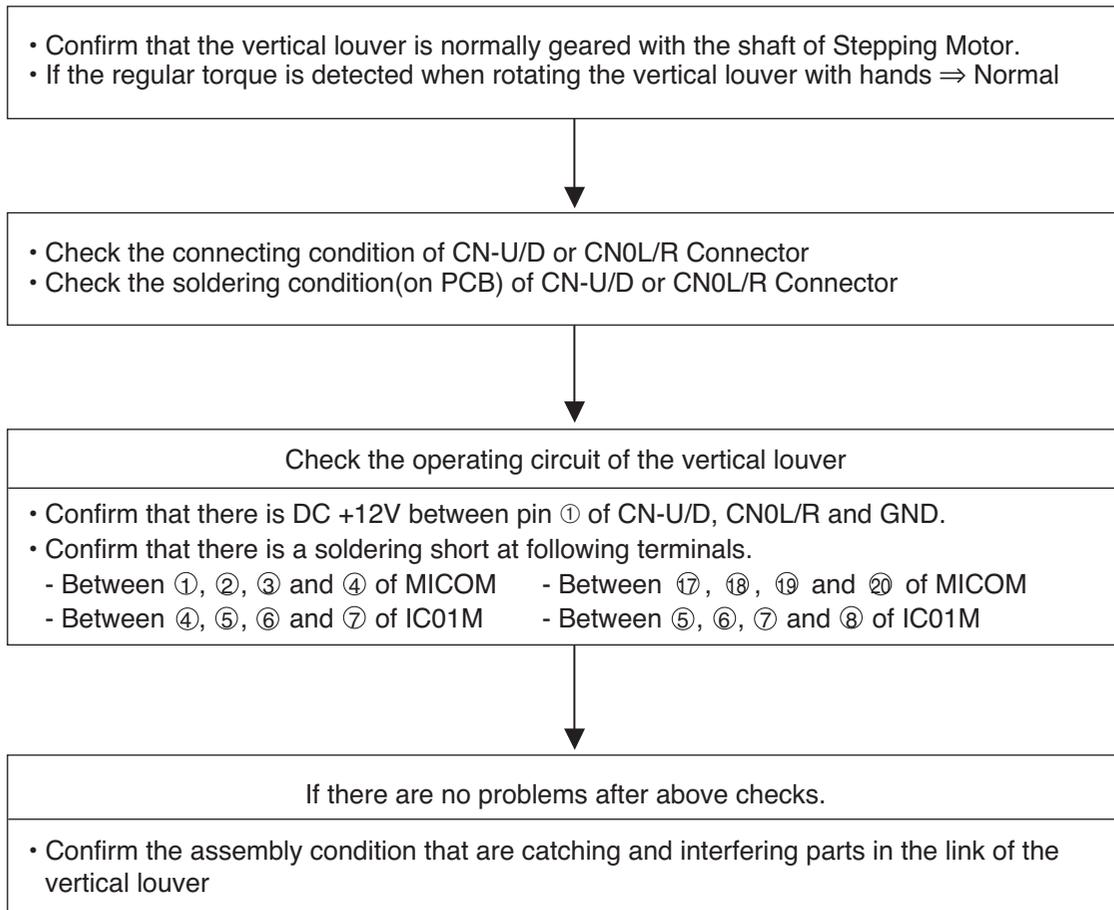
6.3 The Compressor/Outdoor Fan are don't operate



6.4 When indoor Fan does not operate.



6.5 When the louver does not operate.



6.6 Troubleshooting Indoor Error

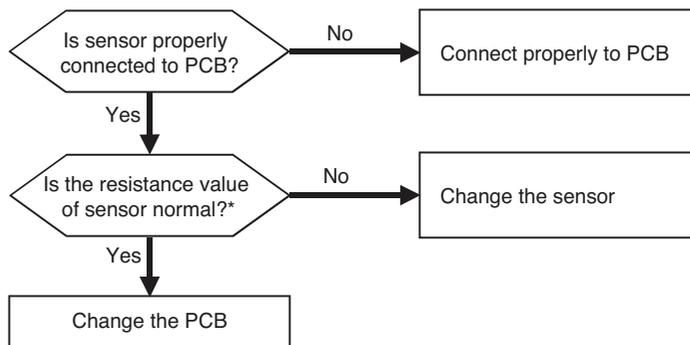
CH 01 (Indoor unit air sensor error)

CH 02 (Indoor unit pipe inlet sensor error)

CH 06 (Indoor unit pipe outlet sensor error)

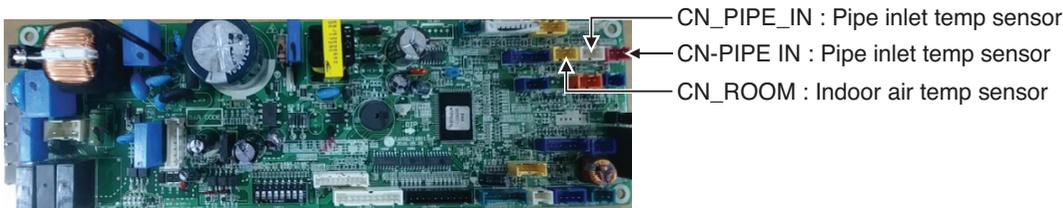
| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 01 | Indoor unit air sensor error | Indoor unit sensor is open/short | 1. Indoor unit PCB wrong connection 2. Indoor unit PCB failure 3. Sensor problem (main reason) |
| 02 | Indoor unit pipe inlet sensor error | | |
| 06 | Indoor unit pipe outlet sensor error | | |

■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart



** In case the value is more than 100kΩ (open) or less than 100Ω (short), Error occurs

Refer: Resistance value maybe change according to temperature of temp sensor,
It shows according to criteria of current temperature(±5% margin) → Normal
Air temp sensor: 10°C = 20.7kΩ : 25°C= 10kΩ : 50°C= 3.4kΩ
Pipe temp sensor: 10°C = 10kΩ : 25°C= 5kΩ : 50°C= 1.8kΩ



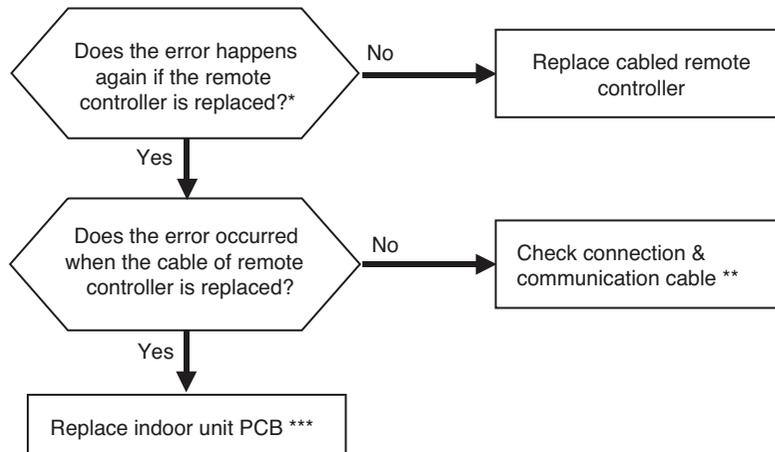
Measure the resistance of outlet pipe temp sensor.

6.6 Troubleshooting Indoor Error

CH 03 (No communication between cabled remote controller & indoor unit)

| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| 03 | No communication between cabled remote controller & indoor unit | The remote controller did not receive the signal from indoor unit during specific time | 1. Remote controller fault 2. Indoor unit PCB fault 3. Connector fault, Wrong connection 4. Communication cable problem |

■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart



* If there is no remote controller to replace : Use another unit's remote controller doing well

** Check cable : Contact failure of connected portion or extension of cable are main cause
 Check any surrounded noise (check the distance with main power cable)
 → make safe distance from the devices generate electromagnetic wave

*** After replacing indoor unit PCB, do Auto Addressing & input unit's address if connected to central controller.
 (All the indoor units connected should be turned on before Auto Addressing)



← CN_REMO : Remote controller connection

* The PCB can differ from model to model.
 Check from the right source.



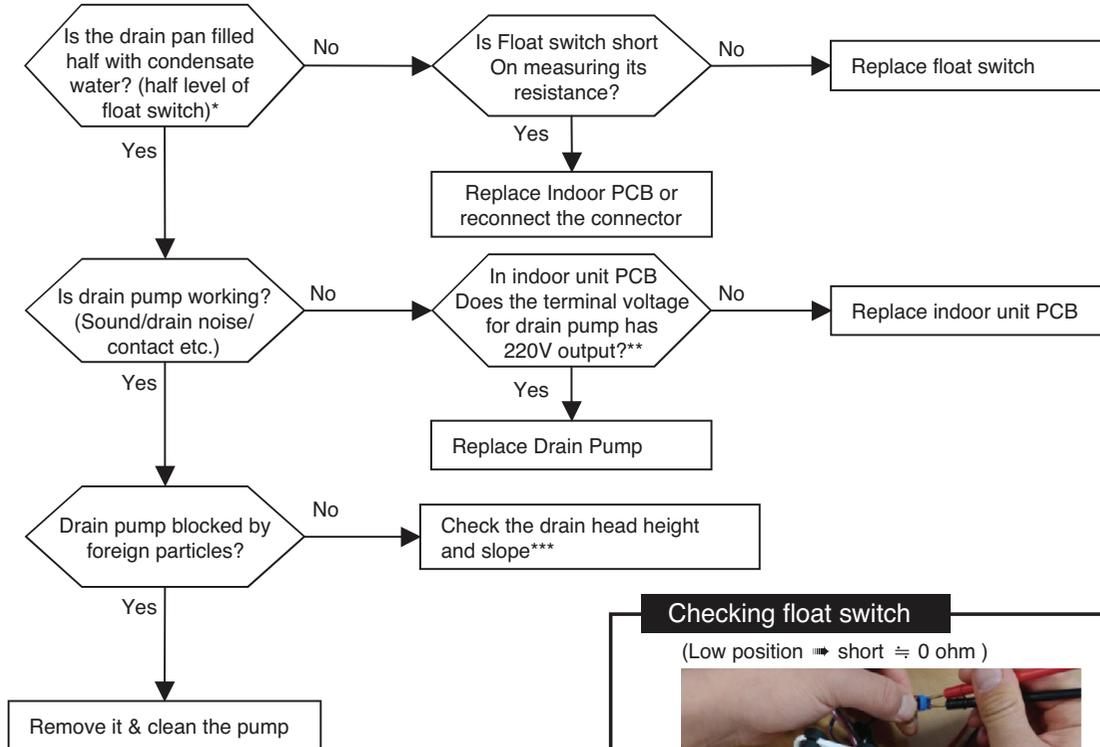
← Checking communication cable connection status

6.6 Troubleshooting Indoor Error

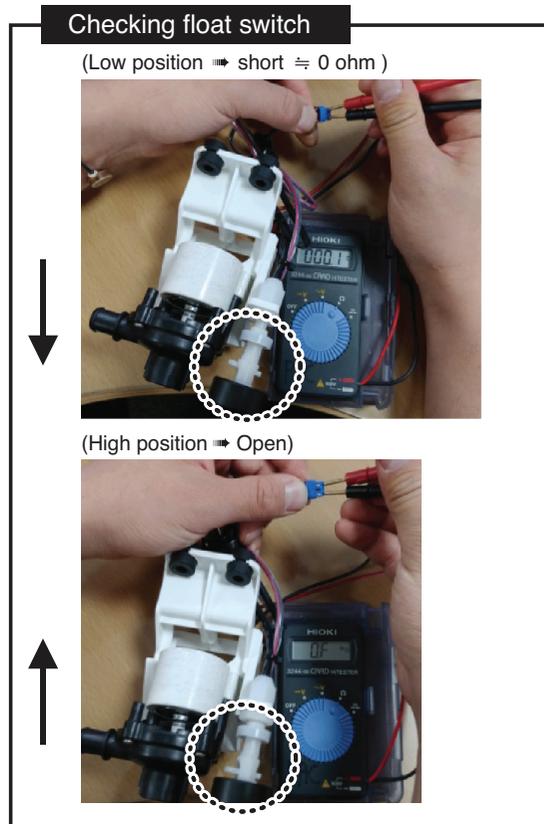
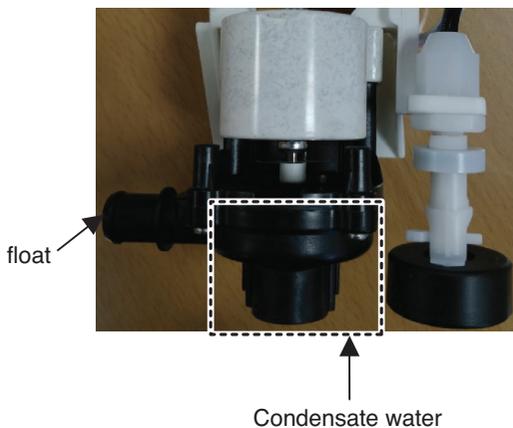
CH 04 (Drain pump error)

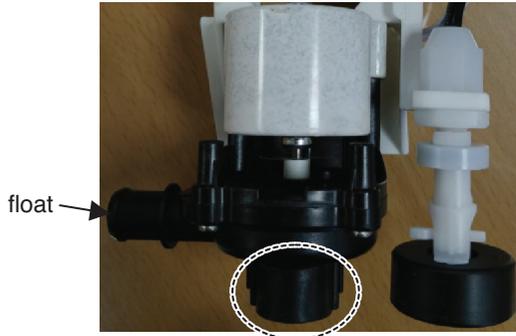
| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|------------------|---|---|
| 04 | Drain pump error | Float switch is open due to rising of condensate water level because of drain pump fault or drain pipe clogging | 1. Drain pump/float switch fault 2. Improper drain pipe location, clogging of drain pipe 3. Indoor unit PCB fault |

■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart

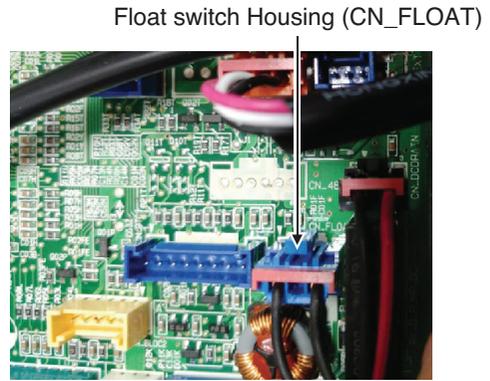


* If the float goes up higher than a half of float switch then the circuit is open & the unit is stopped automatically.



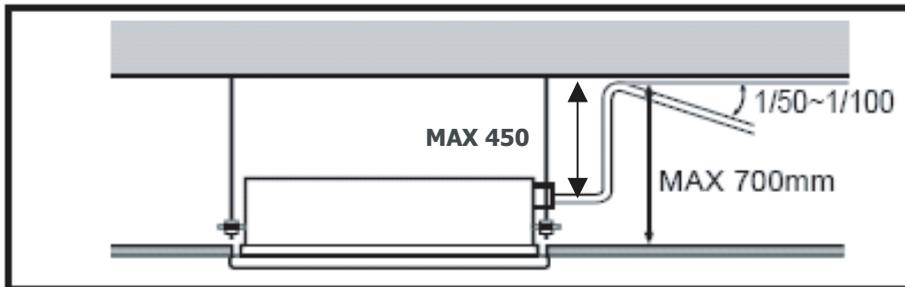


Point to check rotating



*** Indoor PCB drain pump connector
(Check input of DC 15V)
(Marked as CN_DCDRAIN)

[***] Standard of drain pipe head height / slope



6.6 Troubleshooting Indoor Error

CH 09 (Indoor unit EEPROM error)

| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|--------------------------|---|--|
| 09 | Indoor unit EEPROM error | Error occur in EEPROM of the Indoor PCB | 1. Error developed in communication between the micro-processor and the EEPROM on the surface of the PCB. 2. ERROR due to the EEPROM damage |

■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart

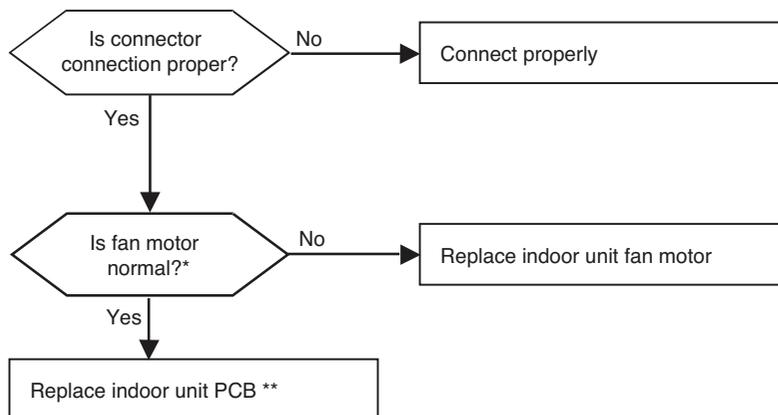
- Replace the indoor unit PCB, and then make sure to perform Auto addressing and input the address of central control

6.6 Troubleshooting Indoor Error

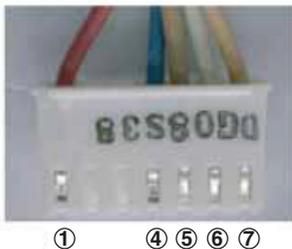
CH 10 (Indoor unit BLDC fan motor failure)

| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| 10 | Indoor unit BLDC fan motor failure | Indoor BLDC fan motor feedback signal is absent (for 50 sec.) | 1. Motor connector connection fault 2. Indoor PCB fault 3. Motor fault |

■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart



* It is normal when check hall sensor of indoor fan motor as shown below



Each terminal with the tester

| Tester | | Normal Resistance (±10%) |
|--------|---|-----------------------------|
| + | - | |
| ① | ④ | ∞ |
| ⑤ | ④ | hundreds kΩ |
| ⑥ | ④ | ∞ |
| ⑦ | ④ | hundreds kΩ |

<Checking connection state of fan motor connector>



** Replace the indoor unit PCB, and then make sure to do Auto addressing and input the address of central control

(Notice: The connection of motor connector to PCB should be done under no power supplying to PCB)

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Purpose | | Protection of the IPM parts and compressor in the PCB assembly from over-current. |
| Condition for Generation | | Generation when over-current is detected in IPM. |
| Expected Causes | Installation & Overload | Outdoor device shielding, closing of a SVC valve, under/over charging of refrigerant, infiltration of water into refrigerant, outdoor fan fault, EEV (Electric Expansion Valve) fault, fault of a temperature sensor or its connection, blocking of an indoor device filter, and bending/blocking of a pipe. |
| | Compressor | Open/Short of the coil in the compressor, insulation breaking between the coil in the compressor and the pipe or panel, damage of compressor with abrasion, and compressor connection fault. |
| | PCB Assembly | IPM part fault, fault-signal detection circuit fault, compressor current detection circuit fault, and DC link detection circuit fault. |
| | Others | Improper power input, IPM connection fault, and insufficient distance between heat sink and control panel. |

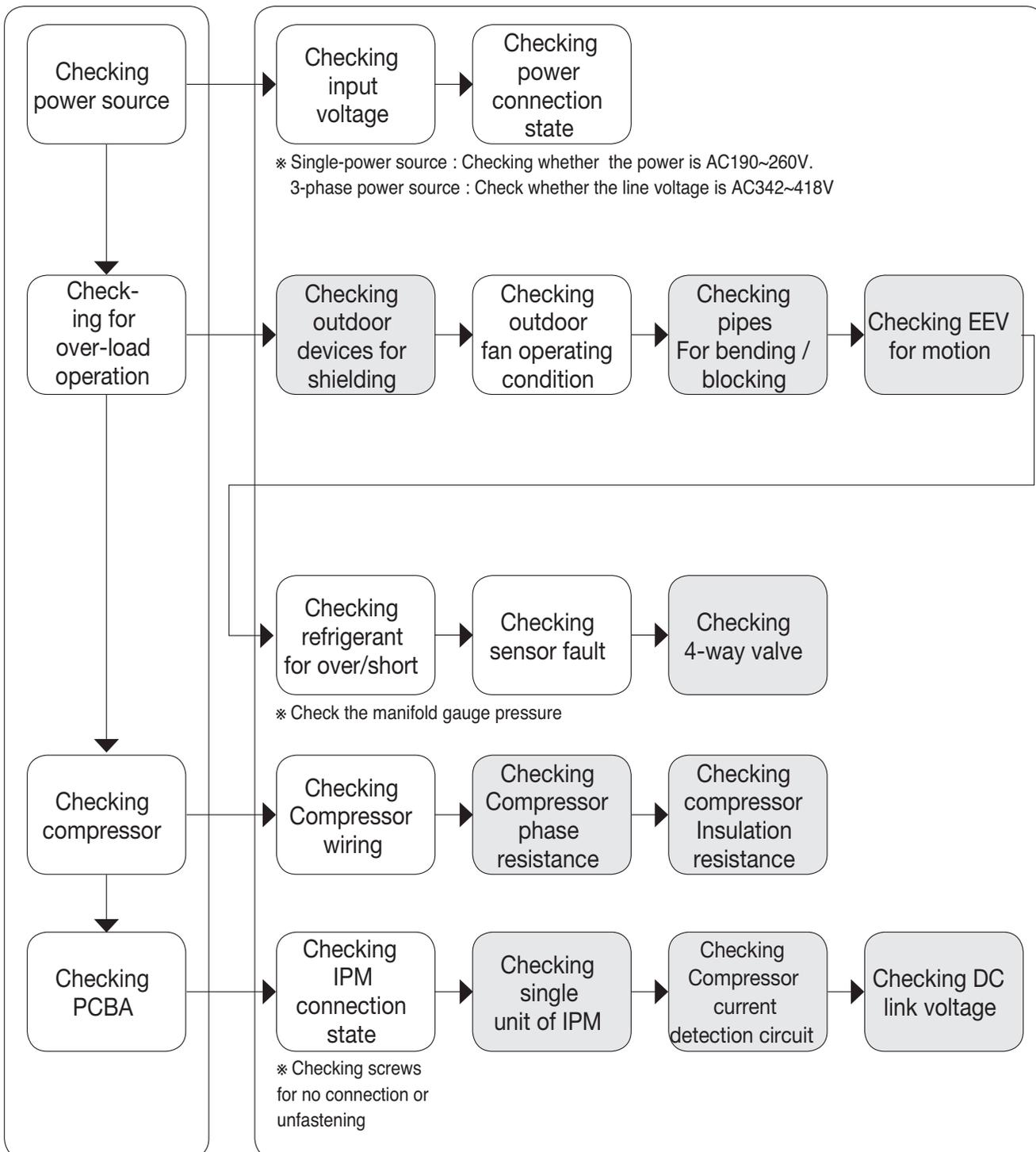
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

Flow of trouble diagnosis

Items for checking

Sub-items for checking



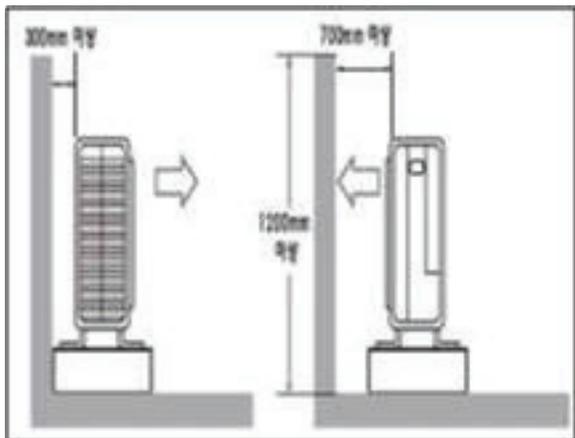
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

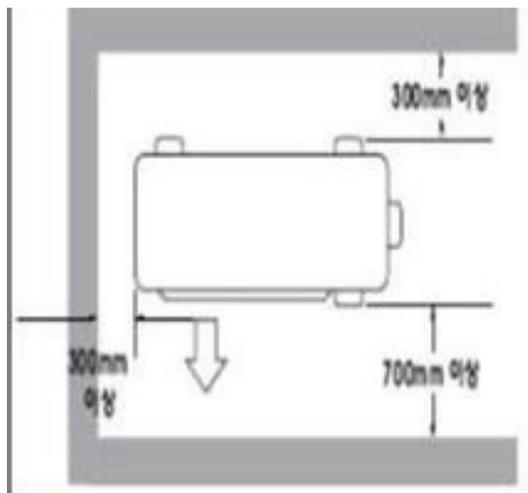
Checking outdoor devices for shielding

| Cause of Trouble | Condition | Mechanism of Fault Generation |
|------------------|---|---|
| Whirlwind | Blocking of the front part of outdoor devices | Frequent turning-off of the compressor : Inflow of high-temperature air generated by outdoor fans into the air conditioner → Wrong influence to the system in over-load state |
| | Installation of outdoor devices in narrow space | |
| Shielding | Blocking of the lateral suction point on the wall of the outdoor devices Foreign substances in the heat exchanger and obstacles in the surrounding | Frequent turning-off of the compressor : Elevation of the pipe temperature due to reduced wind velocity → Wrong influence to the system in over-load state |
| Corrosion | Possible infiltration of moisture / highly humid area | Corrosion of heat exchanger → Reduced operation efficiency → Transfer of troubles to other parts |

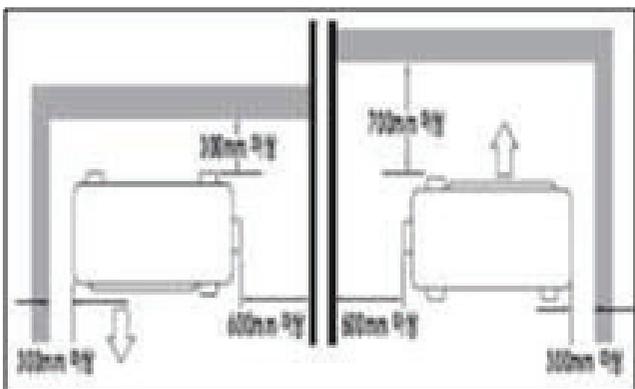
■ When the front/back has a wall (1 side)



■ When the front/back/left/right have walls (3 sides)



■ When the front/back/left/right have walls (2 sides)



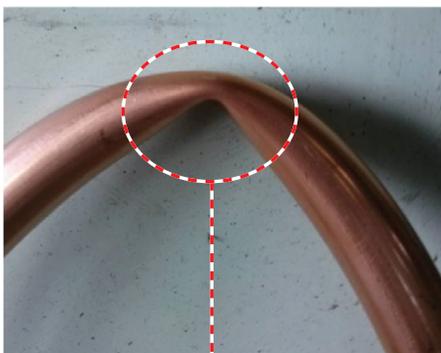
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

Generation of refrigerant flow disturbance

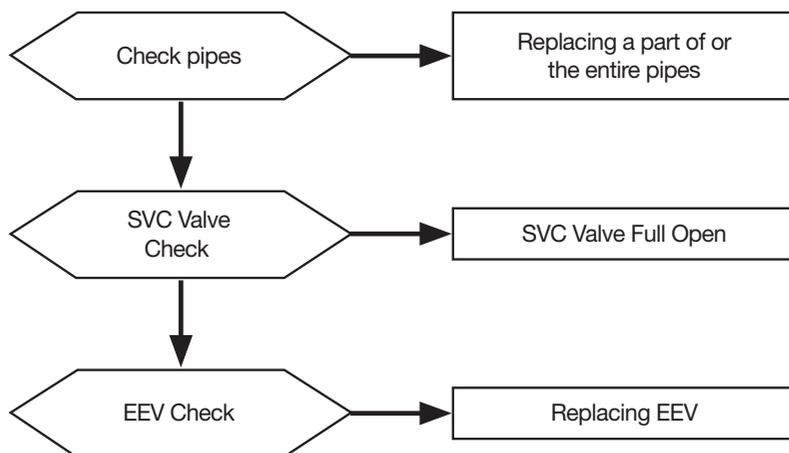
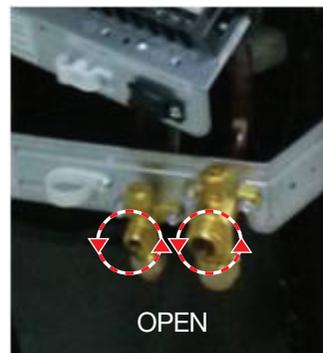
| Cause of Trouble | Condition | Mechanism of Fault Generation |
|--|---|--|
| Generation of refrigerant flow disturbance | Bending/Blocking of a pipe EEV fault Closing of SVC Valve | Freezing of indoor device → Reduced evaporation temperature due to excessive expansion of refrigerant. Weak heating and cooling → Insufficient flow of refrigerant Frequent turning on/off of the compressor by the high/low pressure protection logic → Accumulated refrigerant elevates the temperature and reduces the pressure. Wrong oil collection elevates the outlet temperature of the compressor and damages the compressor. |

■ Bending/Blocking of a pipe



Bending of a pipe

■ Checking SVC Valve



※ EEV Checking Method :

Check the opening/closing sound of EEV when the power is applied for the first time.

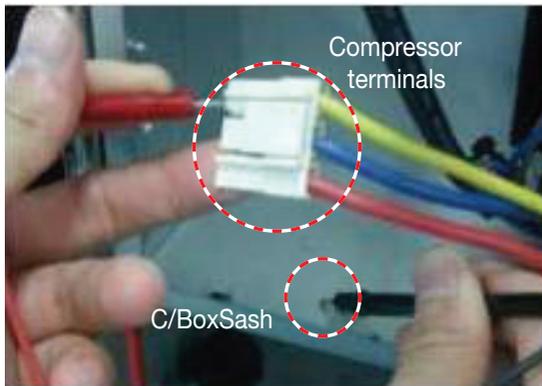
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

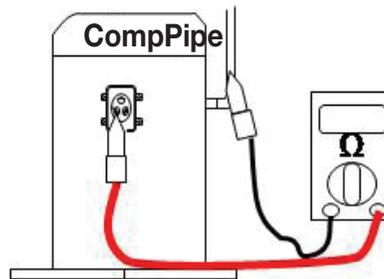
Checking compressor phase resistance

| | | | |
|---------|--|--------------------|--|
| Purpose | Judgment of the fault of the compressor. | Items for checking | 1. Measurement of insulation resistance between the compressor and panel. 2. Measurement of phase resistance. 3. Wiring Check. |
|---------|--|--------------------|--|

■ How to check the insulation resistance between the compressor and panel



Measure the resistance between a compressor terminal and panel.



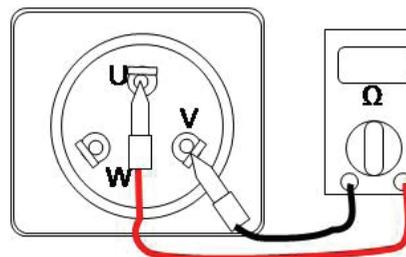
| Terminal | Insulation Resistance |
|----------|-----------------------|
| U-panel | ≥ 10MΩ |
| V-panel | ≥ 10MΩ |
| W-panel | ≥ 10MΩ |

1. Turn the switch of the tester to "Resistance" mode and check the resistance
2. Measure the resistance between the terminals.
3. "0Ω" means the short of compressor phase. (Replace the compressor)
4. Refer to the compressor resistance standards.
5. If any disorder is found, measure the line resistance between the terminals of the compressor as shown below.
6. If the compressor is found to be normal, any compressor connection wire may have a fault.

■ How to check the U, V, and W phase resistance



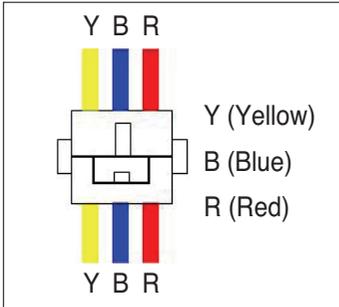
Measure the line resistance between the compressor terminals.



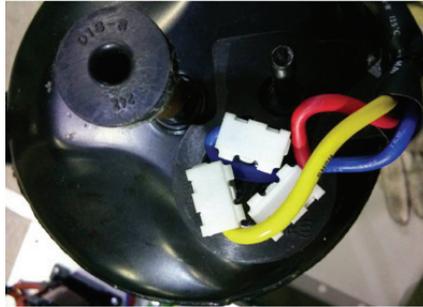
| Model | | DKT156MAD | DKT208MAB | RJB036MAB |
|-------------------------------|-----|------------|------------|------------|
| Windings Resistance (at 25°C) | U-V | 1.330±7% Ω | 1.125±7% Ω | 0.529±7% Ω |
| | V-W | 1.330±7% Ω | 1.125±7% Ω | 0.529±7% Ω |
| | W-U | 1.330±7% Ω | 1.125±7% Ω | 0.529±7% Ω |
| Windings Resistance (at 75°C) | U-V | 1.620±7% Ω | 1.345±7% Ω | 0.631±7% Ω |
| | V-W | 1.620±7% Ω | 1.345±7% Ω | 0.631±7% Ω |
| | W-U | 1.620±7% Ω | 1.345±7% Ω | 0.631±7% Ω |

| | | | |
|---------|--|--------------------|--|
| Purpose | Judgment of the fault of the compressor. | Items for checking | 1. Measurement of insulation resistance between the compressor and panel. 2. Measurement of phase resistance. 3. Wiring Check. |
|---------|--|--------------------|--|

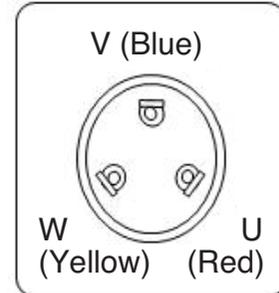
■ How to check the compressor wiring error



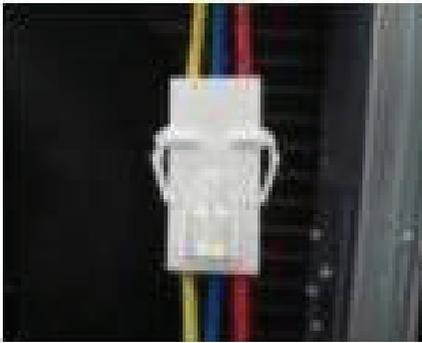
Check whether the PCB wires and compressor wires are connected in the same colors.



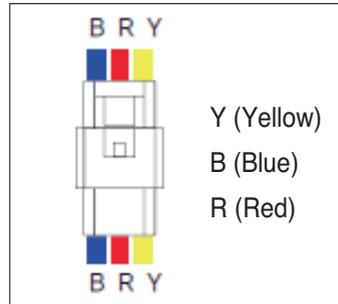
Check whether the compressor wires are properly connected with U, V, and W.



※ The wiring direction is CCW. (counter clock wise)



[Picture of normal compressor wiring]



Check whether the PCB wires and compressor wires are connected in the same colors.



[Picture of normal compressor wiring]

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

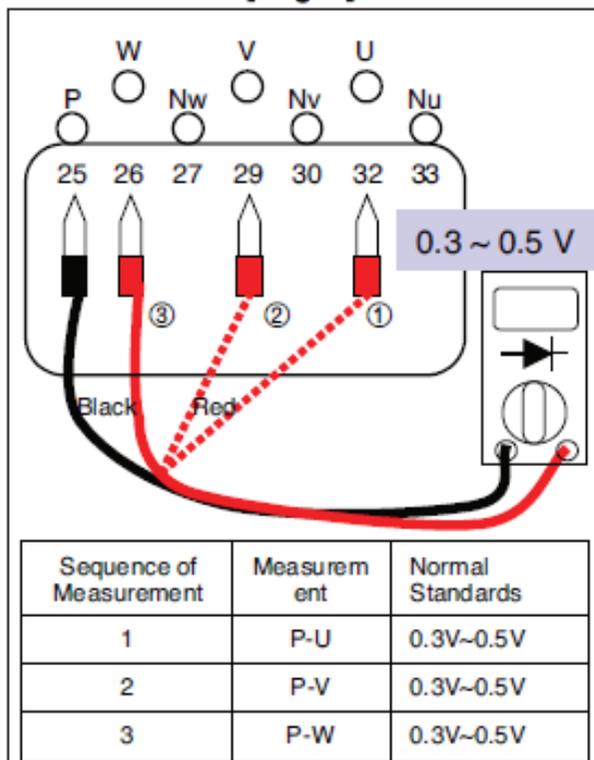
IPM Check

| | | | |
|---------|---|--------------------|--|
| Purpose | Judgment of the IPM part fault of PCB assembly. | Items for checking | 1. Judgment of damage of IGBT 2. Checking the soldering state |
|---------|---|--------------------|--|

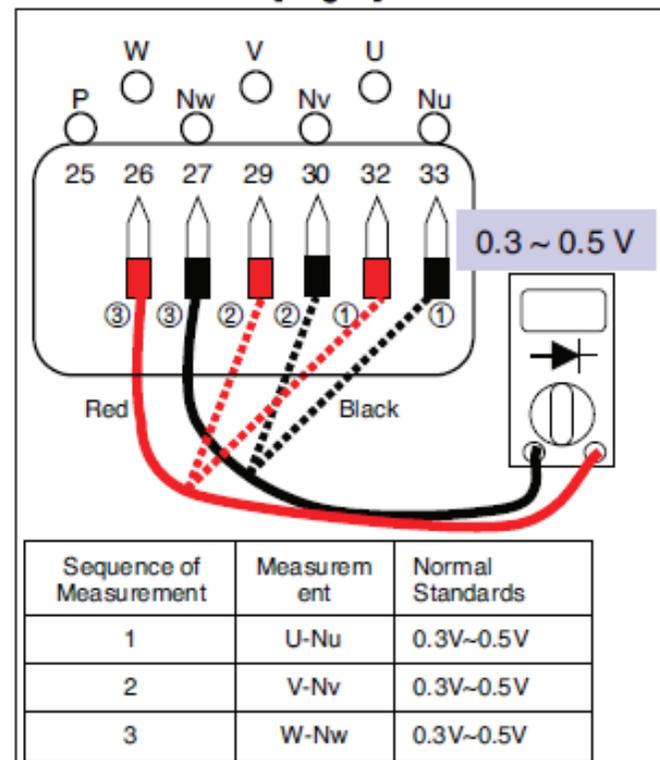
■ How to check IPM IGBT (Diode Mode)

1. Remove the connector from PCB.
2. Set the Multi-Tester as Diode Voltage Measurement Mode. (→|←)
3. Measure the voltages of P~U / P~V / P~W as shown in Fig. 1.
4. Measure the voltages of U~Nu / V~Nv / W~Nw as shown in Fig. 2.
5. If the measurements are significantly different from the levels shown in the figures, the IPM is deemed to be damaged.

[Fig.1]



[Fig.2]

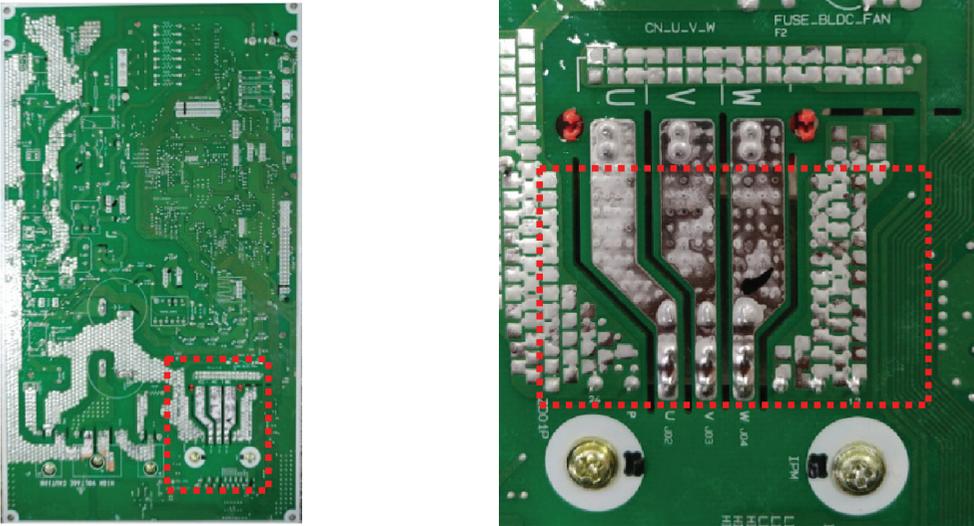
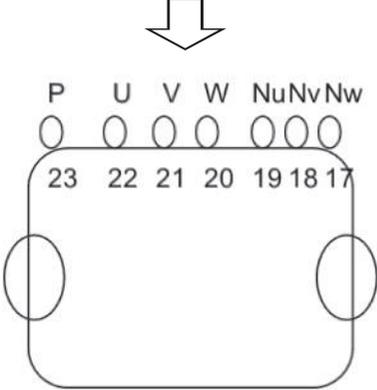


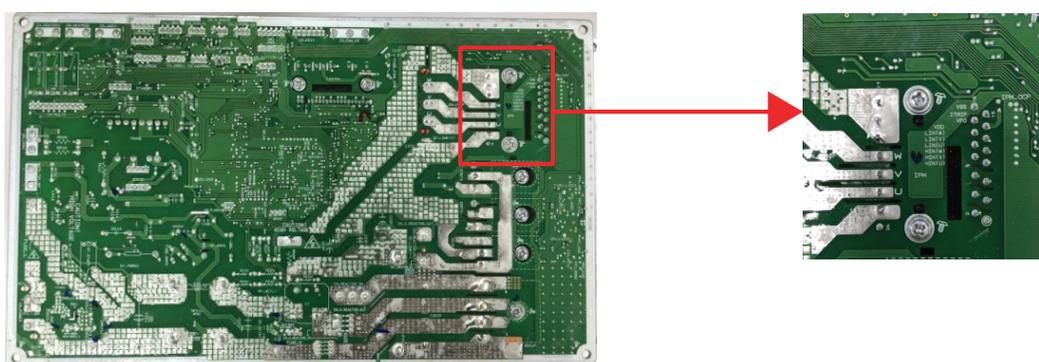
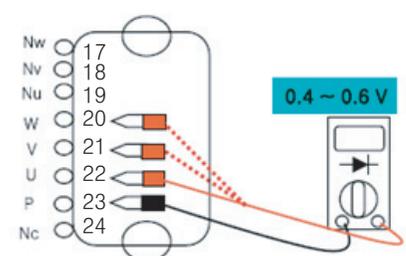
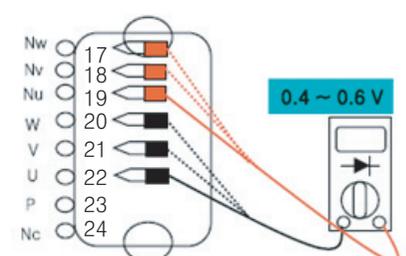
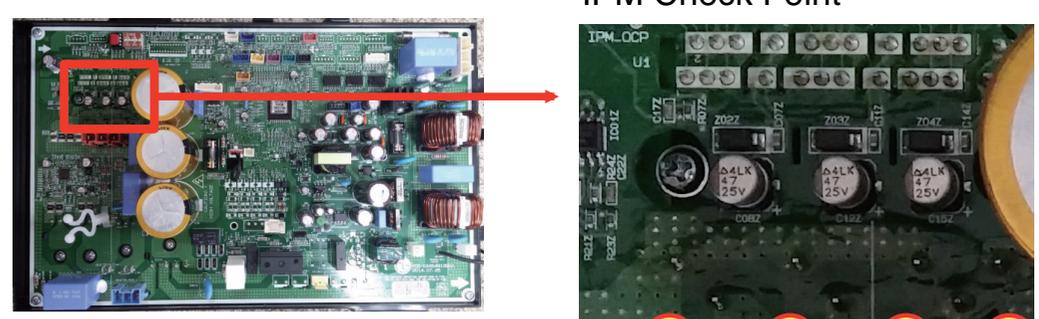
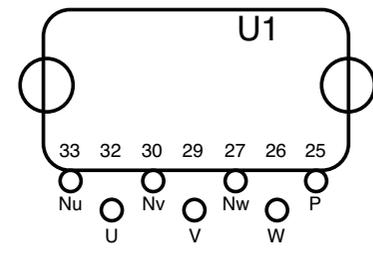
Part 4 Trouble Shooting

| | | | |
|---------|---|--------------------|--|
| Purpose | Judgment of the IPM part fault of PCB assembly. | Items for checking | 1. Judgment of damage of IGBT 2. Checking the soldering state |
|---------|---|--------------------|--|

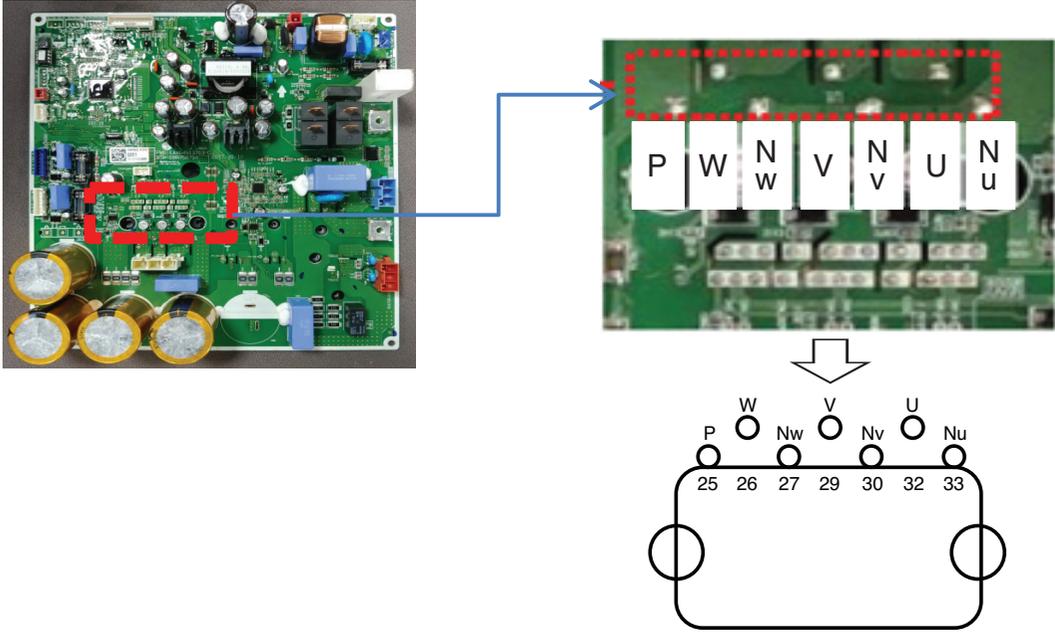
| Step | Flow of Inspection |
|------|--|
| 1 | Turn the power off (wait until the outdoor device LED is turned off) |
| 2 | Remove compressor wires. |
| 3 | Measure the voltage as shown in the figure. |
| 4 | Check the voltage for being in the range of 0.4~0.6V. |
| 5 | Judge IPM Pins for short. |

■ IPM Check Point

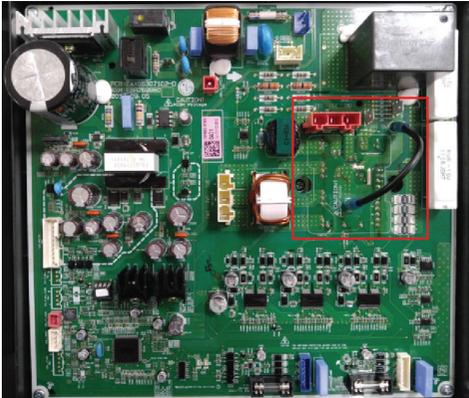
| IPM Check Point | |
|-----------------|--|
| 2.5kW (UL2) |  <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">[IPM Pin Arrangement and Pin Numbers]</p> |

| IPM Check Point | |
|-----------------|---|
| 4kW (U24A) | <div style="text-align: center;">IPM Check Point</div>  <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>[Figure 1]</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>[Figure 2]</p> </div> </div> |
| 4kW (U4) | <div style="text-align: center;">IPM Check Point</div>  <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;">  </div> |

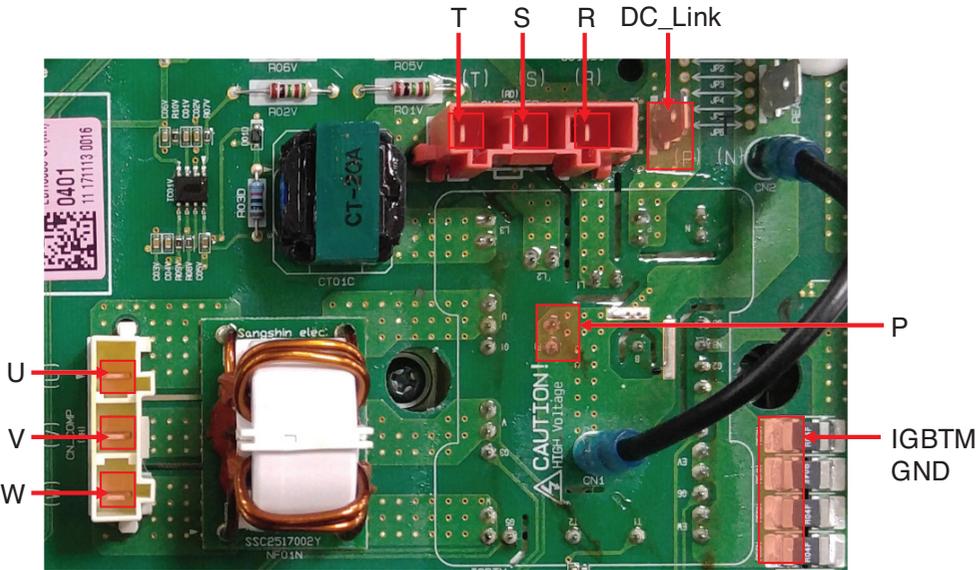
■ IPM Check Point

| Division | IPM Check Point |
|----------|--|
| 6kW |  <p data-bbox="976 942 1438 974">[IPM Pin Arrangement and Pin Numbers]</p> |

7kW



| Check Point | Multi Meter | | | Measured value | |
|------------------------|-------------|---------|-----------|---------------------|------------|
| | Mode | BLACK | RED | Normal | Abnormal |
| IGBTM High side Diodoe | | DC_Link | R | 0.35V ~ 0.7 V | Non-normal |
| | | | S | | |
| | | | T | | |
| IGBTM Low side Diodoe | → | R | IGBTM GND | 0.35V ~ 0.7 V | Non-normal |
| | | S | | | |
| | | T | | | |
| IGBTM Hige side IGBT | | P | U | 0.35V ~ 0.7 V | Non-normal |
| | | V | | | |
| | | W | | | |
| IGBTM Low side IGBT | | | U | IGBTM GND | Non-normal |
| | | | V | | |
| | | | W | | |



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

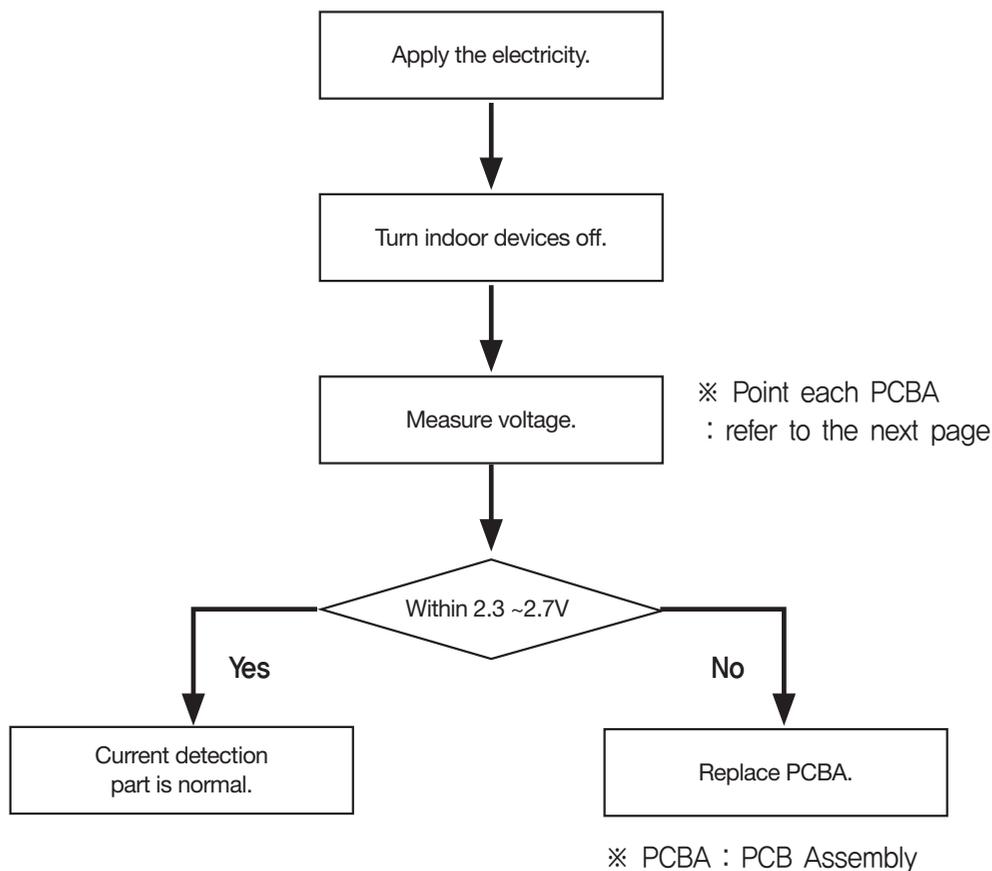
CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

Compressor Phase Current Detection Circuit

| | | | |
|----------------|---|---------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Judgment of the IPM part fault of PCB assembly. | Items for checking | 1. Checking for current detection error. |
|----------------|---|---------------------------|--|

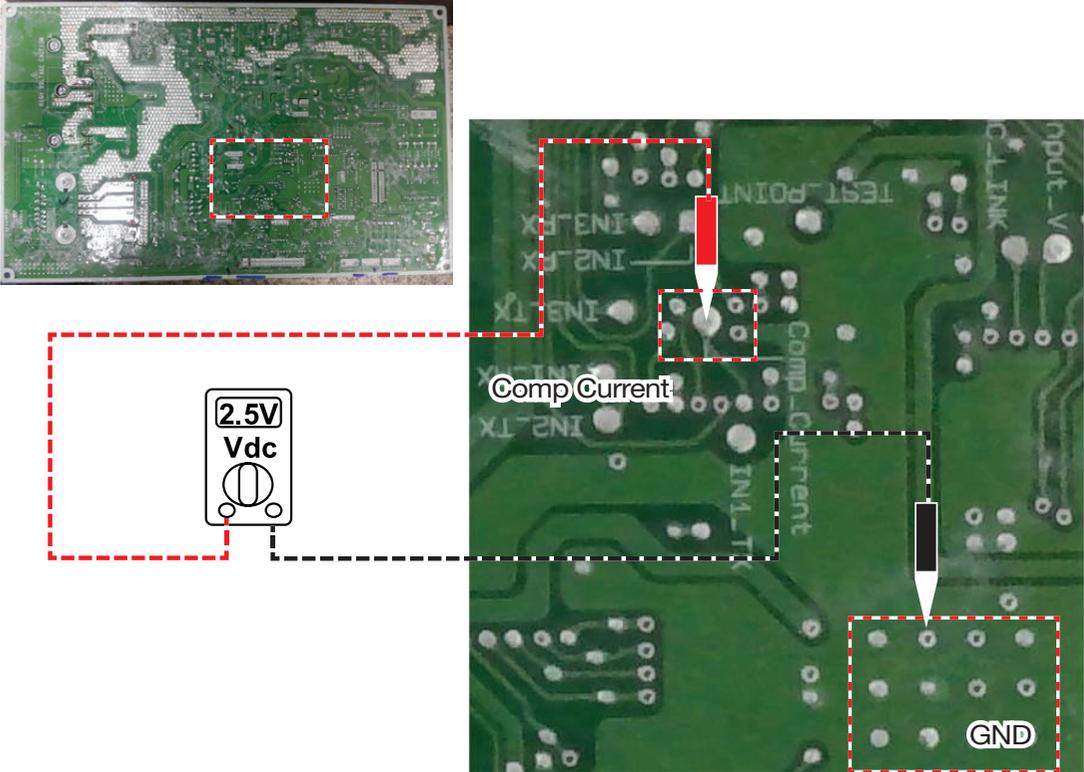
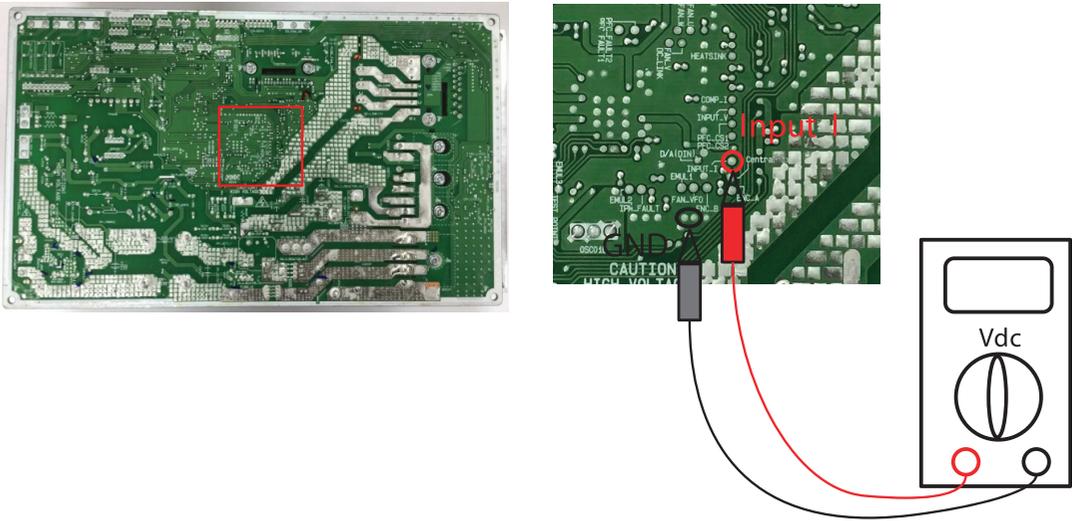
1. Set the tester in DC Voltage Mode and check the Voltage.
2. Measure the voltage in the order of "U-GND/V-GND/W-GND."
3. The standard of normal voltage measurement is $2.5V \pm 0.2V$.
4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace PCBA.

Checking method

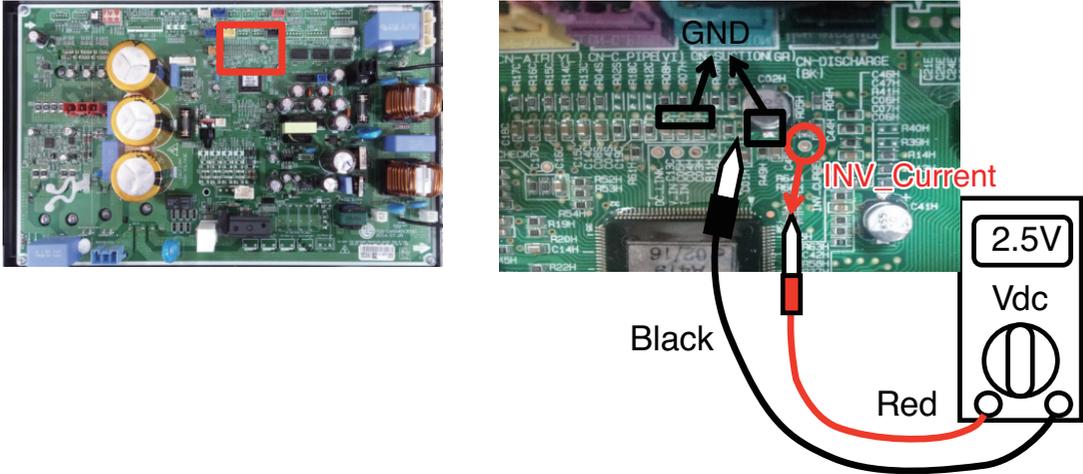


! Caution : When the measurement is made in the state that the electricity is applied, check the tester for being in the measurement mode and be careful to avoid possible short of the parts other than the measuring part.

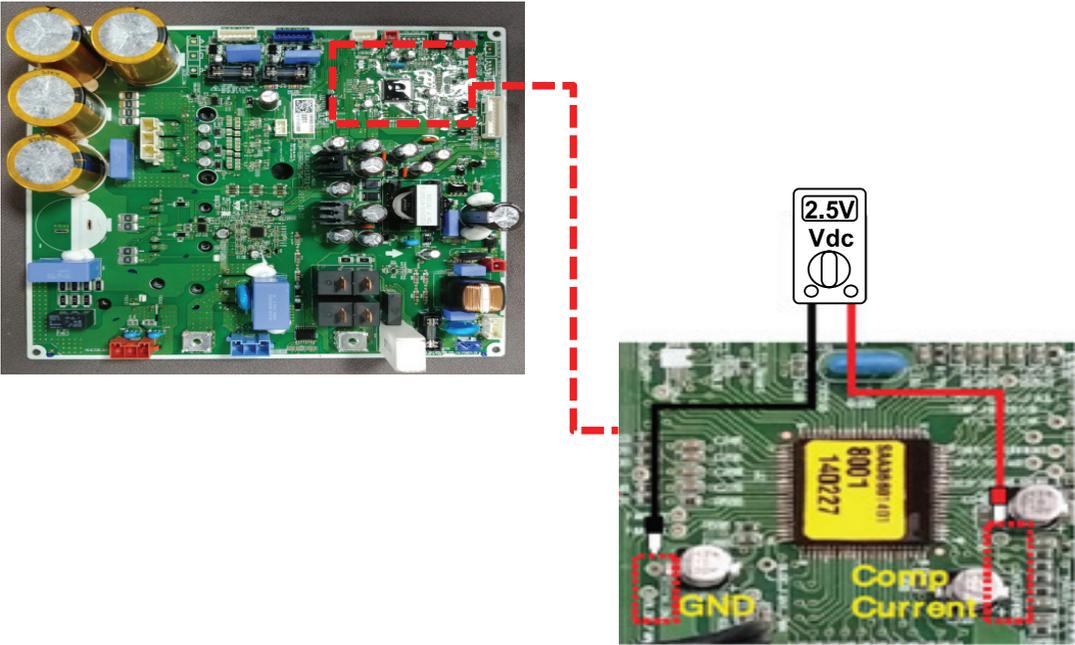
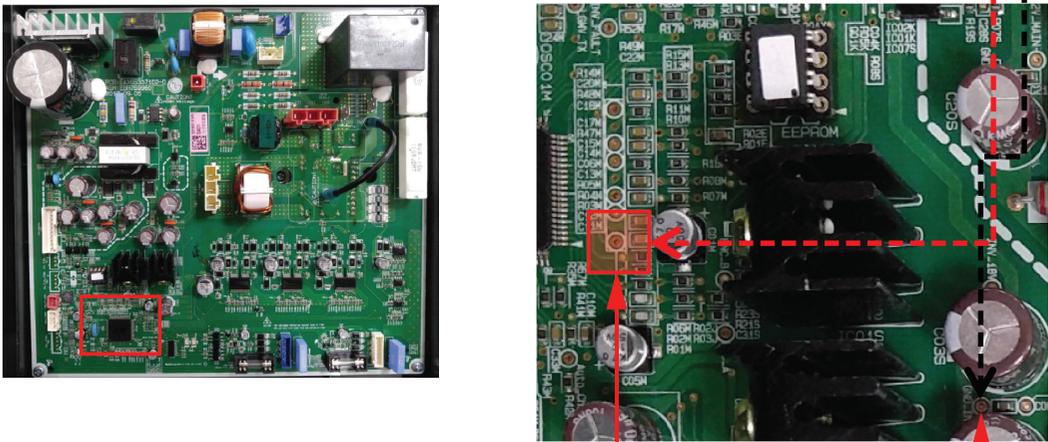
■ Current Detection Circuit Check Point

| Compressor Phase Current Detection | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 2.5kW (UL2) |  <p>The diagram shows a green PCB with a red dashed box highlighting a specific area. A 2.5V Vdc meter is connected to two points: 'Comp Current' and 'GND'. A red arrow points to the 'Comp Current' point, and a black arrow points to the 'GND' point. The meter is labeled '2.5V Vdc'.</p> |
| 4kW (U24A) |  <p>The diagram shows a green PCB with a red dashed box highlighting a specific area. A Vdc meter is connected to two points: 'Input 1' and 'GND'. A red arrow points to the 'Input 1' point, and a black arrow points to the 'GND' point. The meter is labeled 'Vdc'.</p> |

■ Current Detection Circuit Check Point

| Compressor Phase Current Detection | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 4kW (U24A) |  |

■ Current Detection Circuit Check Point

| Compressor Phase Current Detection | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 6kW (U3) |  <p>The diagram shows a 6kW (U3) compressor phase current detection circuit. On the left, a photograph of the PCB has a red dashed box highlighting the current detection section. On the right, a magnified view shows a yellow 8001 microcontroller. A 2.5V Vdc source is connected to the microcontroller. The current detection point is labeled 'Comp Current' and is connected to the GND pin of the microcontroller.</p> |
| 7kW (U3) |  <p>The diagram shows a 7kW (U3) compressor phase current detection circuit. On the left, a photograph of the PCB has a red dashed box highlighting the current detection section. On the right, a magnified view shows the inverter current detection point. A 2.5V Vdc source is connected to the circuit. The current detection point is labeled 'Inverter Current' and is connected to the GND_INV pin of the microcontroller.</p> |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

4-Way Valve Check

| Purpose | Items for checking |
|---|---|
| Judge whether the 4-way valve part has any fault, | 1. Check the working voltage of the 4-way valve. 2. Check the 4-way valve coil resistance. |

■ Checking the output voltage of CN-4way (refer to next page)

1. Set the tester in AC Voltage Mode and check the current.
2. Check the output voltage between both ends of CN-4Way Connector.
3. The standard of normal voltage is $220V \pm 10\%$.
4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace PCBA.

※ The measurement should be made at the time to start heating mode operation and at the time of standby after operation.

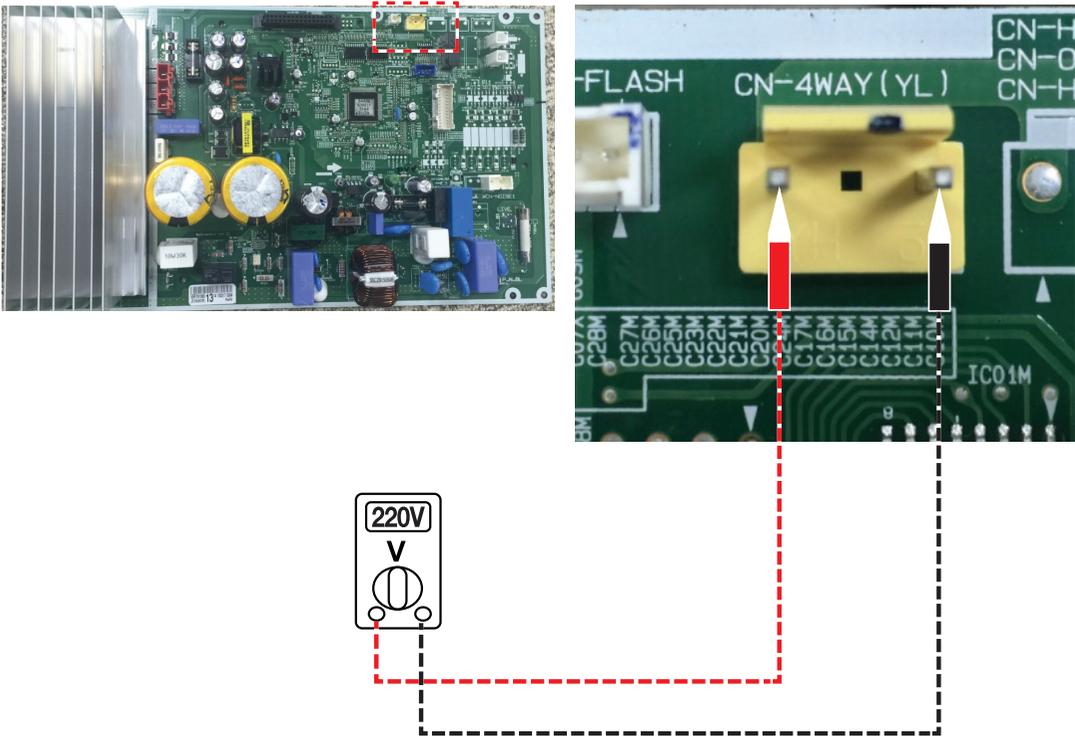
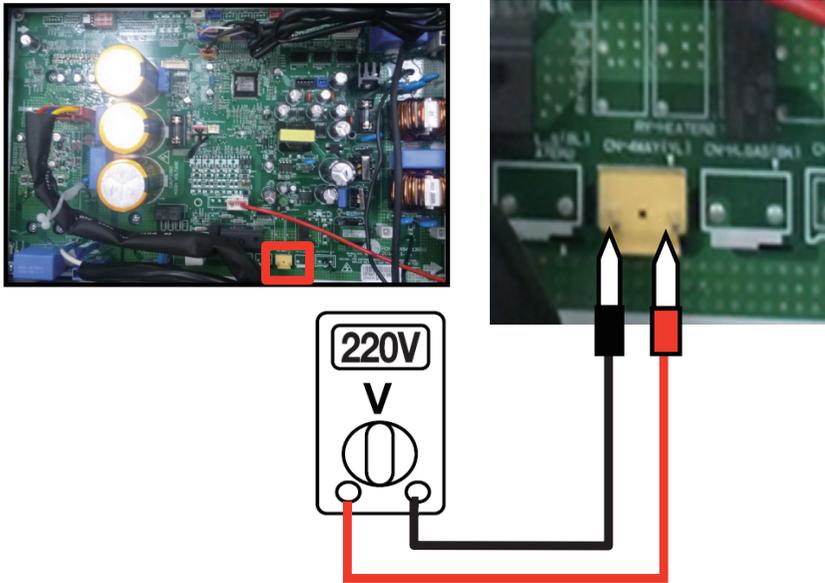
■ Check the 4-way.valve coil resistance.

1. Set the tester in Resistance Mode and check the current.
2. Measure the resistance between the both ends of a single unit of 4-Way valve coil.
3. The standard of normal resistance is $14k\Omega \pm 10\%$.
4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace 4-Way valve coil.

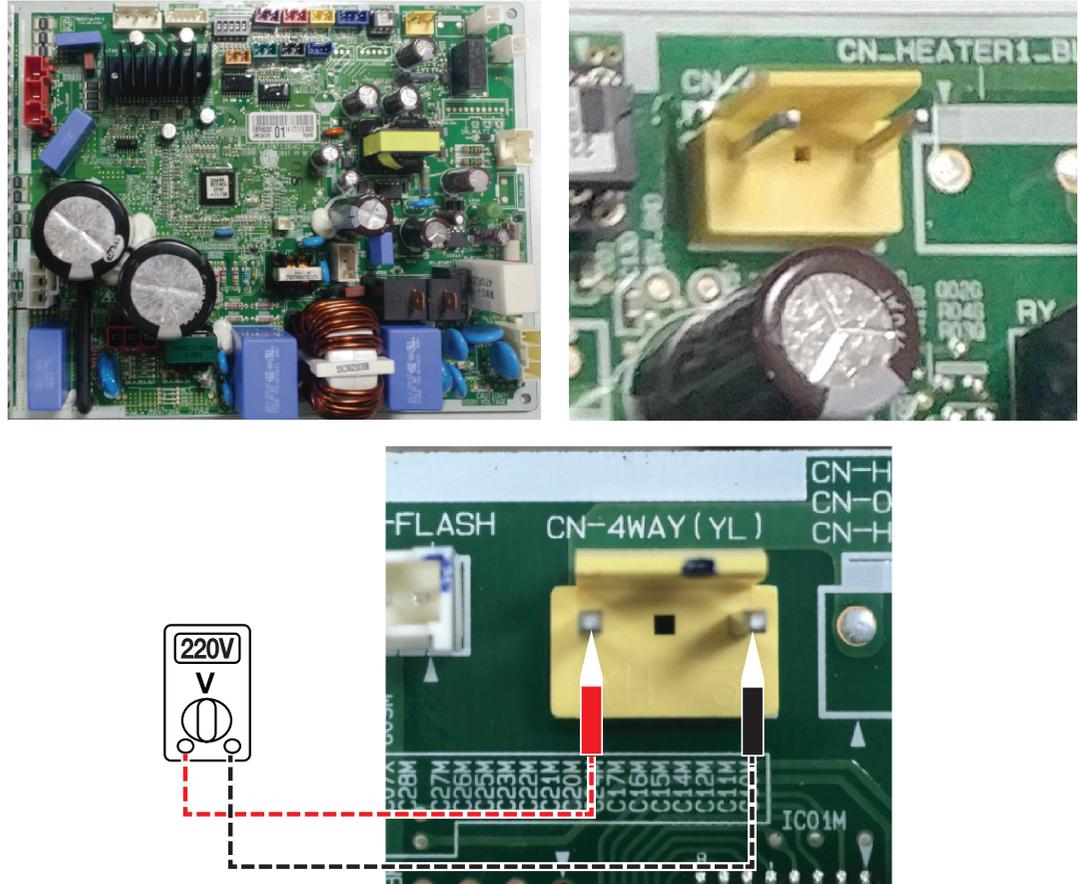
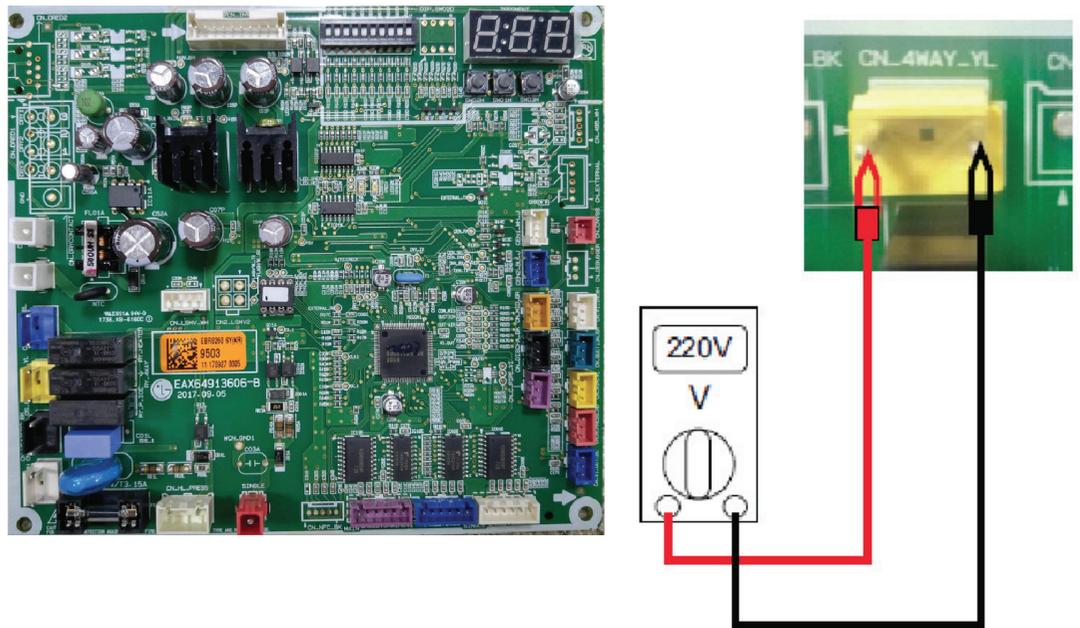


! Caution : When the measurement is made in the state that the electricity is applied, check the tester for being in the measurement mode and be careful to avoid possible short of the parts other than the measuring part.

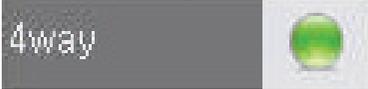
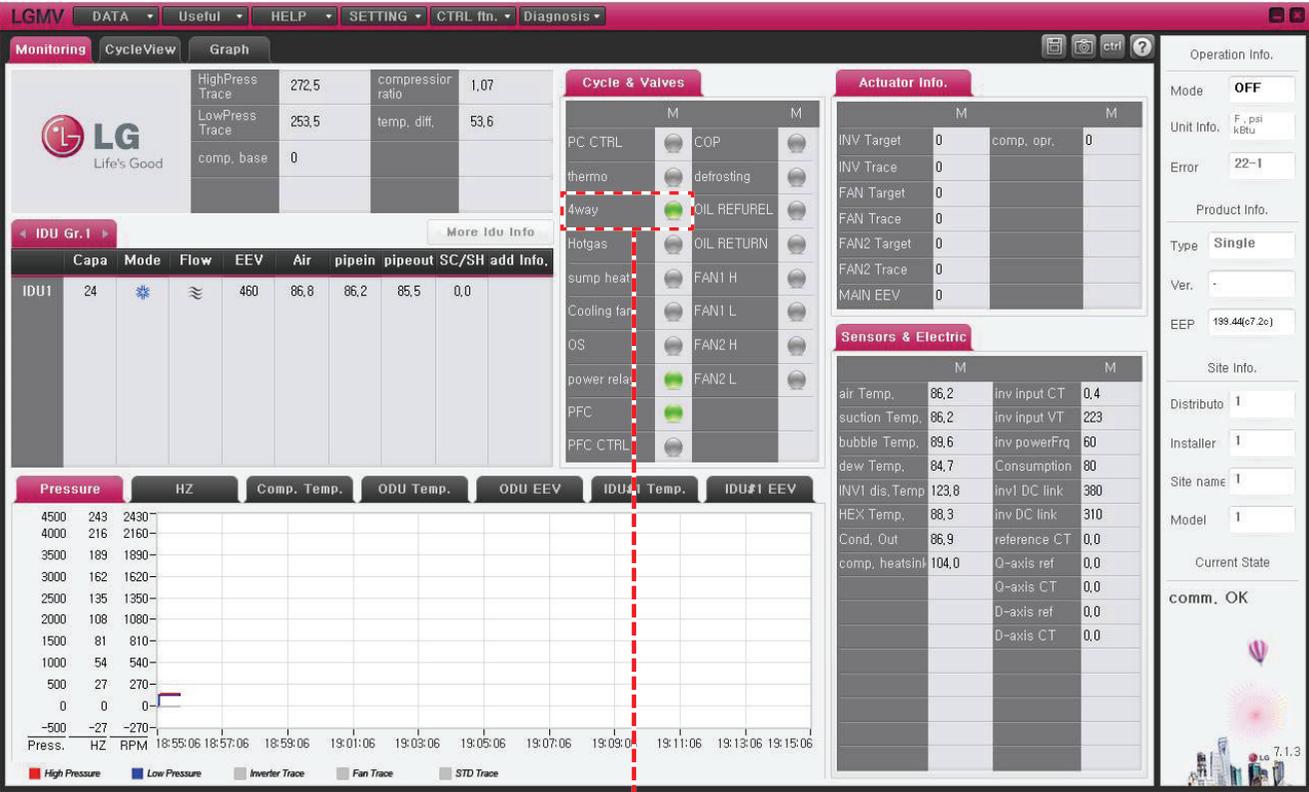
■ 4-Way Check Point

| 4Way Check | |
|----------------|--|
| 2.5kW (UL2) |  <p>The diagram for the 2.5kW (UL2) unit shows a top-down view of the PCB with a red dashed box highlighting a yellow 4-way connector. A close-up view of this connector shows two terminals with red and black probes. A 220V AC voltmeter is connected across these two terminals via dashed red and black lines.</p> |
| 4kW (U4) |  <p>The diagram for the 4kW (U4) unit shows a top-down view of the PCB with a red box highlighting a yellow 4-way connector. A close-up view shows two terminals with black and red probes. A 220V AC voltmeter is connected across these two terminals via solid black and red lines.</p> |

■ 4-Way Check Point

| 4Way Check | |
|-----------------------|---|
| <p>4kW (U24A)</p> |  <p>The diagrams for the 4kW (U24A) unit show a full view of the PCB, a close-up of a yellow 4-way connector labeled 'CN-4WAY (YL)', and a schematic of a 220V AC source connected to the two terminals of the connector. The schematic uses a red wire for the positive terminal and a black wire for the negative terminal.</p> |
| <p>6/7kW (U3)</p> |  <p>The diagrams for the 6/7kW (U3) unit show a full view of the PCB with a digital display, a close-up of a yellow 4-way connector labeled 'BK CN_4WAY_YL', and a schematic of a 220V AC source connected to the two terminals of the connector. The schematic uses a red wire for the positive terminal and a black wire for the negative terminal.</p> |

LGMV Display



When Heating, LED turn on
When Cooling, LED turn off

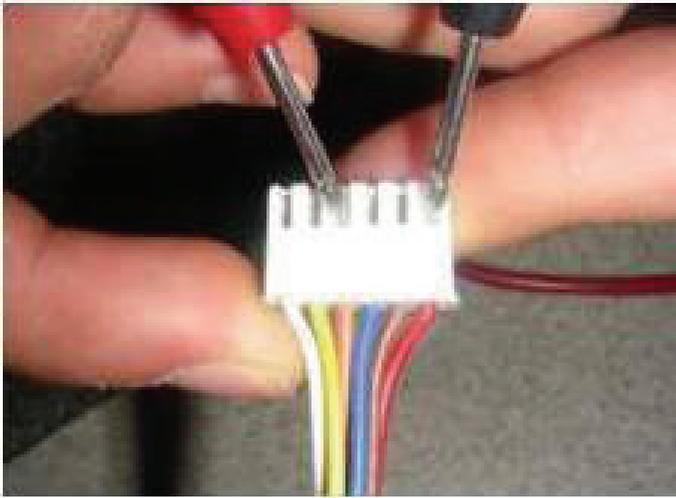
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

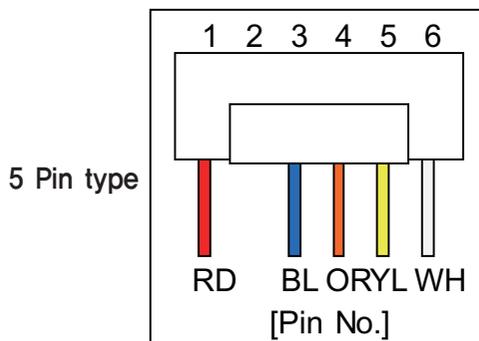
EEV Check

| | | | |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Purpose | Judging EEV part fault, | Items for checking | 1. Measure EEV resistance, |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|

■ Checking EEV resistance

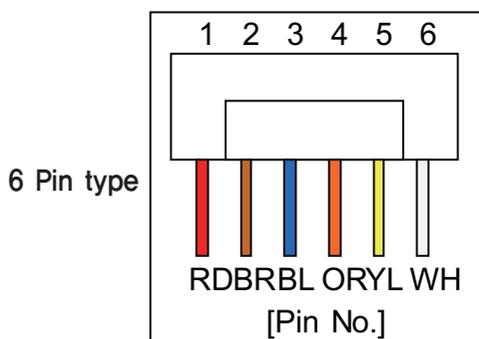


1. Set the tester in Resistance Mode and check the current.
2. Measure the resistance between eth Pins of EEV Connector.
3. For the measurement method and normal standard, refer to the Table.



[Table]

| Measurement Pin | Normal Standard |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 1-3 | $45 \Omega \pm 5 \Omega$ |
| 1-4 | $45 \Omega \pm 5 \Omega$ |
| 1-5 | $45 \Omega \pm 5 \Omega$ |
| 1-6 | $45 \Omega \pm 5 \Omega$ |



[Table]

| Measurement Pin | Normal Standard |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 1-4 | $45 \Omega \pm 5 \Omega$ |
| 1-6 | $45 \Omega \pm 5 \Omega$ |
| 2-3 | $45 \Omega \pm 5 \Omega$ |
| 2-5 | $45 \Omega \pm 5 \Omega$ |

※ There may be the difference in the resistance depending upon the EEV Specifications.

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

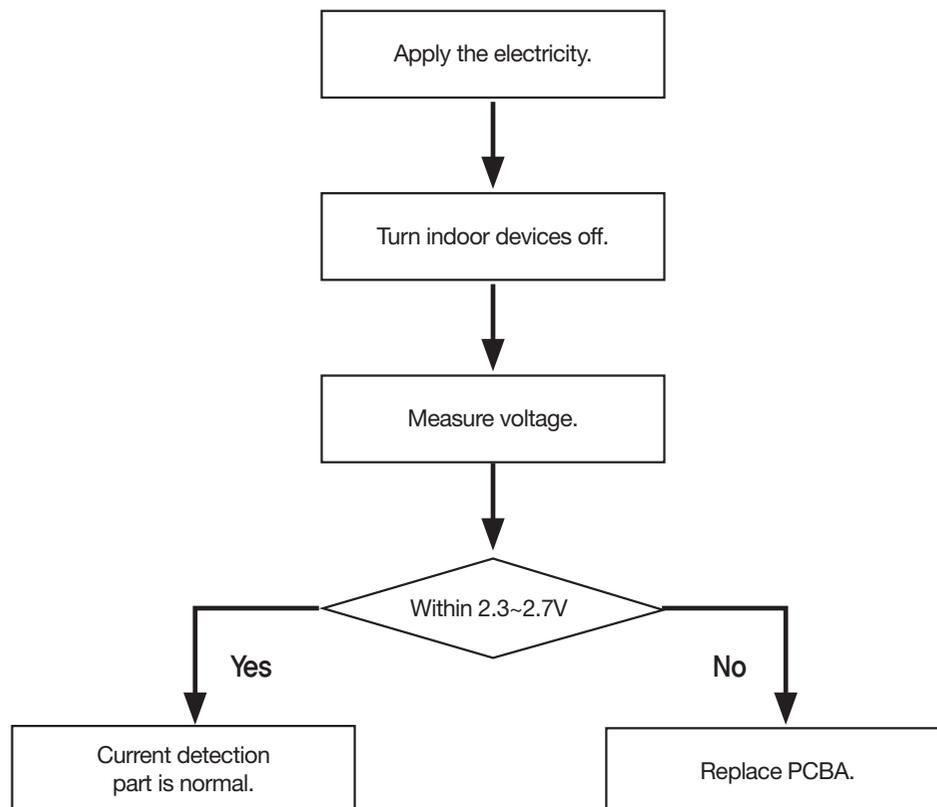
CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

DC Link Detection Circuit

| | | | |
|----------------|---|---------------------------|---|
| Purpose | Generation of an error caused by DC link voltage detection error. | Items for checking | 1. Checking DC link voltage detection error |
|----------------|---|---------------------------|---|

1. Set the tester in DC Voltage Mode and check the current.
2. Checking the voltage between DC/L and Micom_GND.
3. The standard of normal voltage measurement is 2.4~2.8V.
4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace PCBA.

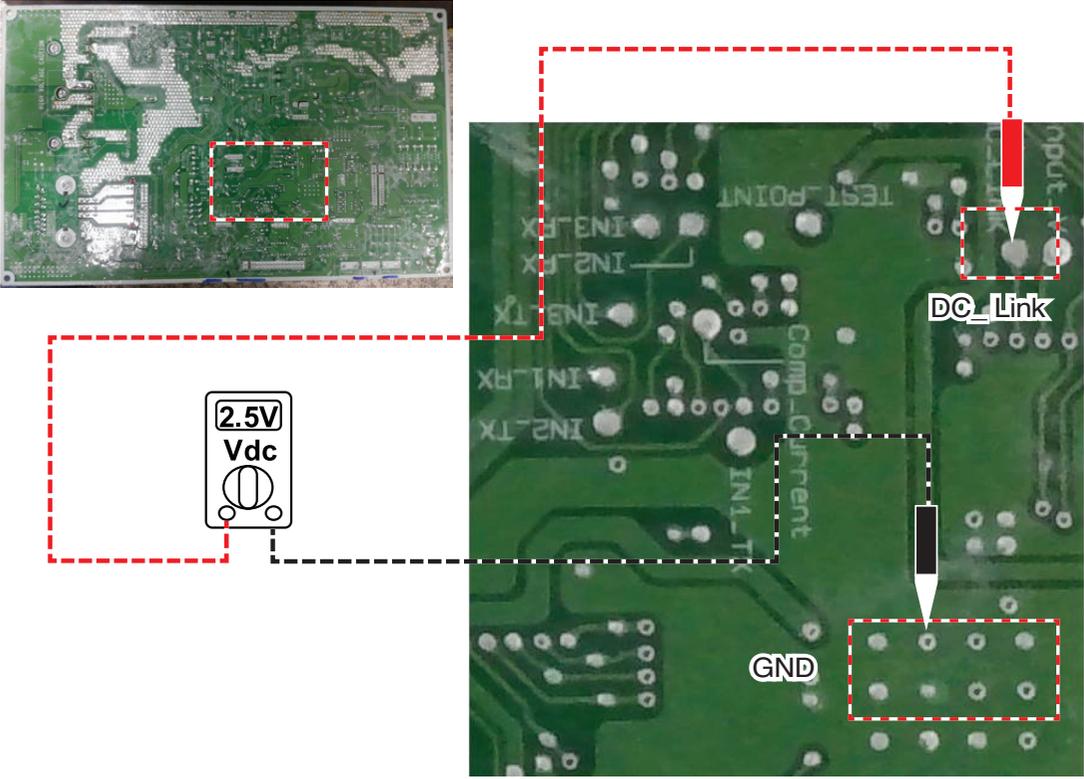
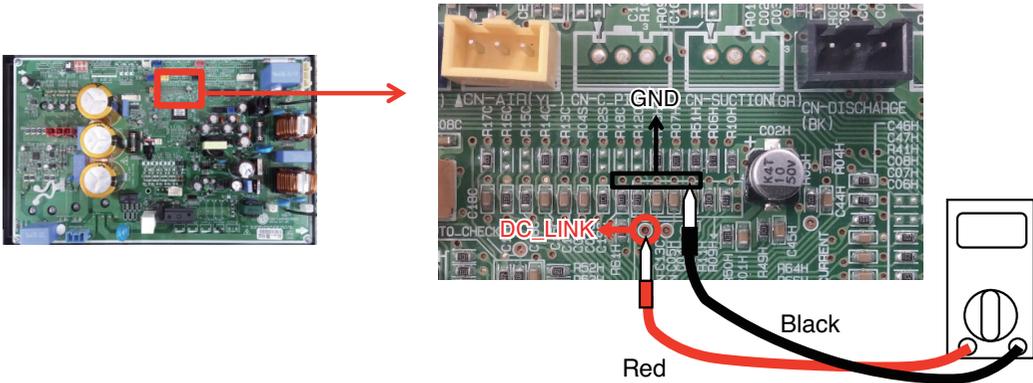
Checking method



※ PCBA : PCB Assembly

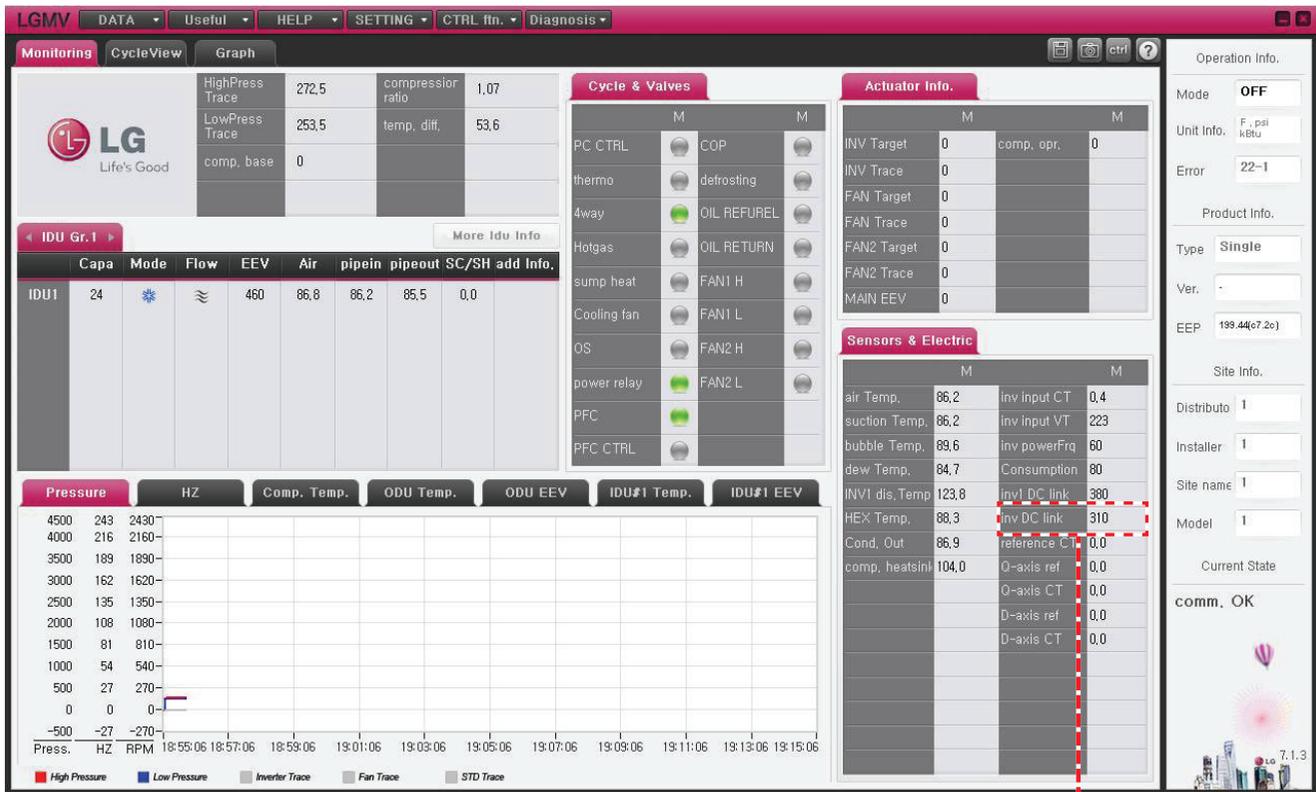
! Caution : When the measurement is made in the state that the electricity is applied, check the tester for being in the measurement mode and be careful to avoid possible short of the parts other than the measuring part.

■ DC Link Detection Circuit Check Point

| DC Link Detection Circuit Check Point | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 2.5kW (UL2) |  <p>The diagram shows a green PCB with various components. A red dashed box highlights a specific point labeled 'DC_Link'. Another red dashed box highlights a ground point labeled 'GND'. A meter symbol with '2.5V Vdc' is connected between these two points. A red arrow points from the DC_Link point to the meter's positive terminal, and a black arrow points from the GND point to the meter's negative terminal. A larger inset image shows the overall layout of the PCB with a red dashed box around the area shown in the main image.</p> |
| 4kW (U4) | <p>1. Check DC Link Sensing Signal measurements at Power-on standby state. (DC 2.4 ~ 2.8V)</p>  <p>The diagram shows a green PCB with various components. A red dashed box highlights a specific point labeled 'DC LINK'. Another red dashed box highlights a ground point labeled 'GND'. A meter symbol is connected between these two points. A red arrow points from the DC LINK point to the meter's positive terminal, and a black arrow points from the GND point to the meter's negative terminal. The meter leads are labeled 'Red' and 'Black'. A larger inset image shows the overall layout of the PCB with a red dashed box around the area shown in the main image.</p> |

■ DC Link Detection Circuit Check Point

| DC Link Detection Circuit Check Point | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 6kW (U3) | <p>The image shows a 6kW DC link detection circuit. On the left is a full view of the green PCB with several large electrolytic capacitors at the bottom. On the right is a close-up of the detection circuit. A yellow chip labeled 'SA44000T101 8001 140227' is the central component. A red dashed box labeled 'DC_LINK' is connected to the chip. A black dashed box labeled 'GND' is connected to the chip's ground. A 2.5V Vdc source is connected to the circuit.</p> |
| 7kW (U3) | <p>The image shows a 7kW DC link detection circuit. On the left is a full view of the green PCB with a red box highlighting the detection circuit area. On the right is a close-up of the detection circuit. A red dashed box labeled 'DC Link_Voltage' is connected to the chip. A black dashed box labeled 'GND_INV' is connected to the chip's ground. A 2.5V Vdc source is connected to the circuit.</p> |



inv DC link 310

DC Link NG Voltage level

| Controller | Voltage |
|------------|---------|
| 2~4kW | 140V |

DC Link NG Voltage level

| Controller | Voltage |
|------------|---------|
| 6kW | 140V |
| 7kW | 380V |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 22 (Input of Over Current)

| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Purpose | | Prevention of the damage of PCBA, wire, and connector caused by over-current |
| Condition for Generation | | The detected current exceeds the standard. |
| Expected Causes | Installation & Overload | Installation fault, closing of SVC valve, under/over charging with refrigerant, infiltration of water into refrigerant, outdoor device shielding, outdoor fan fault, EEV valve fault, and sensor fault or assembling error. |
| | Compressor | Short between compressor coil and sash, abrasion of compressor, and short/opening of compressor coil. |
| | PCB Assembly | Input current detection circuit fault. |
| | Others | Input of low-voltage. |

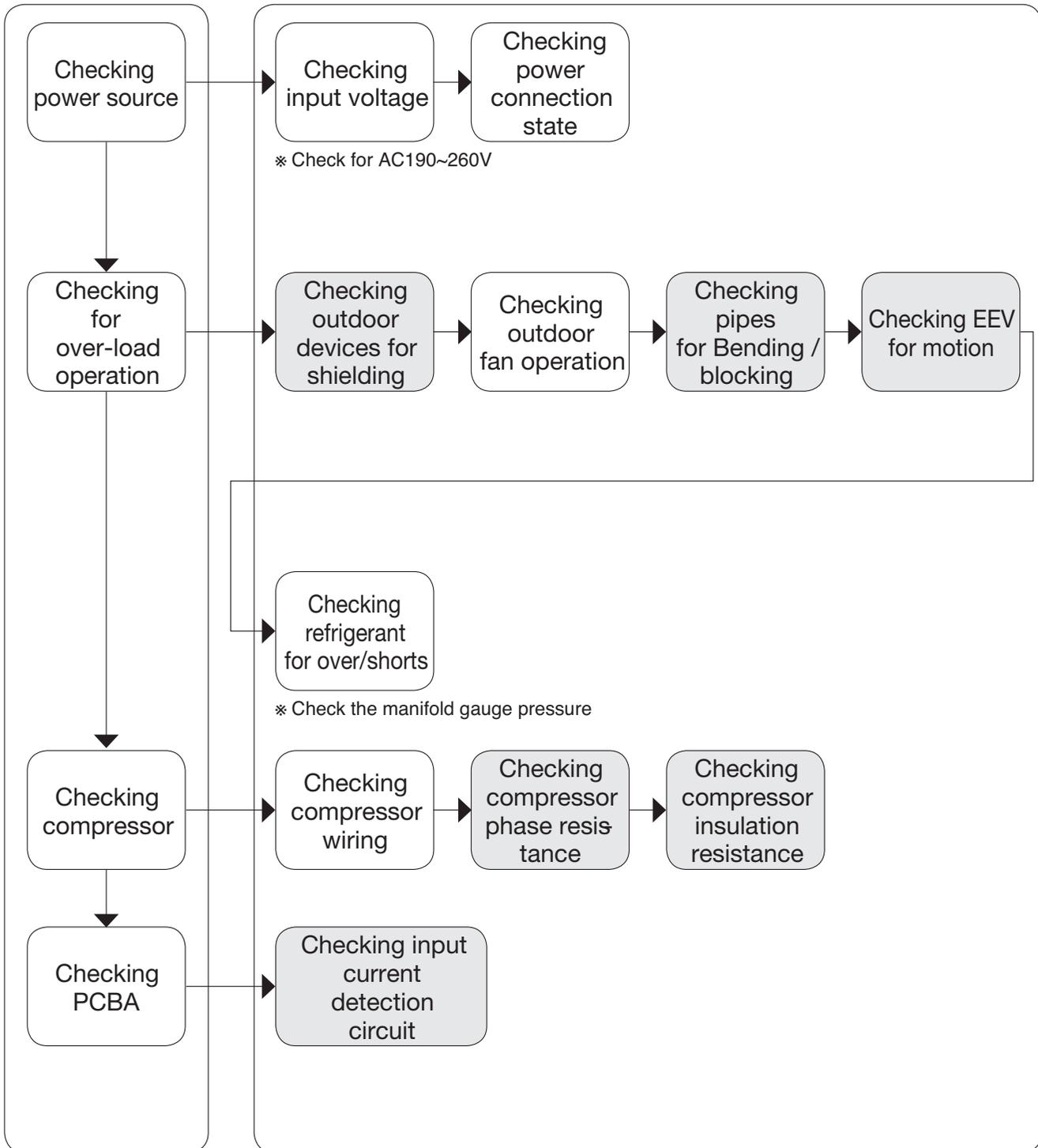
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 22 (Input of Over Current)

Flow of trouble diagnosis

Items for checking

Sub-items for checking



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

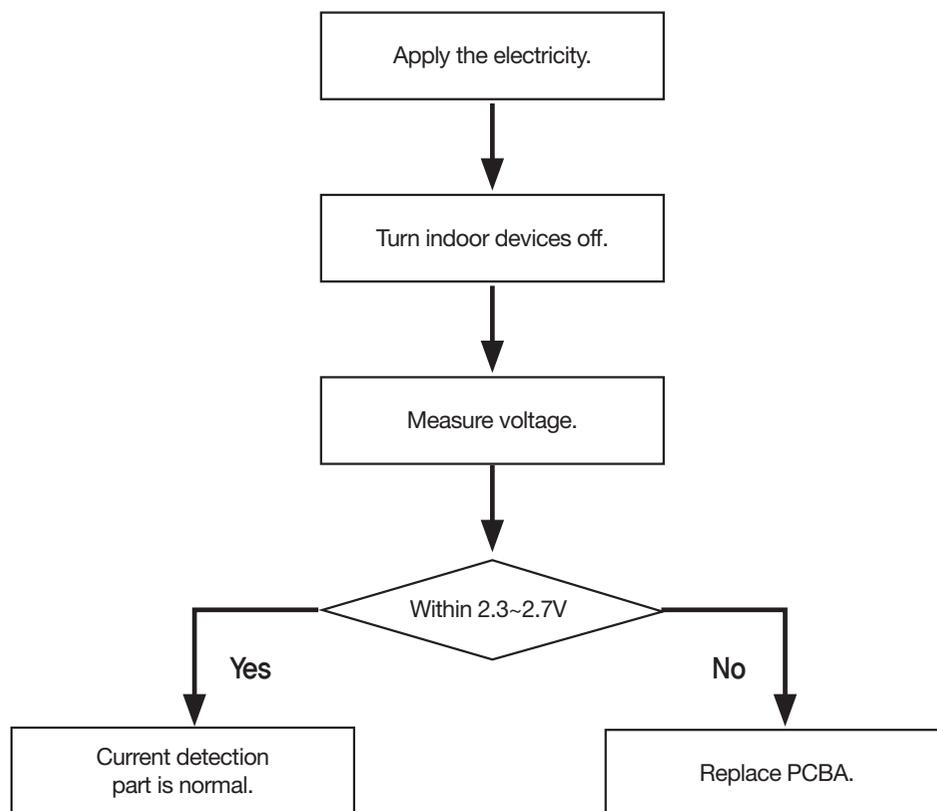
CH 22 (Input of Over Current)

Input Current Detection Circuit

| | | | |
|----------------|---|---------------------------|---|
| Purpose | Generation of over-current caused by input current detection error. | Items for checking | 1. Checking for current detection error |
|----------------|---|---------------------------|---|

1. Set the tester in DC Voltage Mode and check the current.
2. Check the current between IN/I and Micom_GND.
3. The standard of normal voltage measurement is $2.5V \pm 0.2V$.
4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace PCBA.

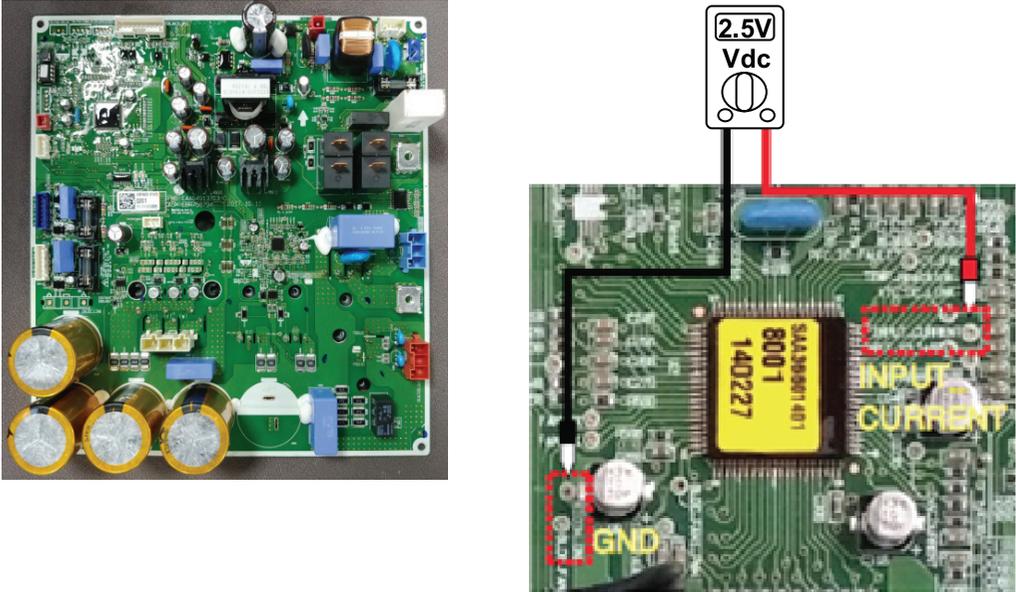
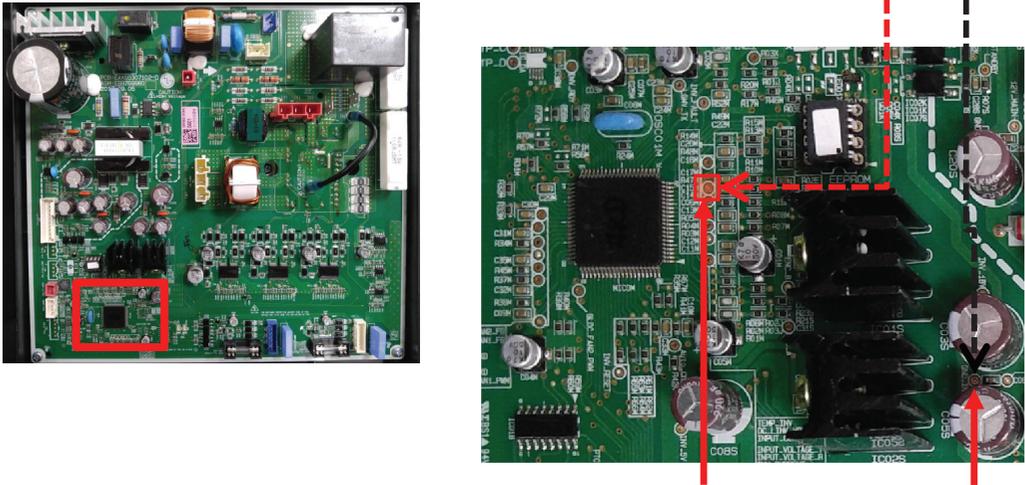
Checking method



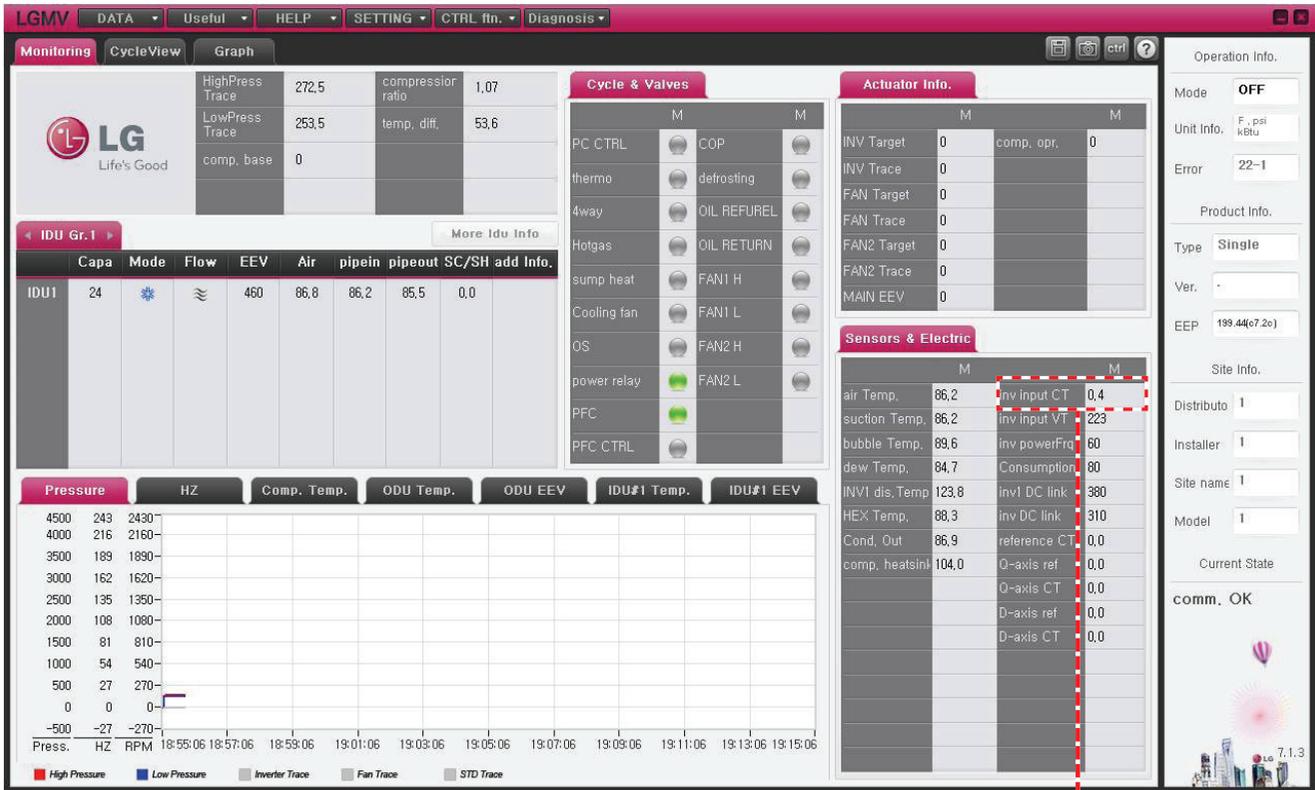
※ PCBA : PCB Assembly

! Caution : When the measurement is made in the state that the electricity is applied, check the tester for being in the measurement mode and be careful to avoid possible short of the parts other than the measuring part.

| Input Current Detection Point | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <p>2.5kW (UL2)</p> | <p>The diagram shows a green PCB with several test points. A red dashed box highlights a specific area. A 2.5V Vdc source is connected to the 'Input_I' point (indicated by a red arrow) and the 'GND' point (indicated by a black arrow). Labels include 'TEST_POINT', 'Comp_Current', 'IN1_TX', 'Input_V', 'DC_LINK', 'Press', and 'Input_I'. A 'GND' label is also present near the bottom connection point.</p> |
| <p>4kW (U24A)</p> | <p>The diagram shows a green PCB with a yellow connector. A red dashed box highlights a specific area. A 2.5V Vdc source is connected to the 'LIN' point (indicated by a red arrow) and the 'GND' point (indicated by a black arrow). Labels include 'ACN-ATP(L)', 'CN-C', 'SUCT ION GR', 'ON-DISCHARGE', 'GND', and 'LIN'. Wires are labeled 'Black' and 'Red'.</p> |

| Compressor Phase Current Detection | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 6kW (U3) |  <p>The image shows a green printed circuit board (PCB) for a 6kW compressor. On the left is a full view of the board with several large electrolytic capacitors. On the right is a close-up of a yellow integrated circuit (IC) labeled '8001' and '140227'. A red dashed box highlights the 'INPUT CURRENT' pins, and another red dashed box highlights the 'GND' pins. A 2.5V Vdc source is connected to the circuit, with a red wire leading to the input current pins and a black wire leading to the ground pins.</p> |
| 7kW (U3) |  <p>The image shows a green PCB for a 7kW compressor. On the left is a full view of the board with a red box highlighting a specific area. On the right is a close-up of the same area, showing a large black heat sink and various components. A red dashed box highlights the 'INPUT CURRENT' pins, and another red dashed box highlights the 'GND_INV' pins. A 2.5V Vdc source is connected to the circuit, with a red wire leading to the input current pins and a black wire leading to the GND_INV pins. Red arrows point to the 'INPUT CURRENT' and 'GND_INV' labels below the image.</p> |

■ LGMV Display



inv input CT 0.4

CH22 error condition

| Controller | Current Level |
|------------|---------------|
| 2.5kW | 14A |
| 4kW | 19A |

DC Link NG Voltage level

| Controller | Current Level |
|------------|---------------|
| 6kW | Cooling 12A ↑ |
| 7kW | Heating 13A ↑ |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

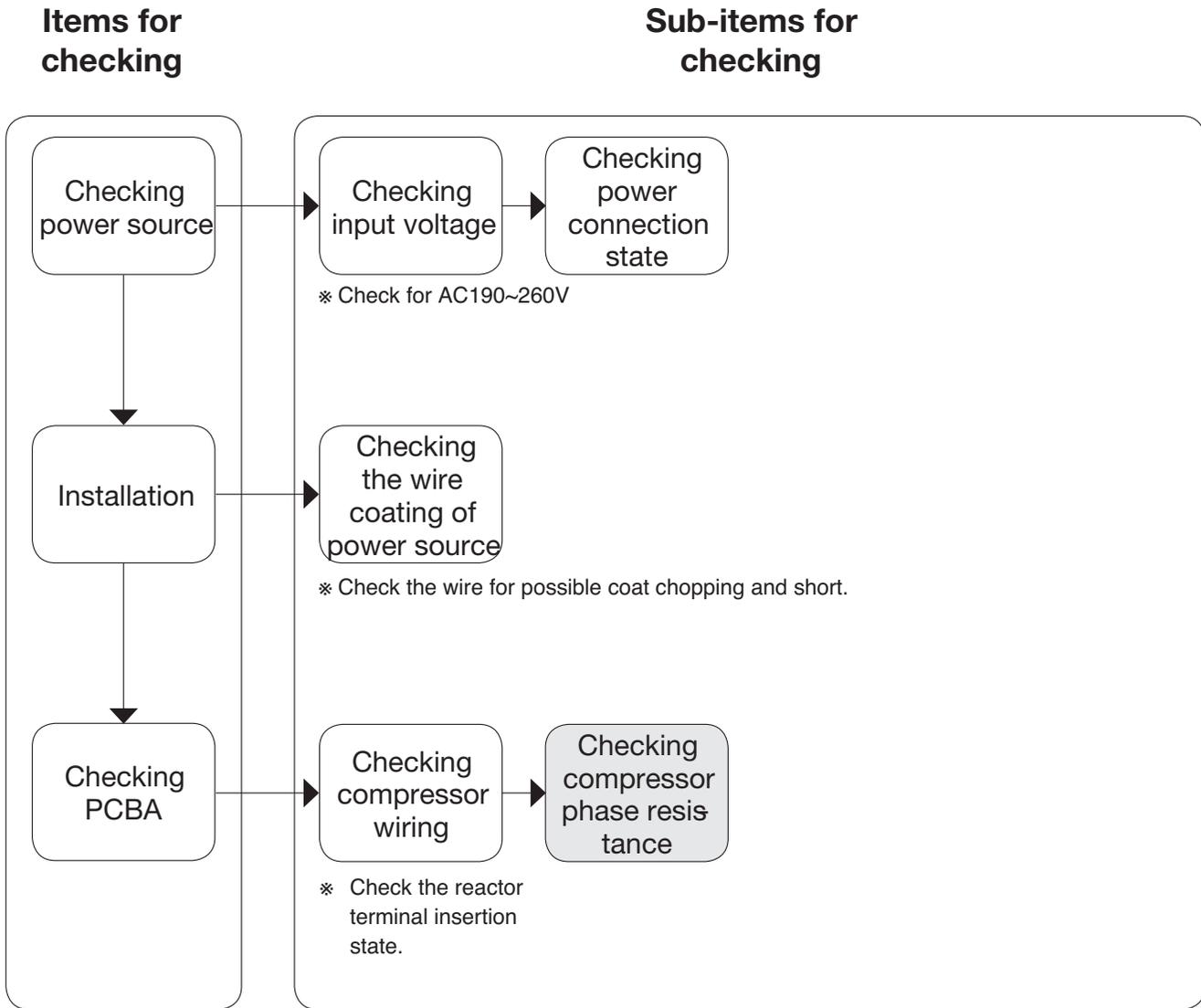
CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| Purpose | | Securing the credibility of the compressor lifetime against the generation of over-current at the compressor part in the DC Link Low Voltage condition. |
| Condition for Generation | | Detected DC Link Voltage is less than the standard. |
| Expected Causes | Installation | Installation fault and input of low-voltage power |
| | PCB Assembly | Damage of DC link voltage detection circuit and reactor terminal connection error |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

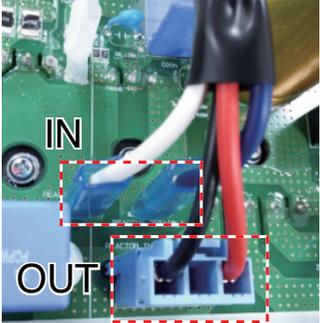
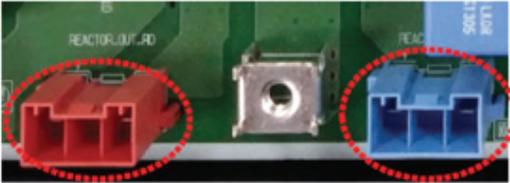
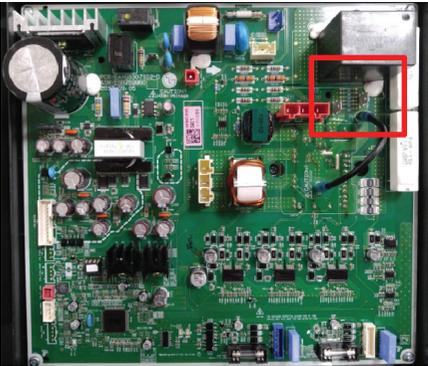
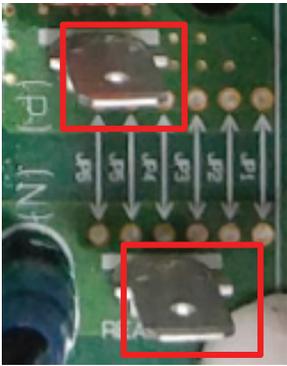
Flow of trouble diagnosis



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

Checking Reactor Connection

| | Reactor Connector Point | |
|-------------|---|--|
| 2.5kW (UL2) |  |  |
| 4kW |  |  |
| 6kW (U3) |  |  |
| 7kW (U3) |  |  |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

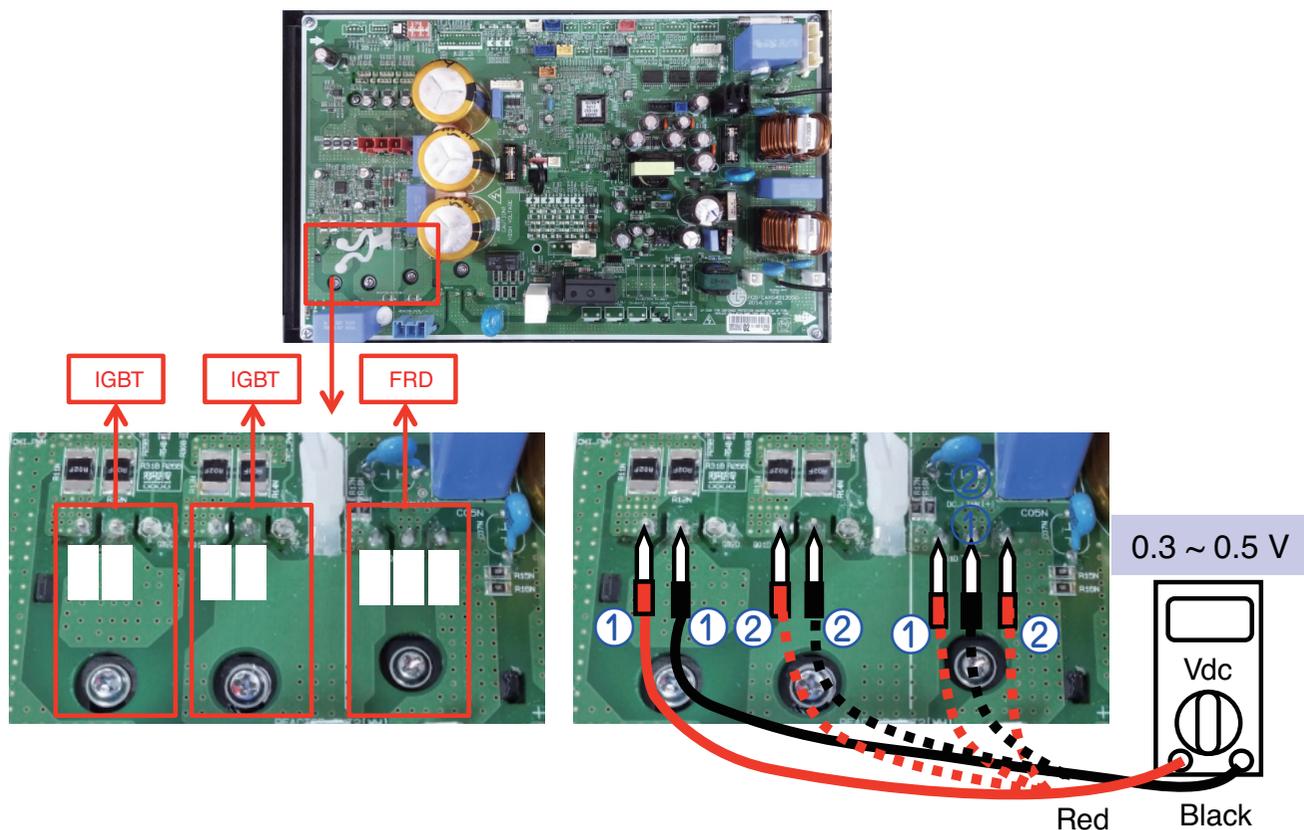
CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

Checking PFCM (PCBA : 4 kW)

| | | | |
|---------|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Purpose | Checking Bridge Diode parts for fault. | Items for checking | 1. Checking PFCM for damage |
|---------|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|

■ How to check PFCM IGBT (Diode Mode)

1. Remove the connector from PCB.
2. Set the Multi-Tester as Diode Voltage Measurement Mode. (→▶)
3. Measure the voltage as shown in Fig. 1.
4. Measure the voltage as shown in Fig. 2.
5. If the measurements are significantly different from the levels shown in the figures, the PFCM is deemed to be damaged.



< IGBT >

| Sequence of Measurement | Measurement | Normal Standards |
|-------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| 1 | C – E | 0.3V~0.5V |
| 2 | C – E | 0.3V~0.5V |

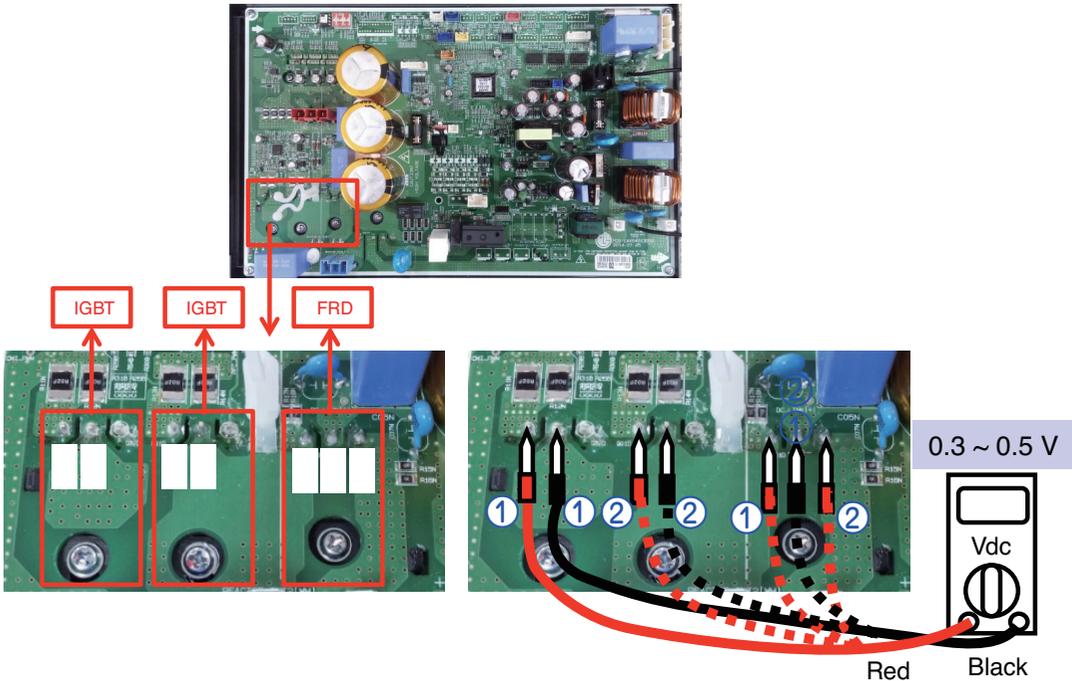
※ C : Collector / E : Emitter

< FRD >

| Sequence of Measurement | Measurement | Normal Standards |
|-------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| 1 | A – C | 0.3V~0.5V |
| 2 | A – C | 0.3V~0.5V |

※ A : Anode / C : Cathode

■ PFCM Point

| | PFCM Point | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------------|--|--|-------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------------|---|-------|-----------|---|-------|-----------|---|-------|-----------|---|-------|-----------|
| 4kW |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">< IGBT ></th> <th colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">< FRD ></th> </tr> <tr> <th style="border: 1px solid black;">Sequence of Measurement</th> <th style="border: 1px solid black;">Measurement</th> <th style="border: 1px solid black;">Normal Standards</th> <th style="border: 1px solid black;">Sequence of Measurement</th> <th style="border: 1px solid black;">Measurement</th> <th style="border: 1px solid black;">Normal Standards</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black;">C - E</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black;">0.3V~0.5V</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black;">A - C</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black;">0.3V~0.5V</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black;">C - E</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black;">0.3V~0.5V</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black;">A - C</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black;">0.3V~0.5V</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">※ C : Collector / E : Emitter ※ A : Anode / C : Cathode</p> | < IGBT > | | | < FRD > | | | Sequence of Measurement | Measurement | Normal Standards | Sequence of Measurement | Measurement | Normal Standards | 1 | C - E | 0.3V~0.5V | 1 | A - C | 0.3V~0.5V | 2 | C - E | 0.3V~0.5V | 2 | A - C | 0.3V~0.5V |
| < IGBT > | | | < FRD > | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sequence of Measurement | Measurement | Normal Standards | Sequence of Measurement | Measurement | Normal Standards | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | C - E | 0.3V~0.5V | 1 | A - C | 0.3V~0.5V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | C - E | 0.3V~0.5V | 2 | A - C | 0.3V~0.5V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

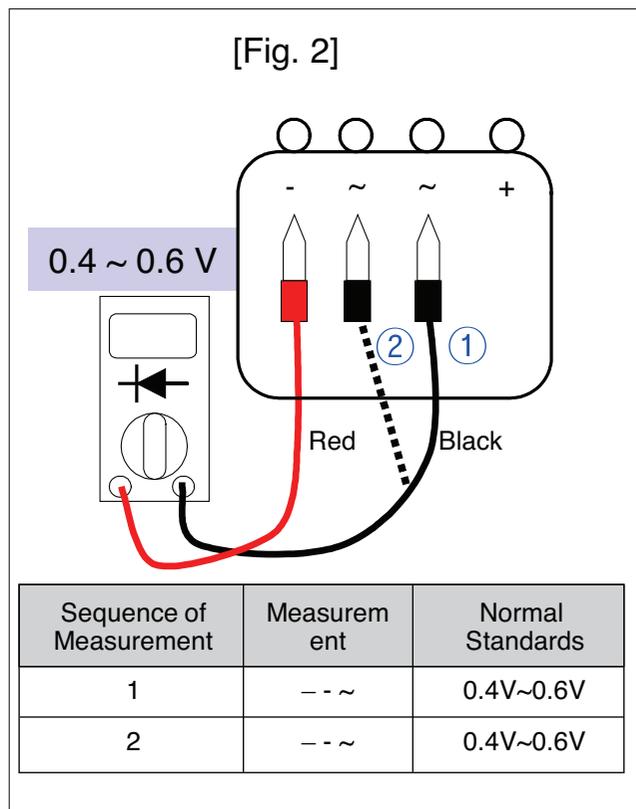
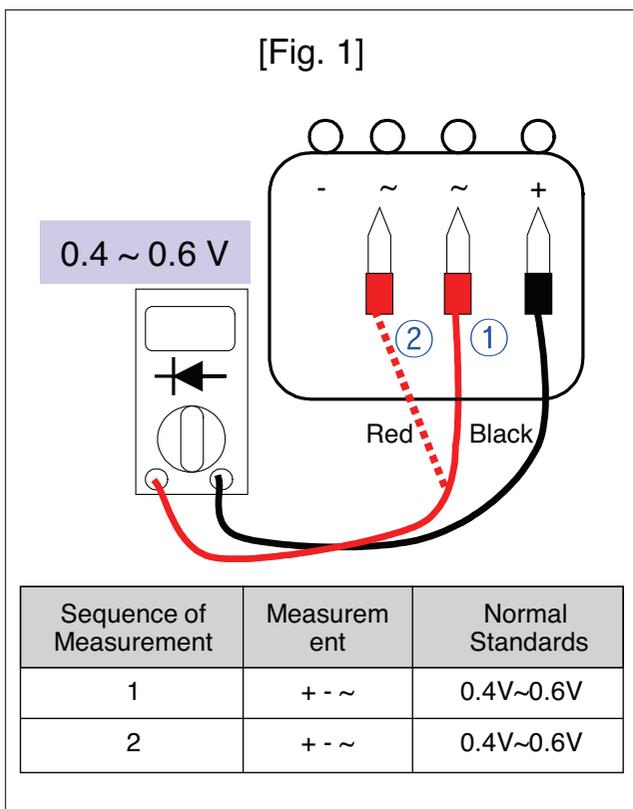
CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

Checking Discrete PFC(PCBA :6kW)

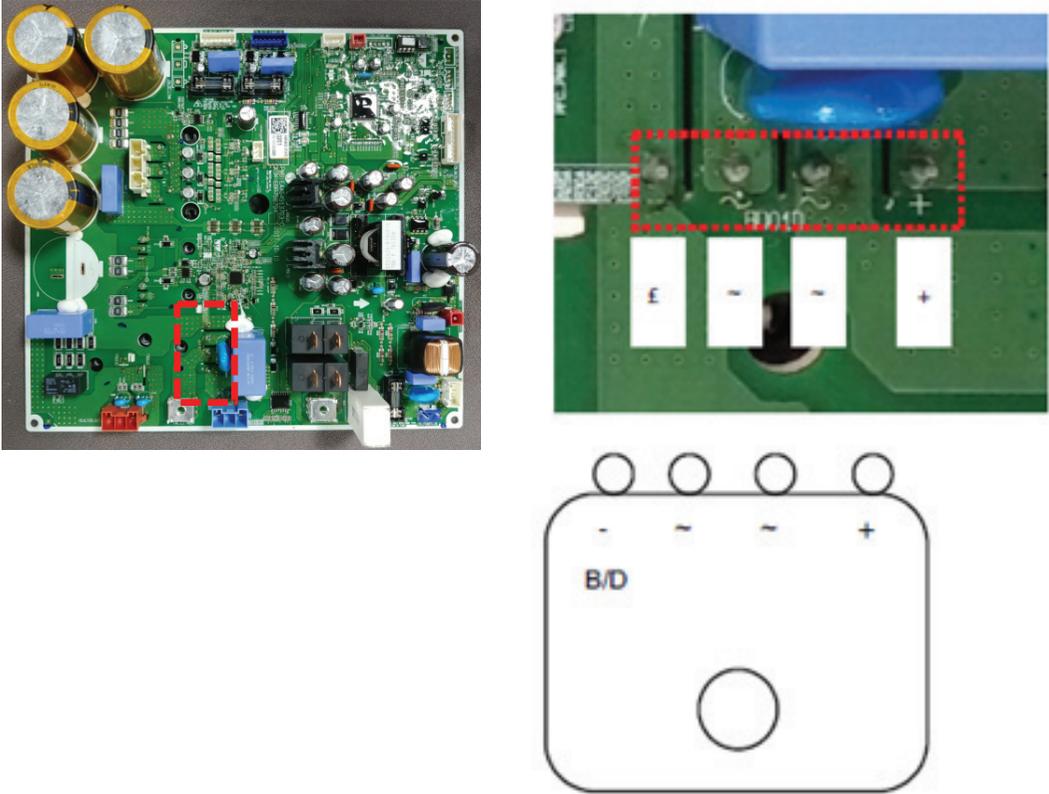
| | | | |
|---------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Purpose | Checking Bride Diode parts for fault. | Items for checking | 1. Checking B/D for damage |
|---------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|

■ How to check B/D of Discrete PFC(Diode Mode)

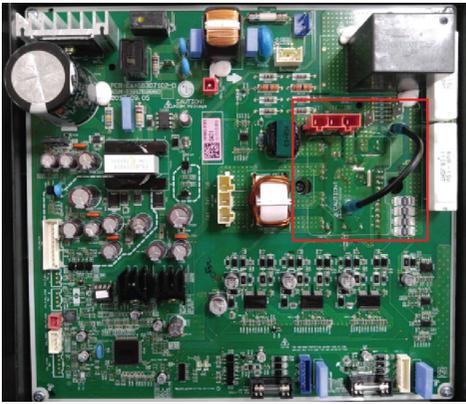
1. Remove the connector from PCB.
2. Set the Multi-Tester as Diode Voltage Measurement Mode. (→|←)
3. Measure the voltage as shown in Fig. 1.
4. Measure the voltage as shown in Fig. 2.
5. If the measurements are significantly different from the levels shown in the figures, the PFCM is deemed to be damaged.



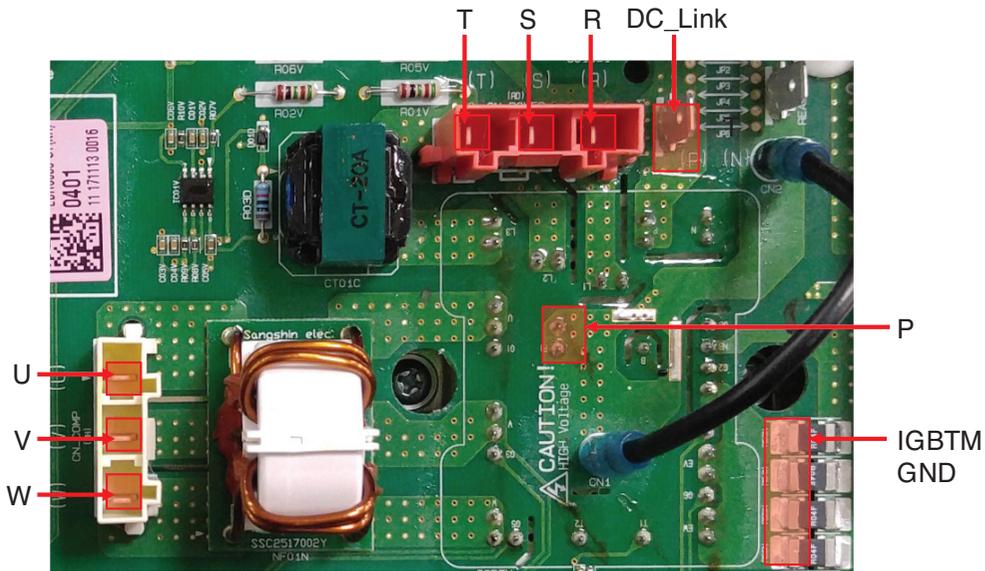
■ B/Diode of Discrete PFC Point

| Division | PFCM Point |
|----------|---|
| 6kW |  |

Part 4 Trouble Shooting



| Check Point | Multi Meter | | | Measured value | |
|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|------------|
| | Mode | BLACK | RED | Normal | Abnormal |
| IGBTM High side Didoe | ✚ | DC_Link | R | 0.35V ~ 0.7 V | Non-normal |
| | | | S | | |
| | | | T | | |
| IGBTM Low side Didoe | | R | | | |
| | | S | IGBTM GND | | |
| | | T | | | |
| IGBTM Hige side IGBT | P | U | | | |
| | | V | | | |
| | | W | | | |
| IGBTM Low side IGBT | U | IGBTM GND | | | |
| | | | V | | |
| | | | W | | |



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 24 High pressure switch error

CH24(High pressure switch error) / System is turned off by outdoor unit high pressure switch error

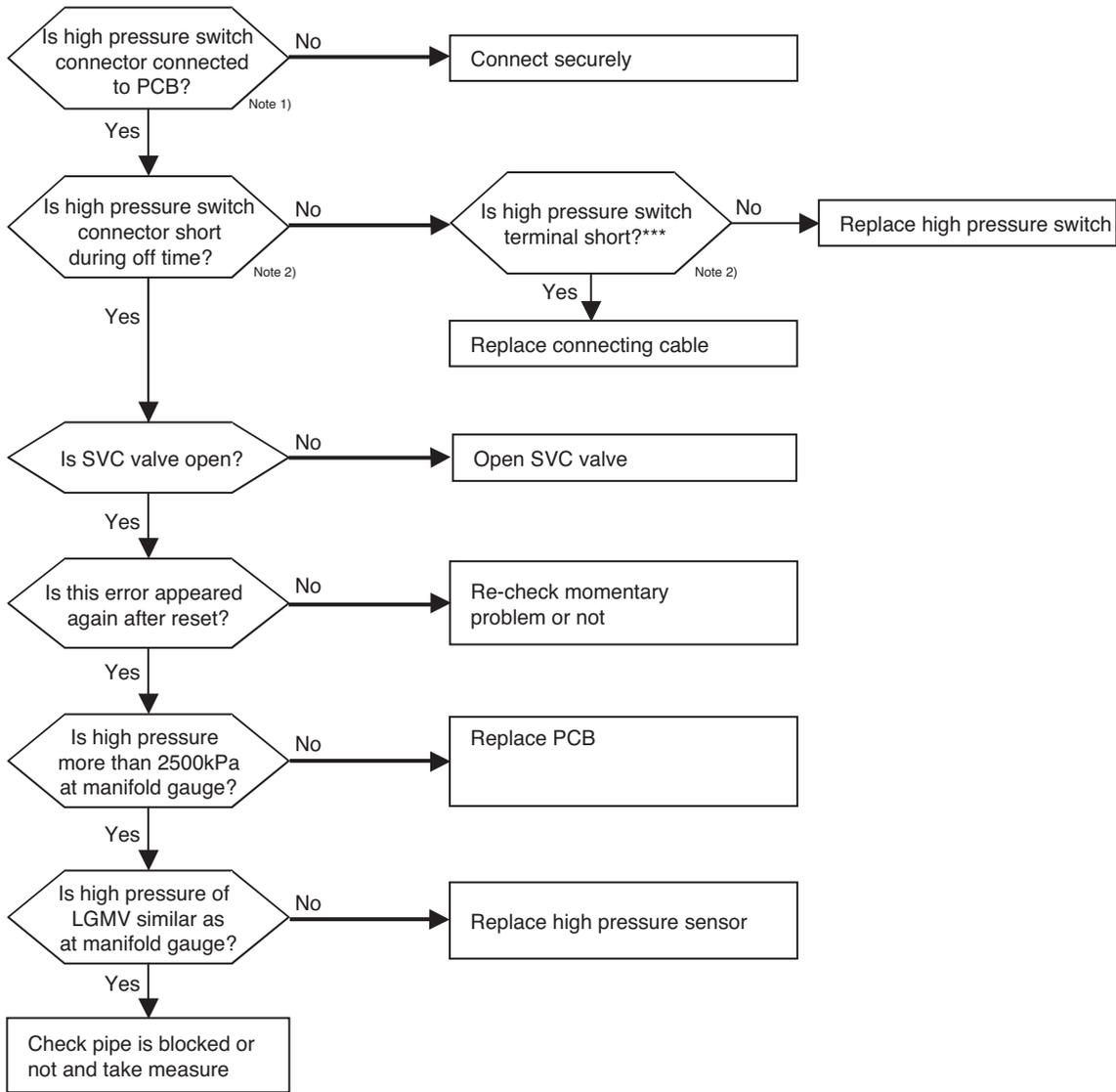
| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Purpose | Excessive rise of discharge pressure in outdoor compressor |
| Items for checking | Compressor off due to the high pressure switch in outdoor unit |

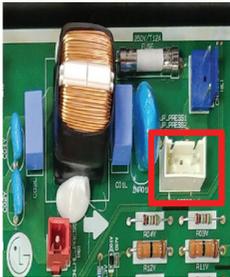
■ How to check High pressure switch error

1. Defective high pressure switch
2. Defective fan of indoor unit or outdoor unit
3. Check valve of compressor clogged
4. Pipe distortion due to the pipe damage
5. Refrigerant overcharge
6. Defective EEV at the indoor or outdoor unit
7. Covering or clogging
(Outdoor covering during the cooling mode / Indoor unit filter clogging during the heating mode)
8. SVC valve clogging
9. Defective outdoor PCB

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

■ Flow of trouble diagnosis



| Note1 | Check Point | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| ZU UW09GA0 ZU UW12GA0 ZU UW18GA0 ZU UW24GA0 | 2.5kW | 3/4kW(U24A) | 4kW |
| |  |  |  |
| ZU UW60GA0 ZU UW60LA0 | 6/7kW(Main) | 6kW(Inv) | 7kW(Inv) |
| |  |  |  |

| Note2 | Check Point | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| High pressure switch | Normal : Short Abnormal : Open |  |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

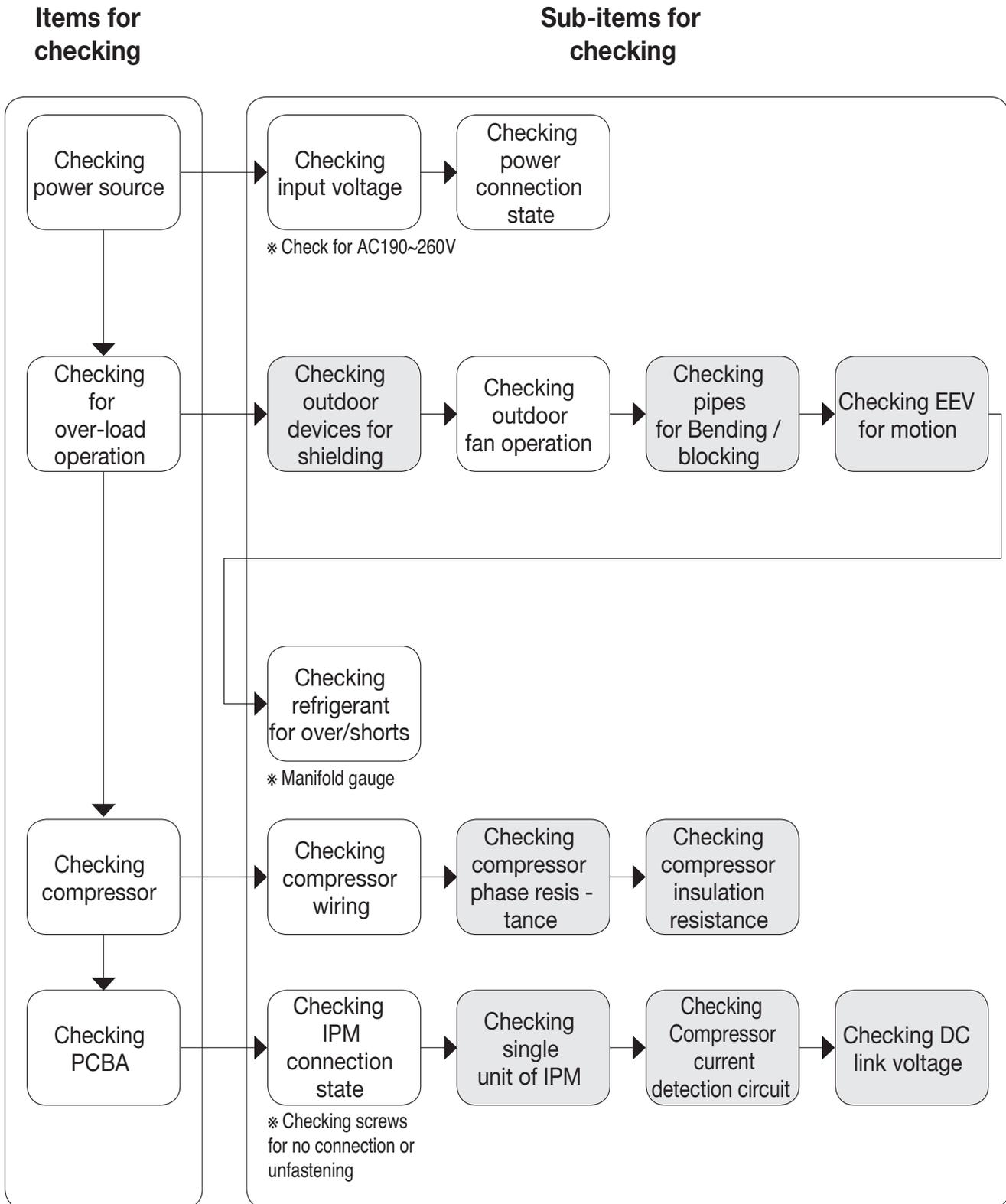
CH 26 (Compressor Starting Failure)

| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Purpose | | Restarting of the compressor when it does not properly work. |
| Condition for Generation | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① The compressor current exceeds the standard at initial starting. ② The compressor current does not reach the standard at initial starting. ③ The compressor frequency does not reach the standard at initial starting. |
| Expected Causes | Installation & Overload | Closing of SVC valve, under/over charging with refrigerant, infiltration of water into refrigerant, outdoor device shielding, outdoor fan fault, EEV valve fault, and sensor fault or assembling error |
| | Compressor | Open/Short of the coil in the compressor, insulation breaking between the coil in the compressor and the sash, damage of compressor with abrasion, and compressor connection fault |
| | PCB Assembly | IPM parts fault, compressor current detection circuit fault, and DC link detection circuit fault |
| | Others | Input of abnormal power, IPM connection fault, and power connection fault |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 26 (Compressor Starting Failure)

Flow of trouble diagnosis



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

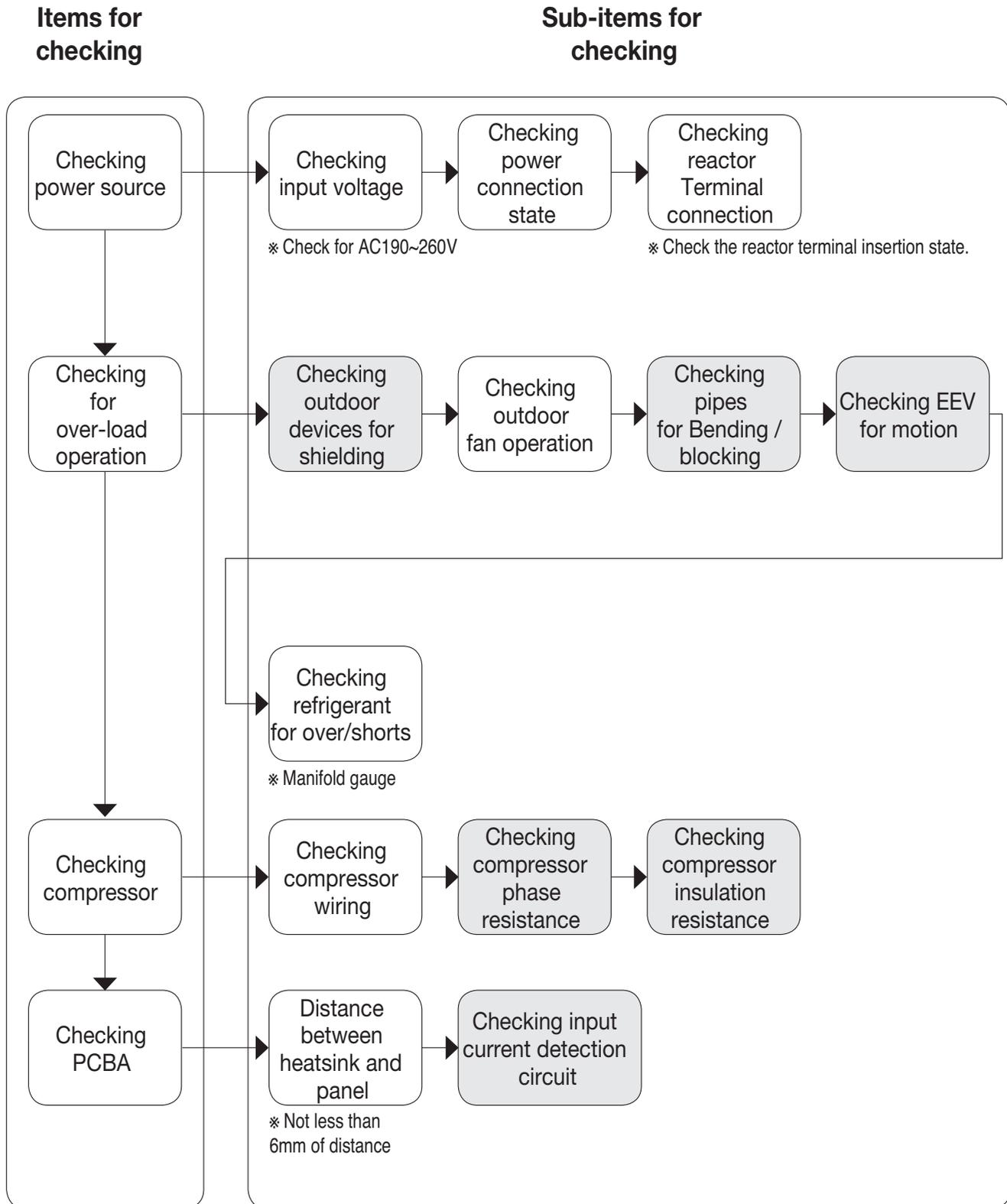
CH 27/73 (PSC/PFC Fault Error)

| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Purpose | | Prevention of the damage of PCBA, wire, and connector caused by over-current |
| Condition for Generation | | Transfer of signals with detection of the flow of over-current in PSC/PFC |
| Expected Causes | Installation & Overload | Transfer of signals with detection of the flow of over-current in PSC/PFC, Outdoor device shielding |
| | Compressor | Open/Short of the coil in the compressor, insulation breaking between the coil in the compressor and the sash, damage of compressor with abrasion, and compressor connection fault |
| | PCB Assembly | Damage of PSCM/PFCM and input current detection circuit fault |
| | Others | Input of abnormal power, power connection fault, reactor terminal connection fault, and faulty distance between heatsink and sash |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 27/73 (PSC/PFC Fault Error)

Flow of trouble diagnosis



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

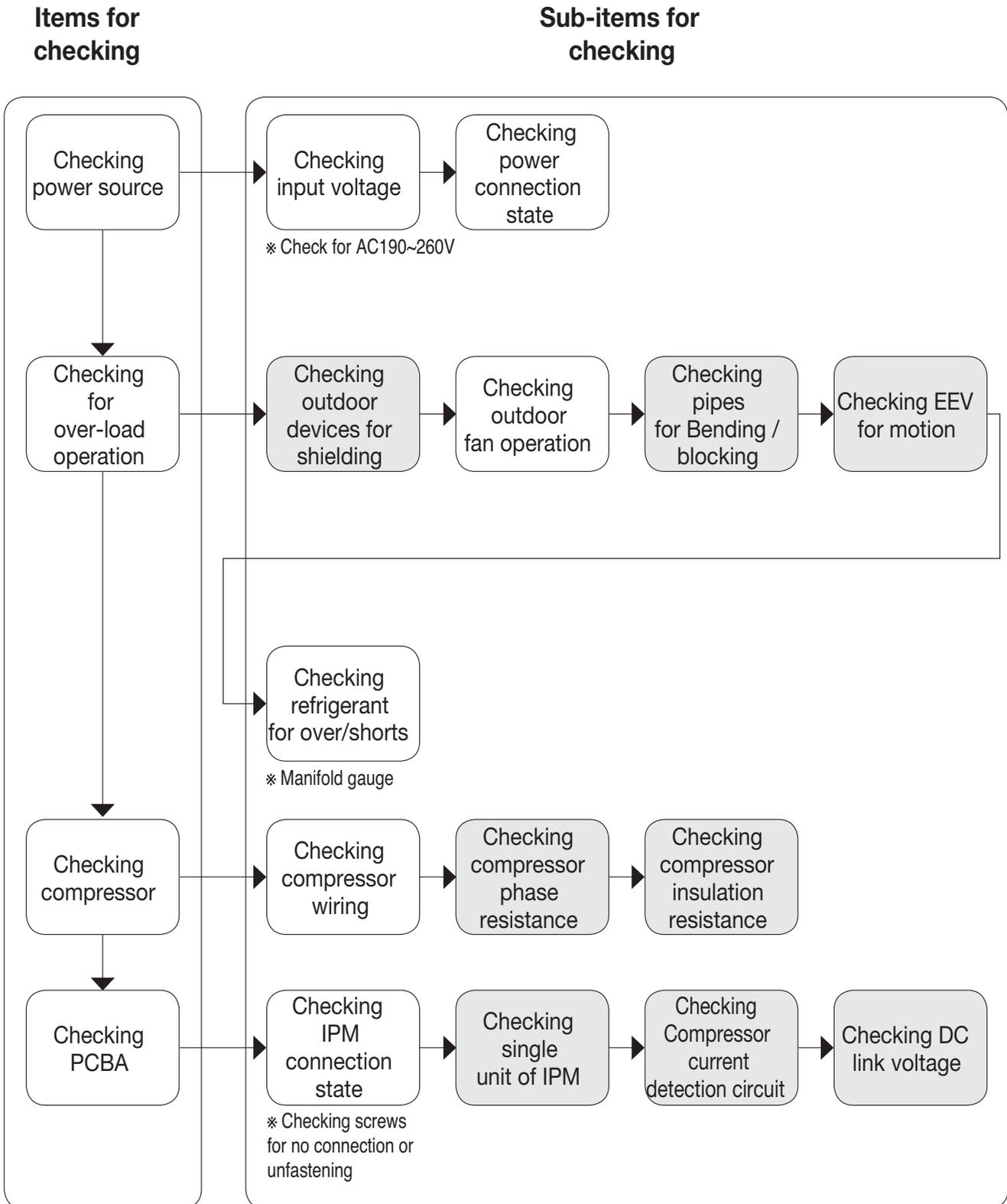
CH 29 (Compressor Over Current)

| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Purpose | | Protection of IPM and compressor in the PCB assembly from over-current. |
| Condition for Generation | | Increased compressor current exceeding the standard. |
| Expected Causes | Installation & Overload | Transfer of signals with detection of the flow of over-current in PSC/PFC, blocking of a outdoor unit. |
| | Compressor | Open/Short of the coil in the compressor, insulation breaking between the coil in the compressor and the sash, damage of compressor with abrasion, and compressor connection fault |
| | PCB Assembly | Compressor current detection circuit fault, DC link detection circuit fault, and fault of single unit of IPM |
| | Others | Input of abnormal power and power connection fault |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 29 (Compressor Over Current)

Flow of trouble diagnosis



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 32 (Discharge pipe overheating error of Inverter)

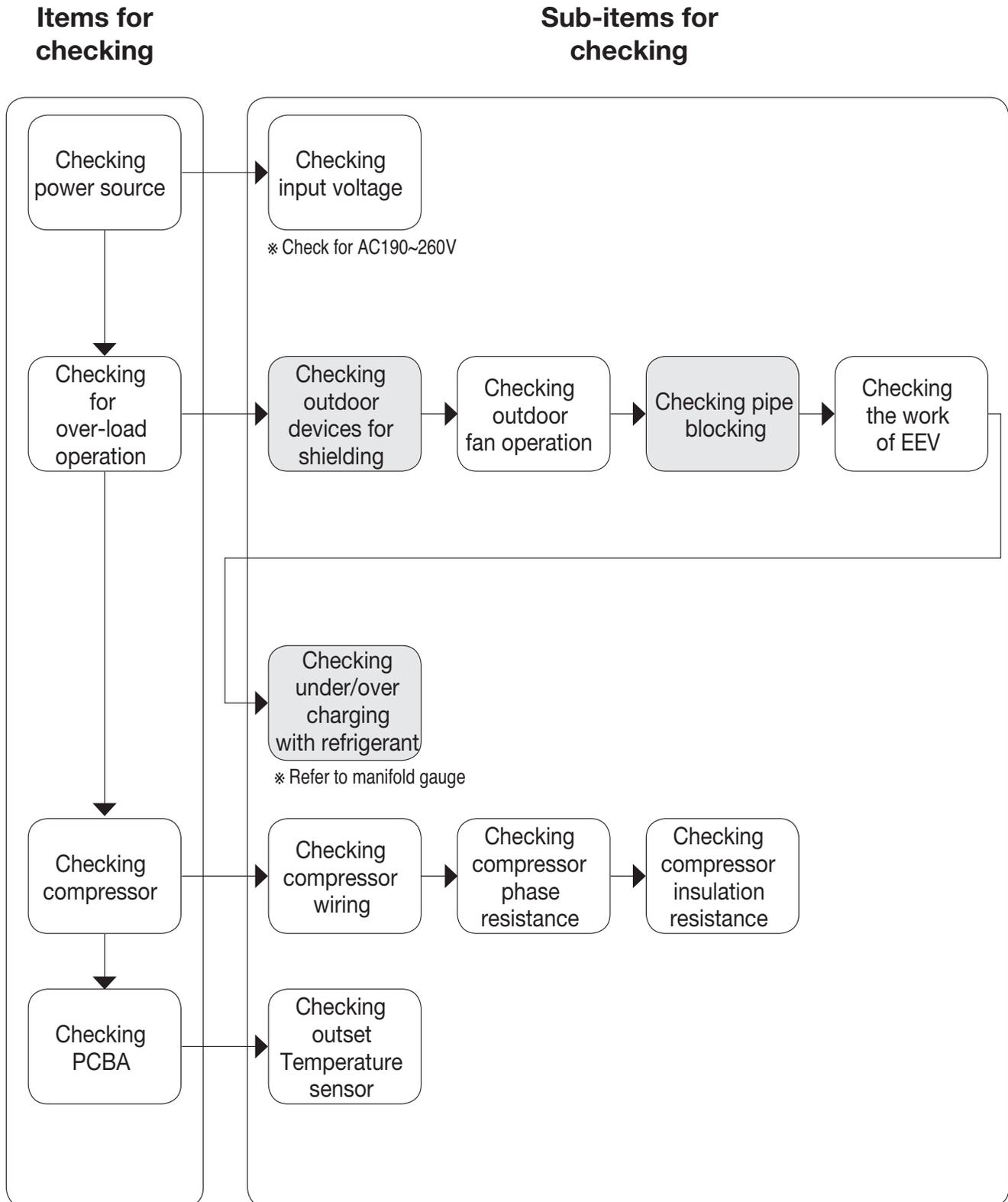
| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| Purpose | | Possible damage of compressor and piping due to high discharge temperature |
| Condition for Generation | | The discharge temperature is elevated exceeding the standard. |
| Expected Causes | Installation | Installation fault, closing of SVC valve, under/over charging with refrigerant, and infiltration of moisture into refrigerant |
| | Overload | Outdoor device shielding, outdoor fan fault, and EEV valve fault |
| | Compressor | Short between compressor coil and sash, abrasion of compressor, and short/opening of compressor coil |
| | PCB Assembly | Compressor current and DC link voltage detection circuit fault |
| | Sensor | Discharge temperature sensor fault |

※ IPM (Intelligent Power Module) : The part to control the inverter compressor

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 32 (Discharge pipe overheating error of Inverter)

Flow of trouble diagnosis



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 35 (Discharge pipe overheating error of Inverter)

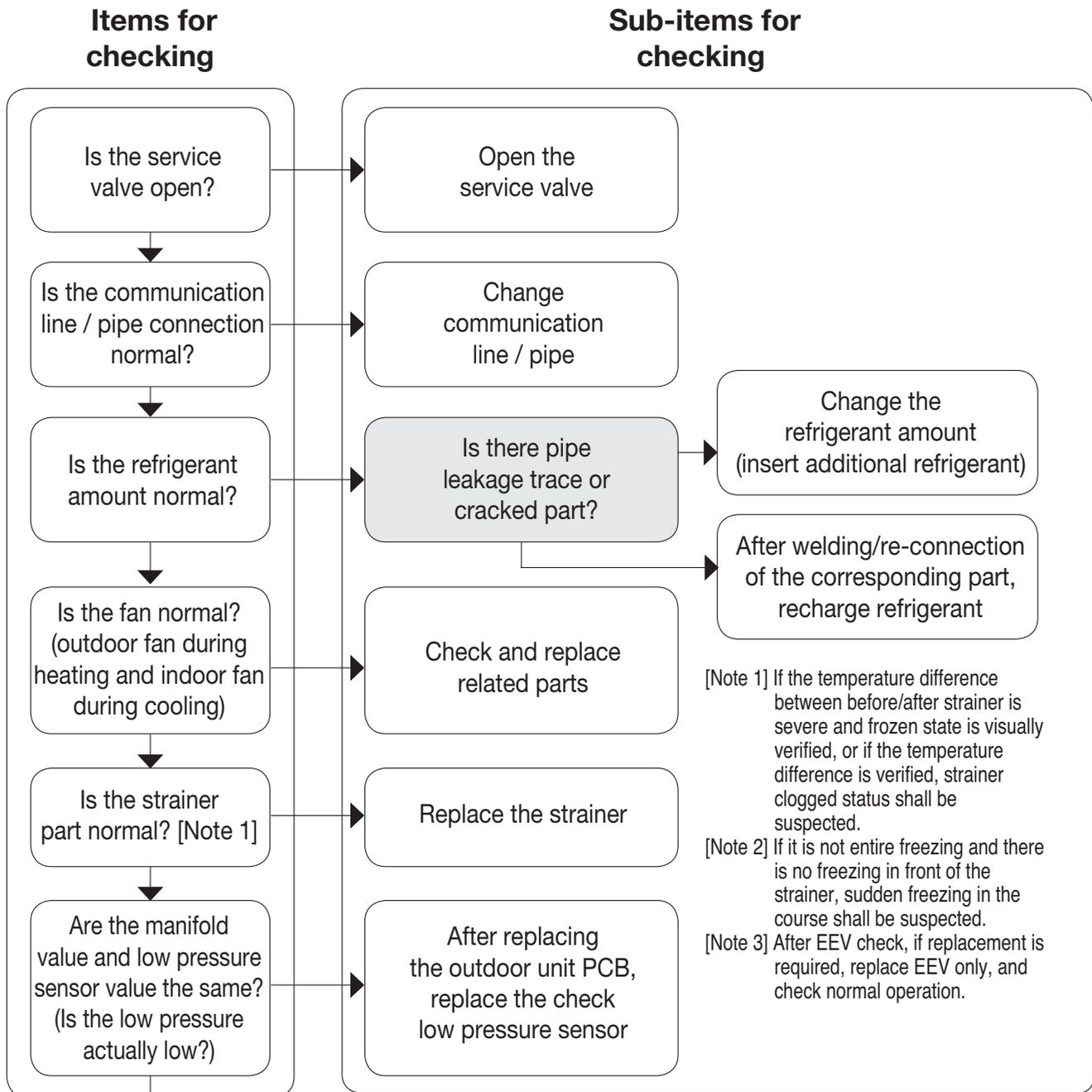
| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| Purpose | | Possible damage of compressor due to excessive low pressure |
| Condition for Generation | | The low pressure of outdoor unit is decreased excessively. |
| Expected Causes | Installation | Lack and leakage of refrigerant Service valve clogged in case of deformation or shielding by refrigeration pipe damage (outdoor unit shielding during heating / indoor filter clogging during cooling) |
| | PCB Assembly | Outdoor unit PCB defect |
| | Sensor | Low pressure sensor defect Indoor pipe temperature sensor defect |
| | Others | Indoor unit or outdoor unit fan failure EEV defect |

* IPM (Intelligent Power Module) : The part to control the inverter compressor

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 35 (Discharge pipe overheating error of Inverter)

Flow of trouble diagnosis



Check indoor/outdoor EEV / check indoor/outdoor unit PCB / check indoor/outdoor unit installation environment
 : Do not replace PCB before EEV check.
 : When EEV problem is found, replace EEV, and check normal operation of the product.

! Caution : Before checking PCB or various outdoor unit electricity flowing parts, start the checking 3 min. after power cut off. If it is measured in power supply stand by state, check the tester's measurement mode and be careful of the short circuit with parts other than the measurement part.

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 38 (Refrigerant leakage error)

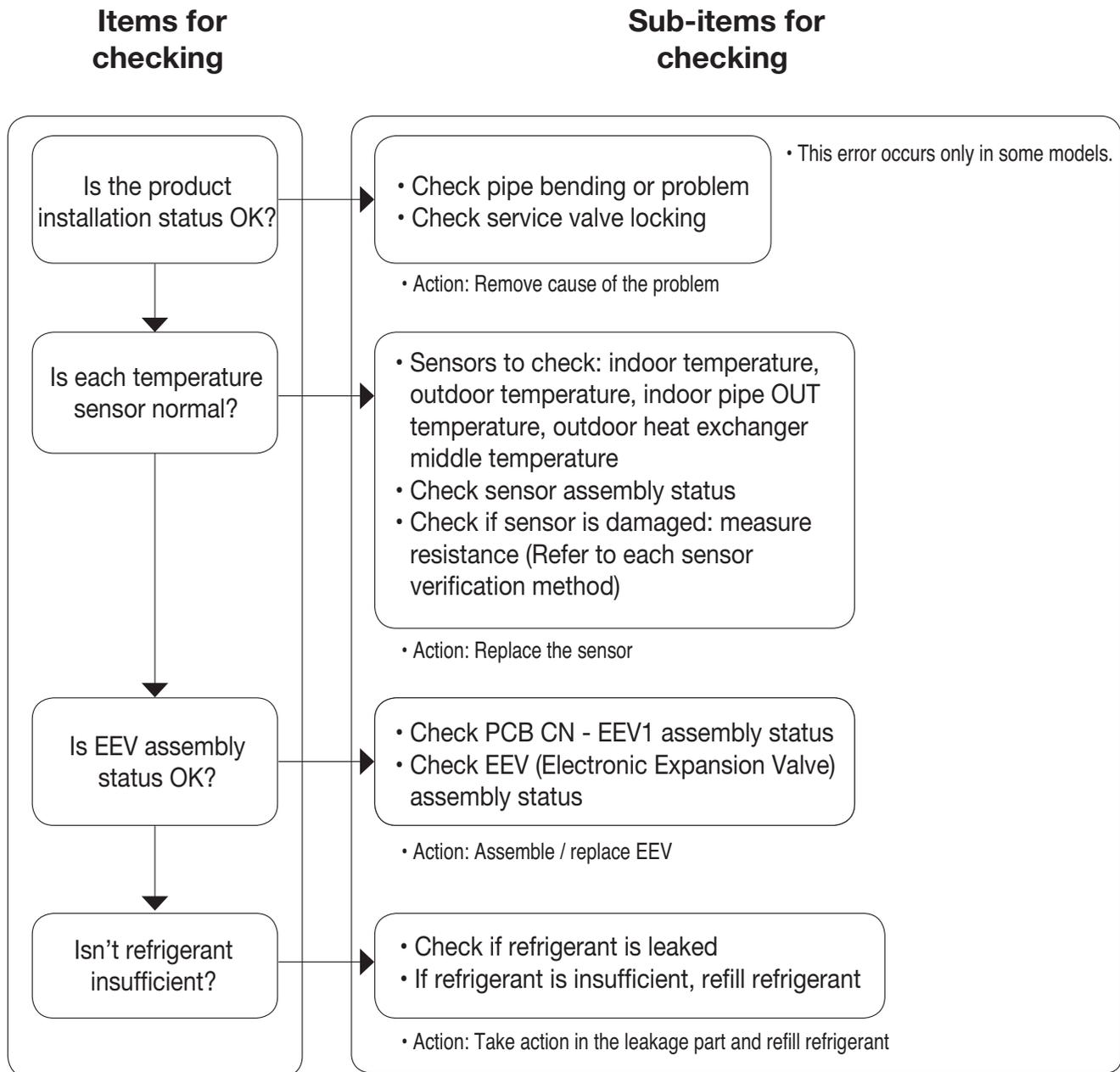
| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| Purpose | | Possible damage of compressor due to refrigerant leakage or lack |
| Condition for Generation | | If refrigerant is insufficient or if refrigerant is leaked |
| Expected Causes | Installation | Refrigerant leakage (insufficient) Service valve locked Pipe bending defect |
| | Sensor | Sensor defect |
| | Others | EEV connector falling off / EEV assembly defect |

* IPM (Intelligent Power Module) : The part to control the inverter compressor

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 38 (Refrigerant leakage error)

Flow of trouble diagnosis



! Caution : Before checking PCB or various outdoor unit electricity flowing parts, start the checking 3 min. after power cut off. If it is measured in power supply stand by state, check the tester's measurement mode and be careful of the short circuit with parts other than the measurement part.

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

Checking Temperature Sensor Open/Short

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Prevention of reception of wrong temperature value from the temperature sensor |
| Condition for Generation | Damage of temperature sensor (Short / Open) |

■ Cause of Temperature Sensor Error

| Classification | Causes in Detail |
|----------------|---|
| PCB Assembly | Connector open, damaged insulation of sash, damage of the wire coating of temperature sensors |

| Code No. | Details of Errors |
|----------|--|
| 41 | Inverter Discharge temperature sensor Open/Short |
| 43 | High pressure Sensor Error |
| 44 | Outdoor air temperature sensor Open/Short |
| 45 | Outdoor piping temperature sensor Open/Short |
| 46 | Outdoor suction temperature sensor Open/Short |
| 47 | Constant rate outlet temperature sensor Open/Short |

1. Uses of sensors

: Control of compressor and cycle

2. Kinds of Sensors (See corresponding pages)

Outlet : $200K\Omega \pm 10\%$

Piping : $5K\Omega \pm 10\%$

Air : $10K\Omega \pm 10\%$

(Based on 25°C of surrounding temperature)

3. Sensor insulation resistance

: The resistance between the sash and sensor terminal should be not less than $1M\Omega$.

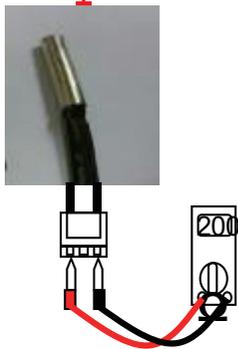
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

Sensor Checking Methods

| Purpose | Checking single units of sensors for fault | Items for checking | Measurement of the unique resistance by sensor temperature. |
|---------|--|--------------------|---|
|---------|--|--------------------|---|

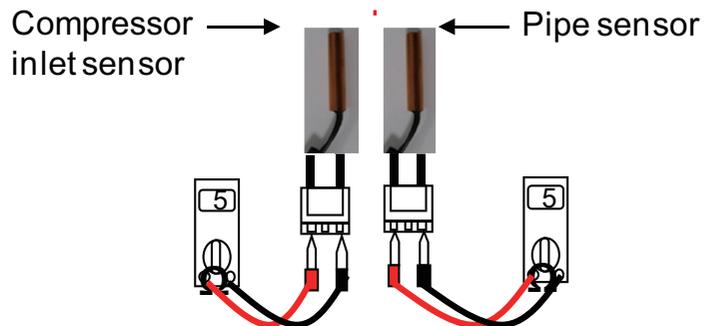
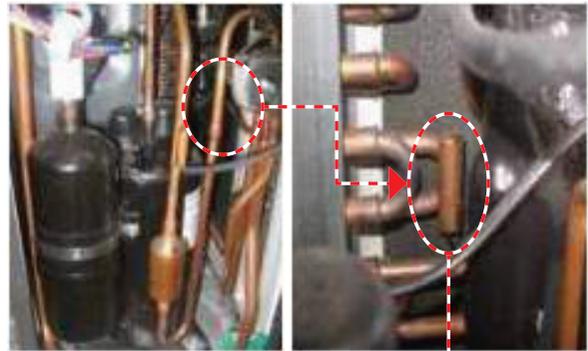
① Compressor discharge sensor

- Position : Outlet of compressor
- Sensor value : $200k\Omega \pm 10\%$
(Based on 25°C)



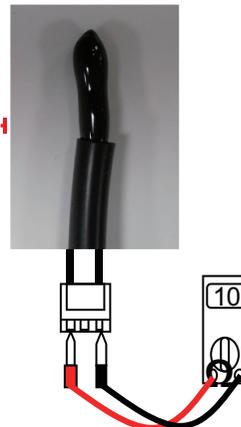
② Pipe sensor

- Position : Compressor inlet and pipe
- Sensor value : $5k\Omega \pm 10\%$
(Based on 25°C)



③ Outdoor temperature sensor

- Position : Rear part of outdoor device
- Sensor value : $10k\Omega \pm 10\%$
(Based on 25°C)

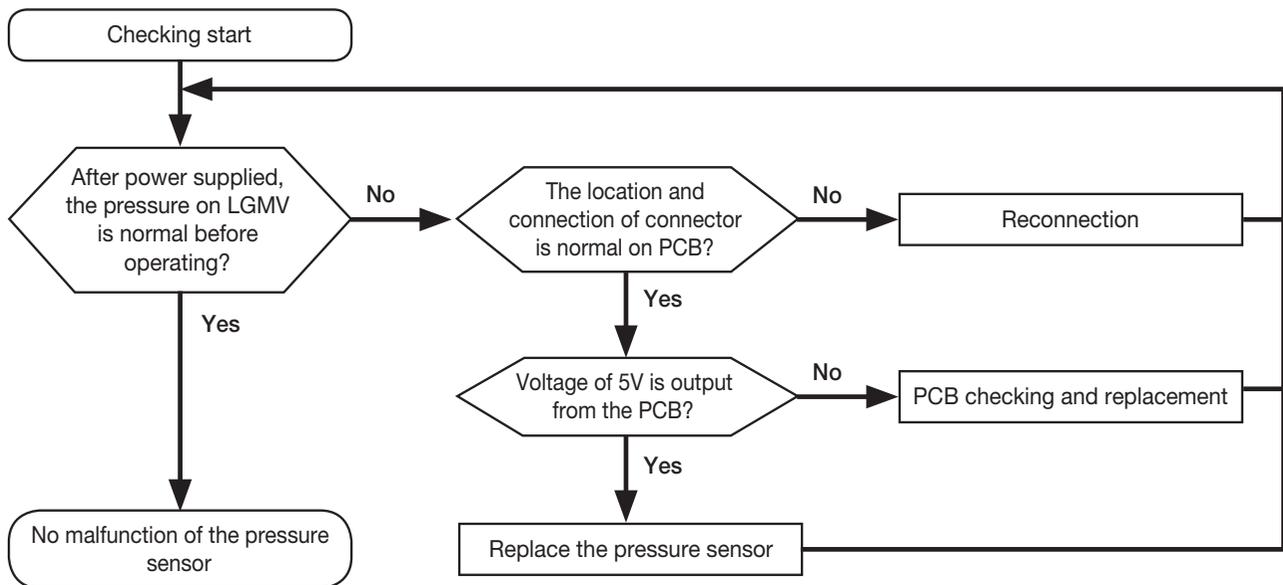


6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

| | | | |
|---------|--|--------------------|---|
| Purpose | Checking single units of sensors for fault | Items for checking | Measurement of the unique resistance by sensor temperature. |
|---------|--|--------------------|---|

④ Pressure sensor

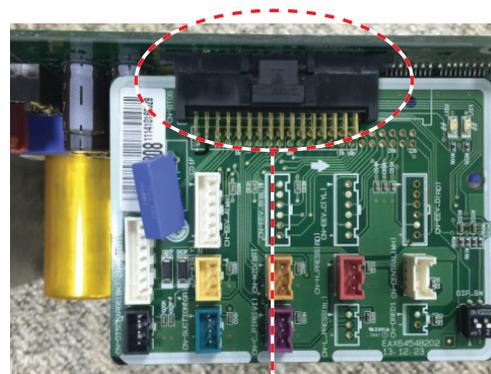
- Position : Outlet of 4-way valve (based on cooling mode)



- In case of UU09WR, UU12WR Model, check the ejection of Sub PCB.



Ejection of sub PCB



Insert the sub PCB to the Main PCB

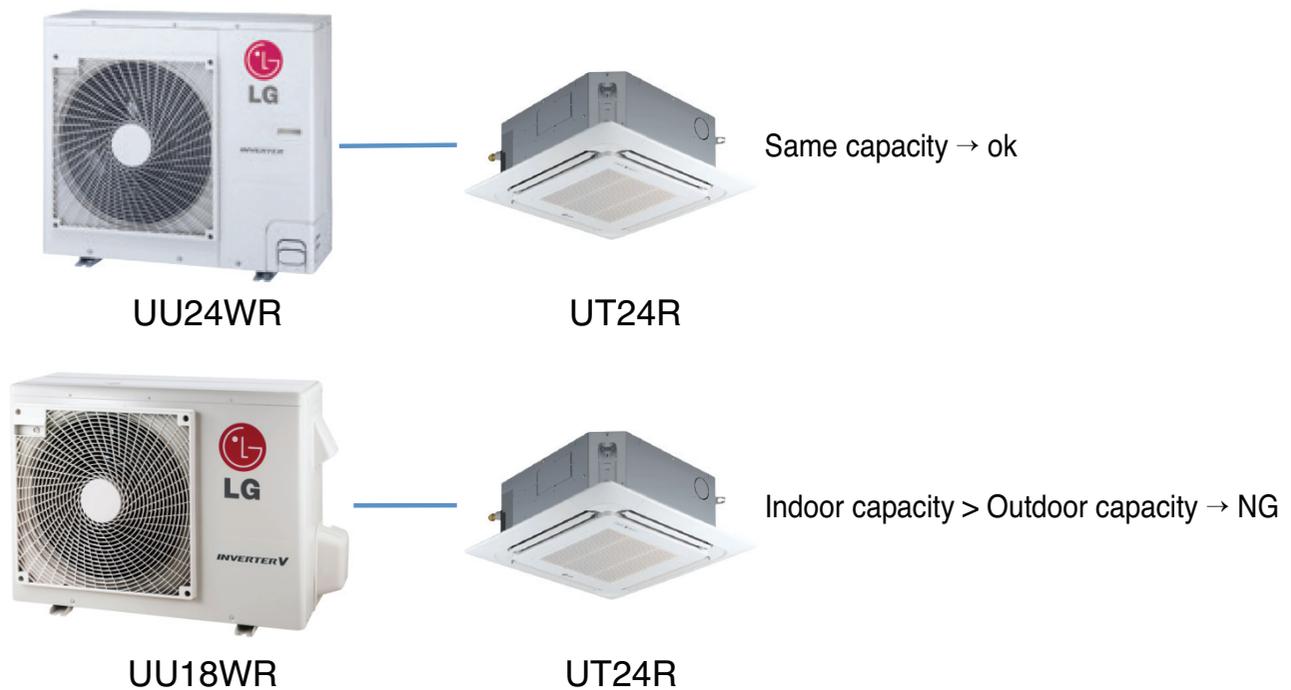
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 51 (Indoor Device Connection Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|---|
| Purpose | Prevention of installation of indoor devices exceeding the capacity of outdoor device |
| Condition for Generation | Connection of indoor devices exceeding the guaranteed capacity of outdoor device |

Re-installation of products

■ Judgment Method

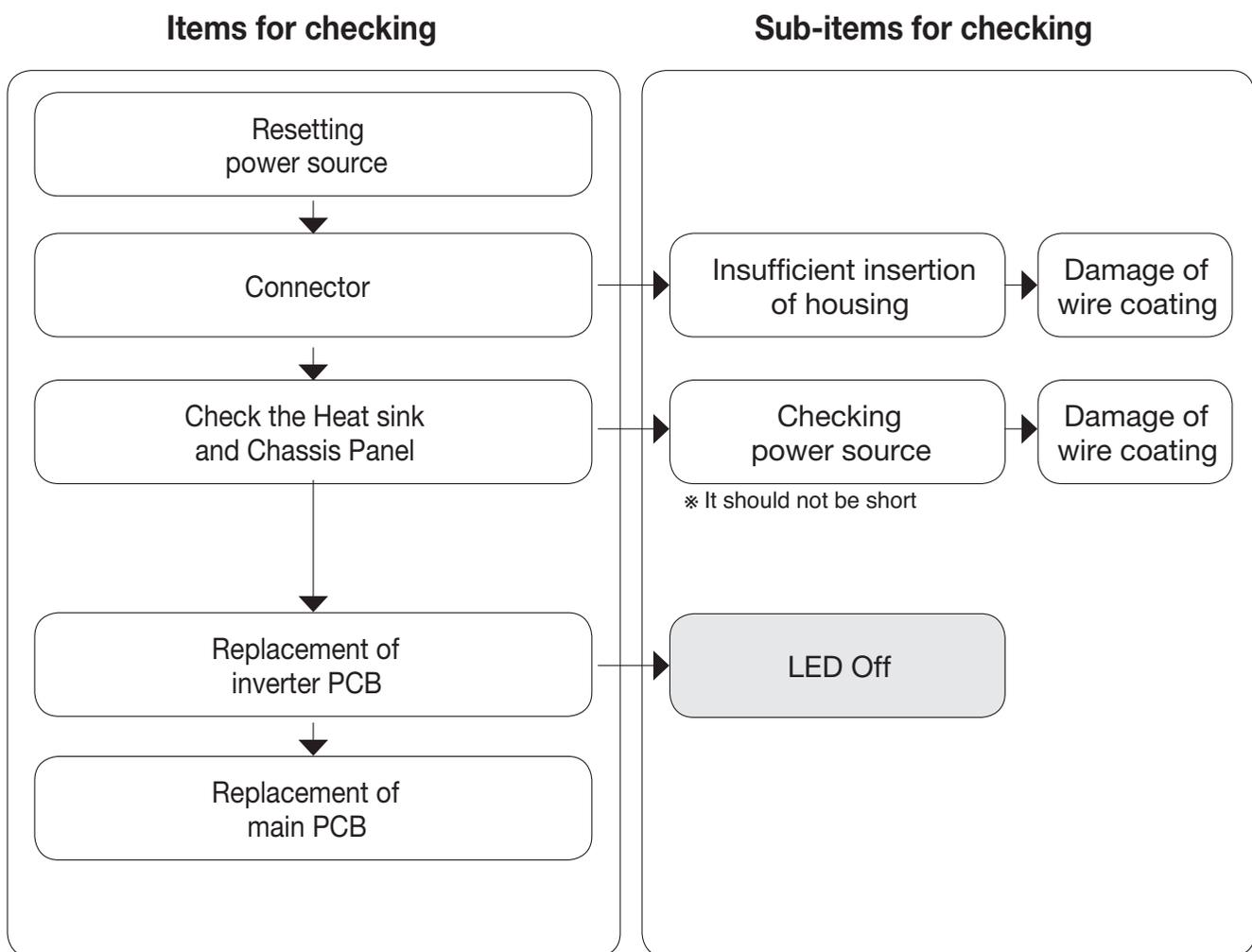


6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 52 (PCB Communication Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Checking the communication state between Main PCB and Inverter PCB |
| Condition for Generation | Generation of noise source interfering with communication |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.



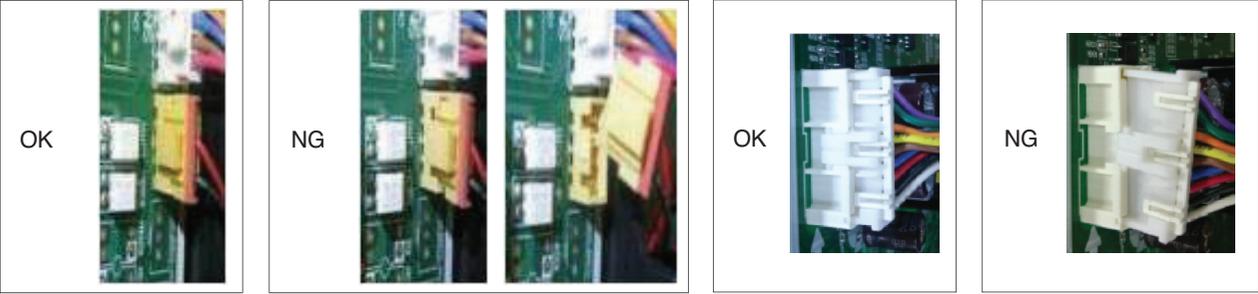
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 52 (PCB Communication Error)

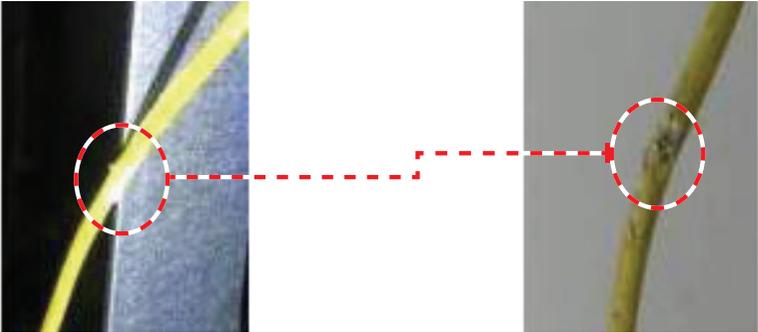
Environment interfering PCB communication

| Purpose | Installation environment interfering the communication | Items for checking | Checking method of faulty points |
|---------|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|
|---------|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|

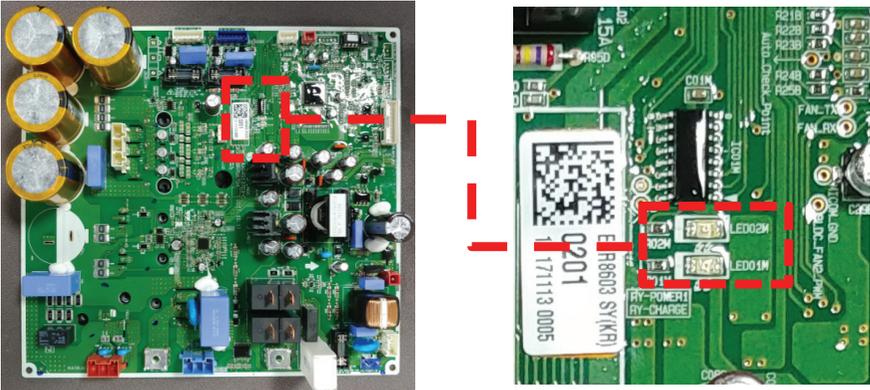
① Insufficient insertion of wires



② Damage of wire coating
: Interference with wires or wire coating damage with chopping



③ Inverter PCB LED
: Replacement of inverter PCB during LED Off after resetting

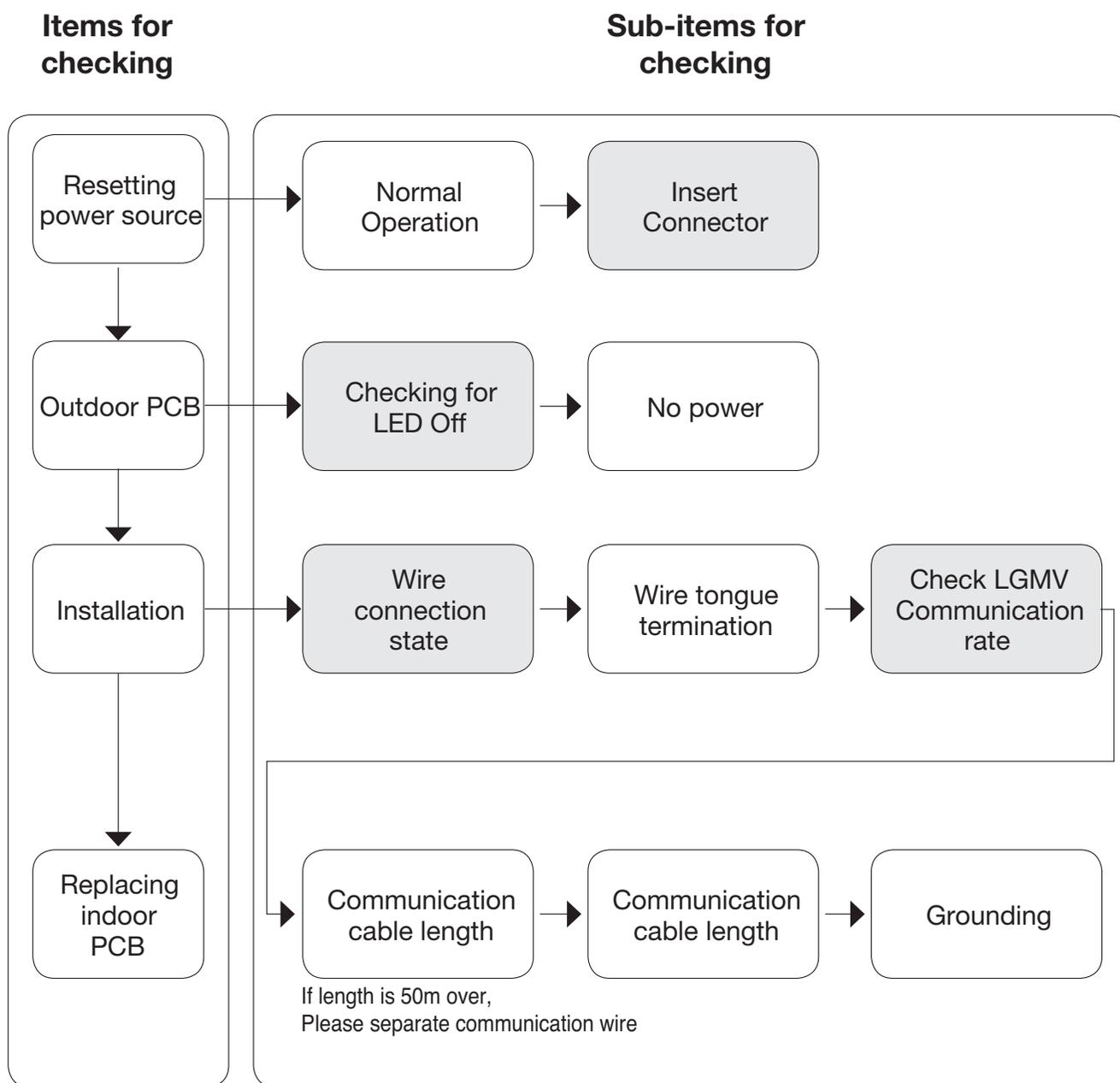


6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|---|
| Purpose | 1. Damage of high pressure switch (Check the high pressure switch) 2. Damage due to incorrect installation of outdoor device PCB |
| Condition for Generation | Damage and installation of outdoor device PCB |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.



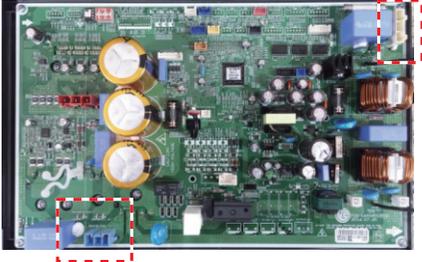
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

Checking Method of Outdoor PCB

| | | | |
|---------|--|--------------------|--|
| Purpose | Checking whether outdoor PCB is normal | Items for checking | Lighting of LED, fuse damage, and reactor connection error |
|---------|--|--------------------|--|

- ① Check reactor connection state.
- ② Check fuse state
- ③ Check whether outdoor PCB LED is lighted.

| 구분 | Fuse Point | |
|----------|---|--|
| 2/2.5kW |  | |
| 4kW |  | |
| 6kW (U3) |  |  |
| 7kW (U3) |  | |

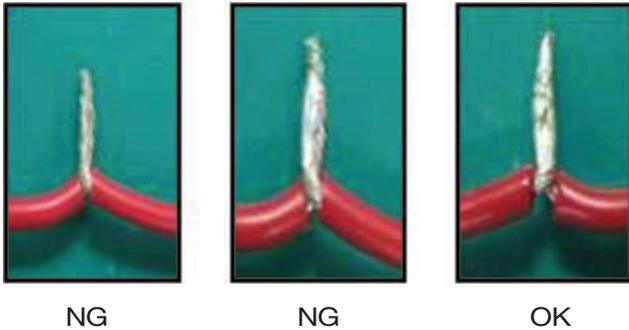
6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

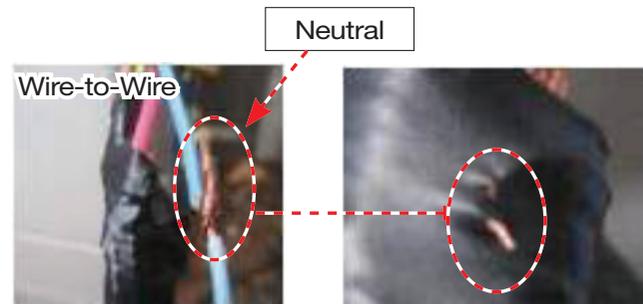
Installation environment interfering with the communication of indoor/outdoor devices

| | | | |
|---------|--|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Purpose | Installation environment interfering the communication | Items for checking | Check installation error points |
|---------|--|--------------------|---------------------------------|

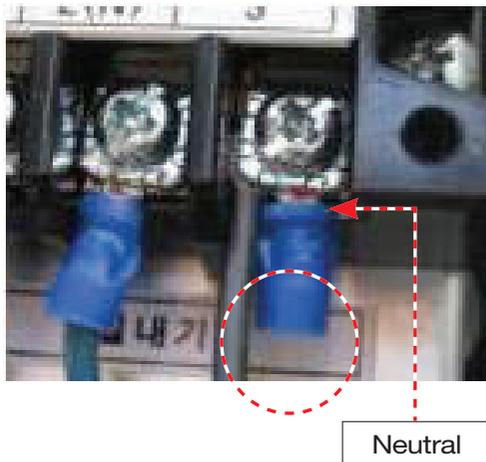
① **The communication lines of the indoor /outdoor devices are installed by wire-to-wire method.**
: In case of additional connection, connect the wires with soldering as shown below.



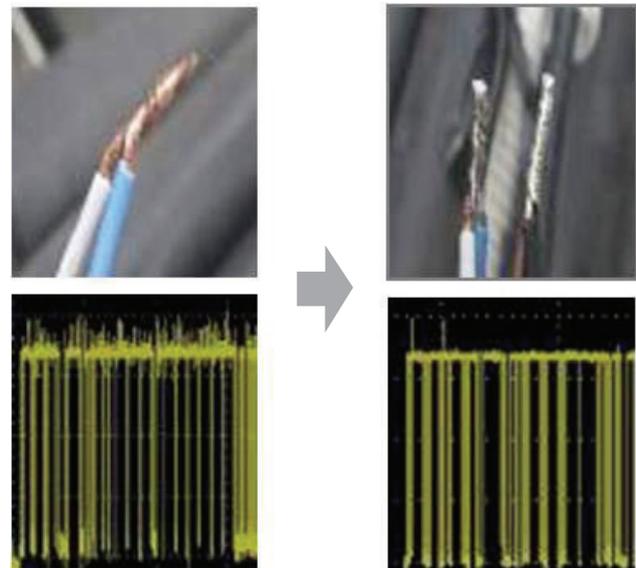
③ **The cut section of the wire passes the insulation tape and causes a short with another wire.**



② **Wire tongue-termination fault.**

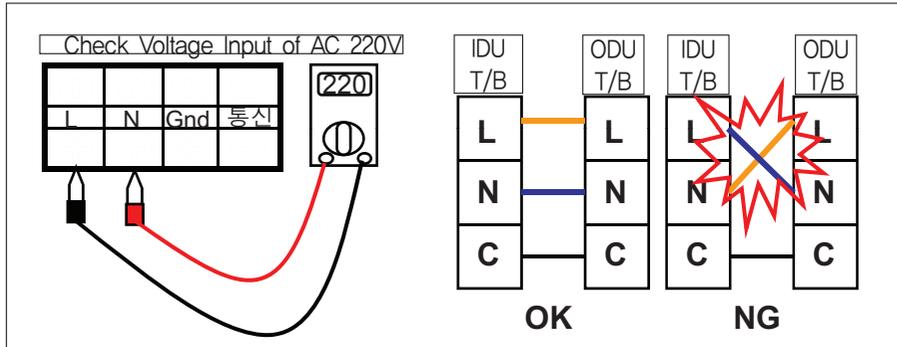


④ **Communication noise by oxidized wire arrangement : Soldering is required.**



- 1) Check Voltage Input of AC 220V, Indoor & Outdoor Communication
 Outdoor Communication
 When Input AC 220V,
 - Check AC 220V Live ↔ Neutral, Indoor & Outdoor
 - Otherwise, arrange the Communication Wire, Check AC 220V

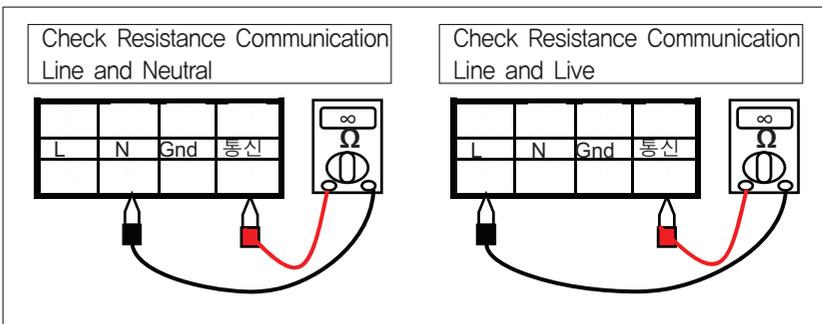
Equipment : Multi-Meter
 Test Mode : AC Voltage
 Indoor & Outdoor Terminal block



- 2) Check electric short Communication Line and Power Line

After Removing Power Line Wire and Communication Line Wire, Check the voltages

- Check resistance Communication ↔ Live should be infinite
- Check resistance Communication ↔ Neutral should be infinite
- Check resistance Communication ↔ Gnd should be infinite

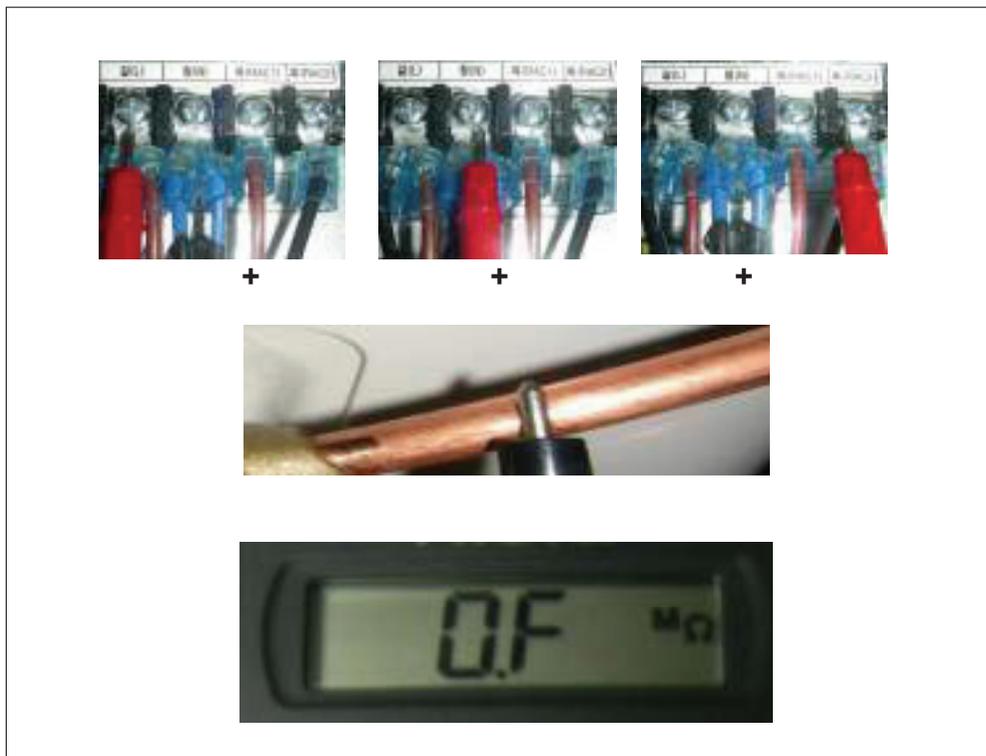
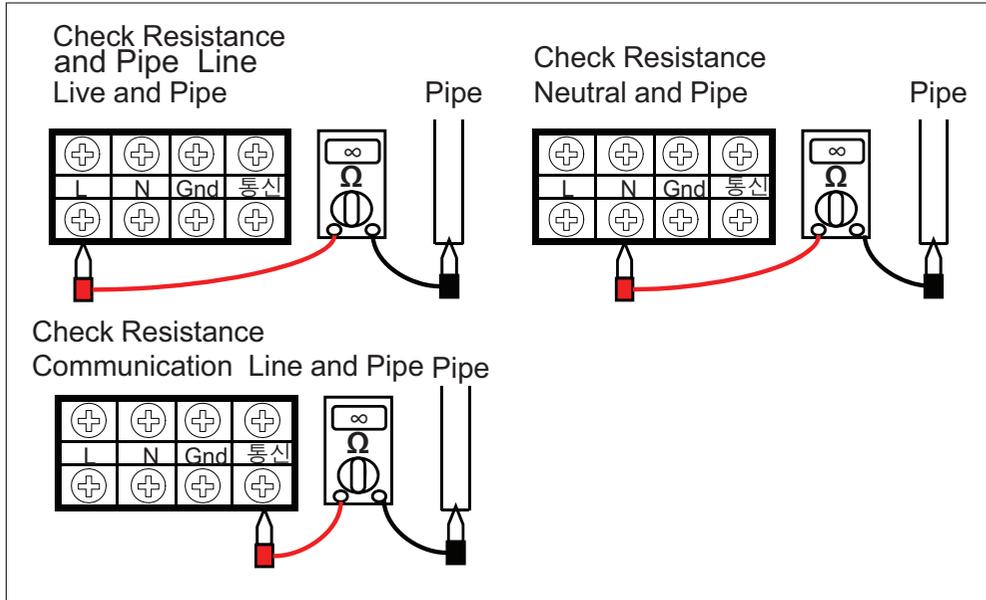


Part 4 Trouble Shooting

3) Check electric leakage Communication Line and Pipe

After Removing Power Line Wire and Communication Line Wire, Check the voltages

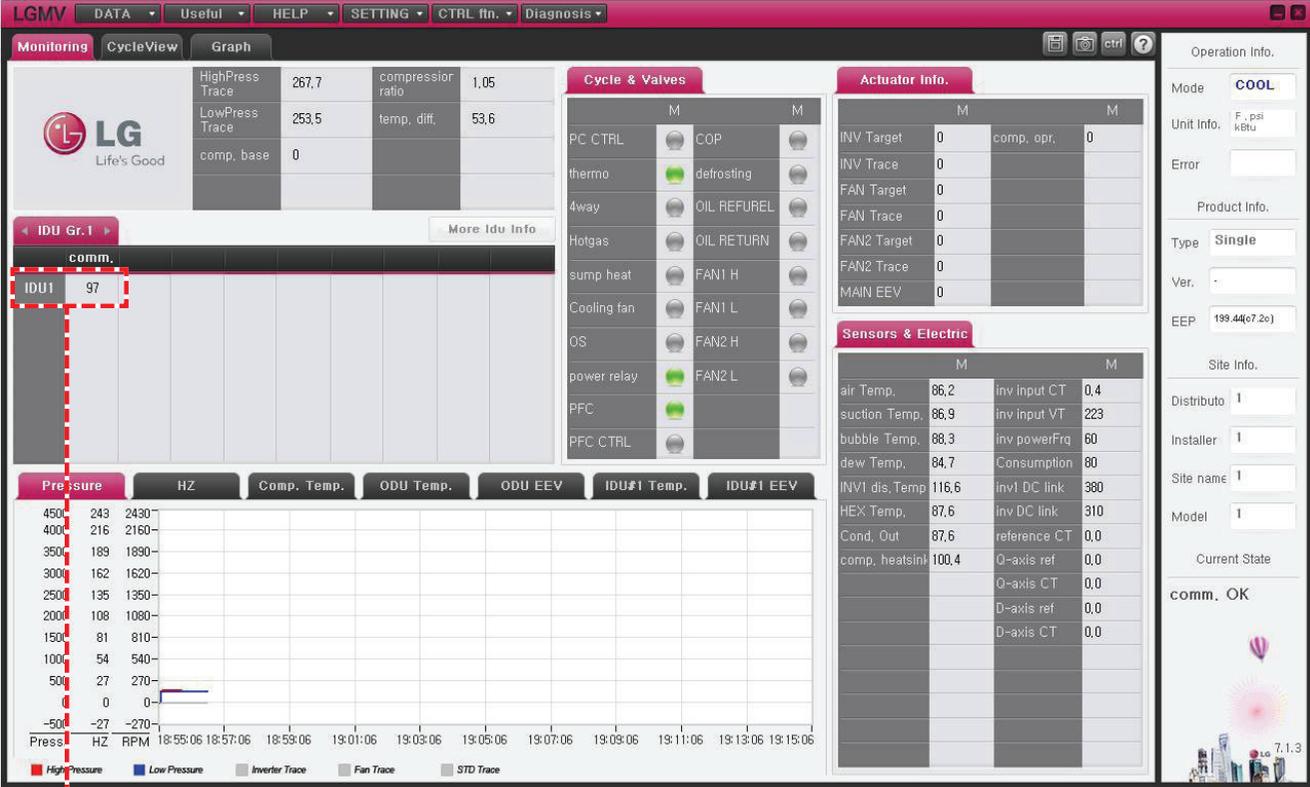
- Check Infinite Resistance between Power /Communication Line and Pipe Line



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

Check LGMV Communication rate



Communication rate (Normally 90% ↑)



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

How to measure for Environment Noise

■ Applied Model : Multi/Single Outdoor PCBA
(Refer to PCB P/no of attached file)

■ Applied S/No : ~ 301xxxxxx (~ Jan, 2013)

1. Symptom

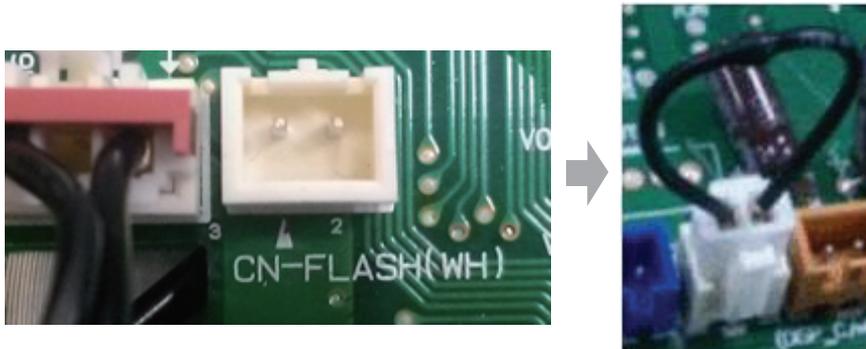
- Outdoor unit cannot communicate with Indoor unit.
- Outdoor reset then work normal.
: It happens intermittently
- LEDs for showing power-on and communication status are not on or not blinking in outdoor inverter PCBA

2. Causes

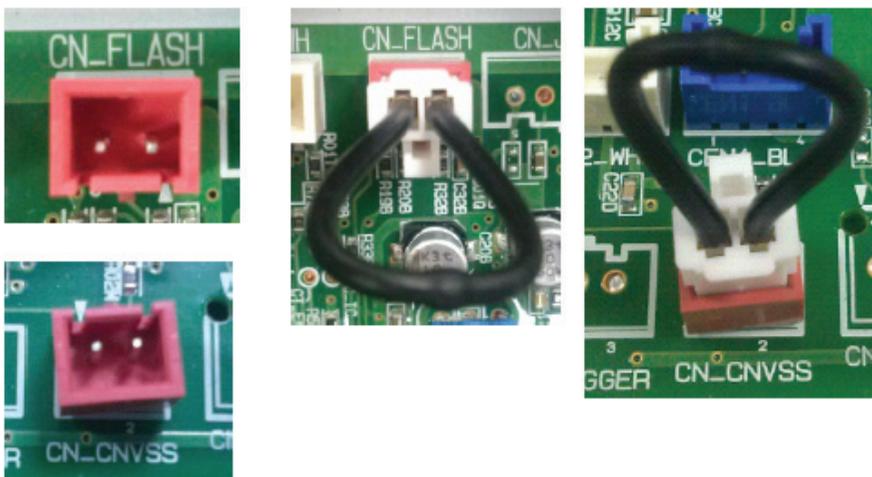
- Noise disturb the outdoor unit communication with indoor unit

3. Improvement

- Inserting small connector with capacitor in Inverter PCBA of Outdoor Unit
 - 1) Connector can be applied to the list(PCBA P/No) on the next page
 - 2) Guide where you put it on the next page
- It helps outdoor unit communicate with indoor unit better than before and reduce the noise level



[Connector with capacitor in CN_Flash_Writer or CN_Flash]



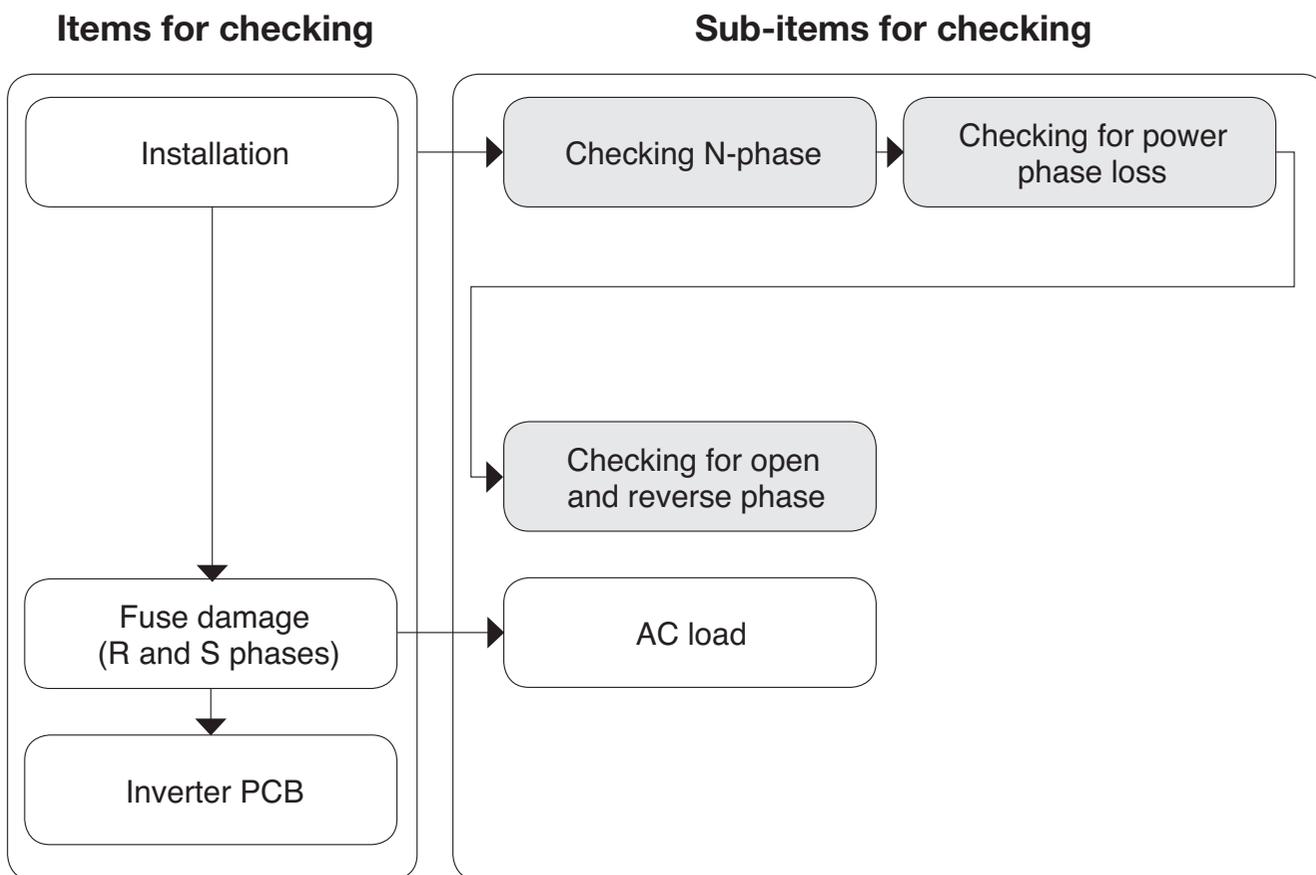
Connector with capacitor in CN_FLASH and CMN_CNVS

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 54 (Open and Reverse Phase Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Prevention of phase unbalance and prevention of reverse rotation of constant-rate compressor |
| Condition for Generation | Main power wiring fault |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.

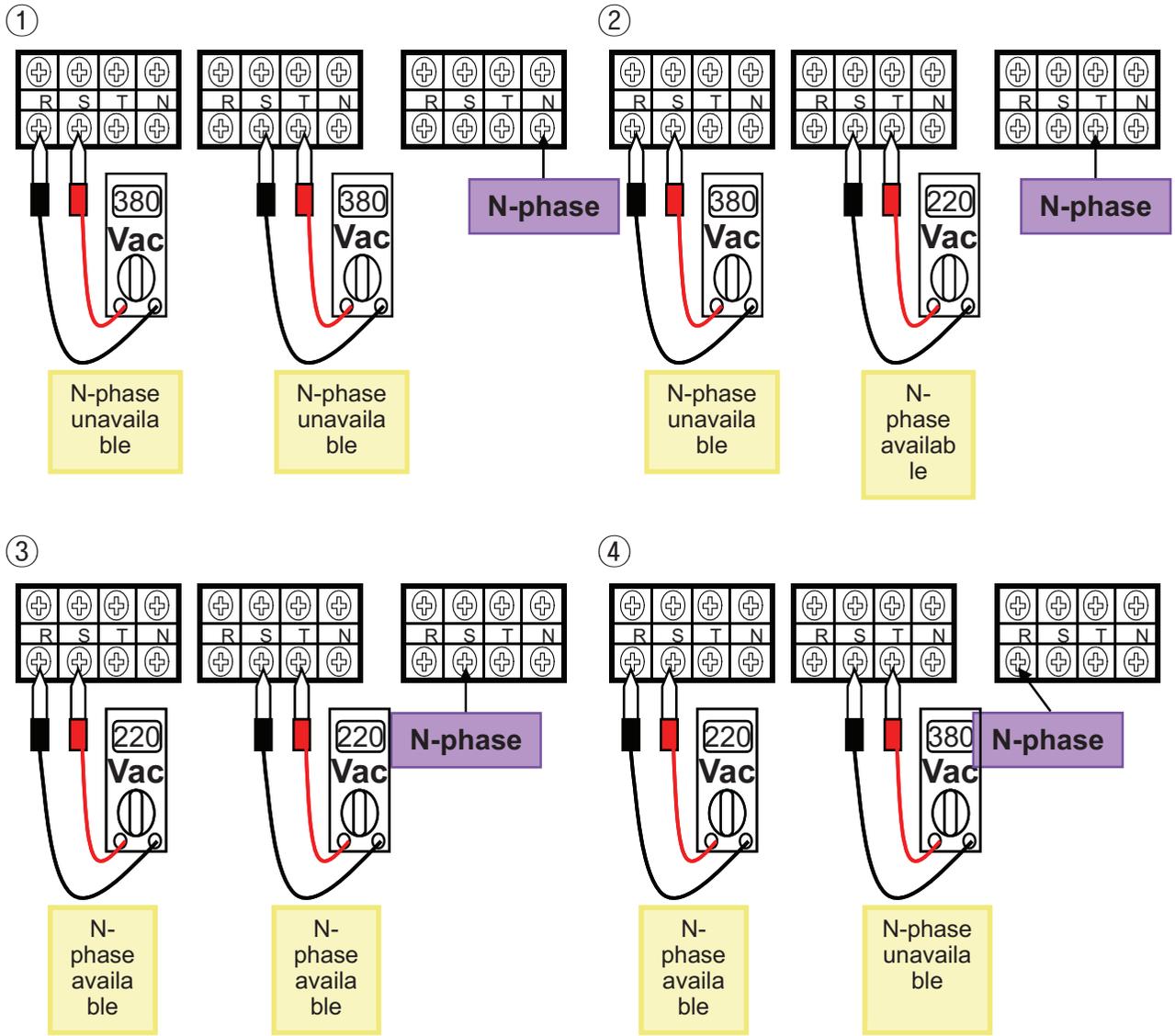


6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 54 (Open and Reverse Phase Error)

Judgment method of N-phase wiring error

Set the tester in AC voltage measurement mode (The part having wave pattern)

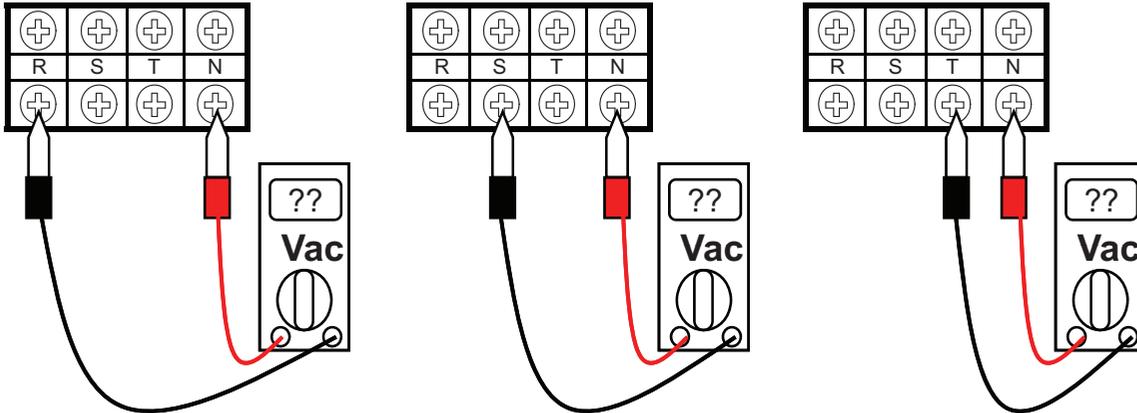


6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 54 (Open and Reverse Phase Error)

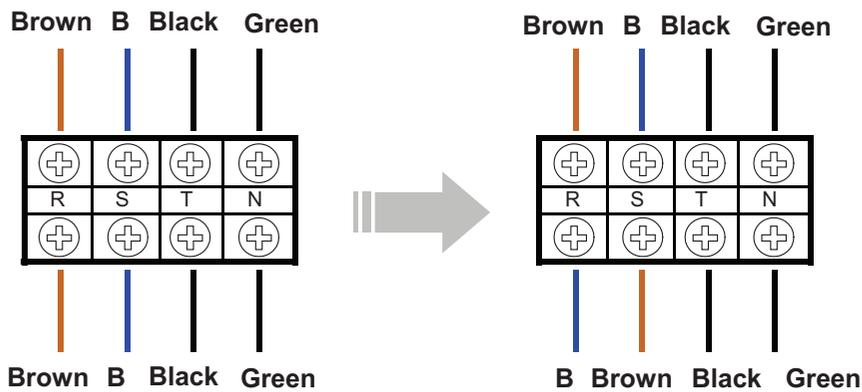
Judgment Method of R,S,T phase loss

- Set the tester in AC voltage measurement mode (The part having wave pattern)
- The part that does not generate voltage was upgraded.
- Power module requires checking..



Judgment method of open and reverse phase of R,S,T

- Operation with replacement of R and S phases only



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 60 (EEPROM Fault)

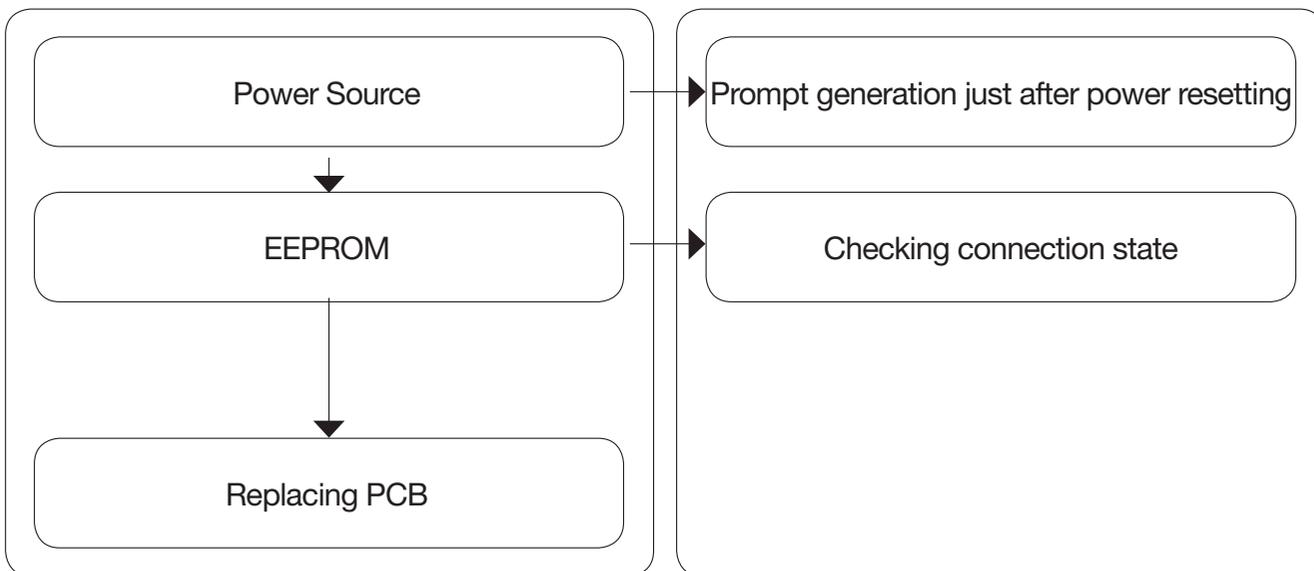
- EEPROM : IC containing the operation data suitable to the product

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Prevention of application of wrong cycle data |
| Condition for Generation | Judgment of the error caused by noise and the fault of EEPROM connection |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.

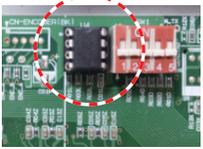
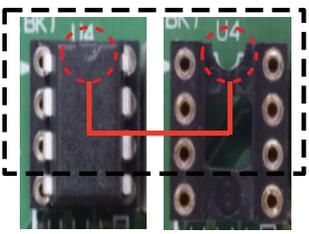
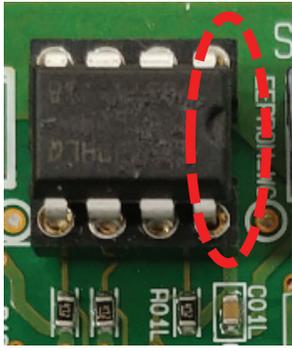
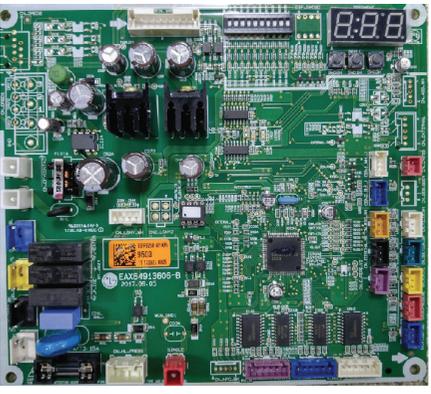
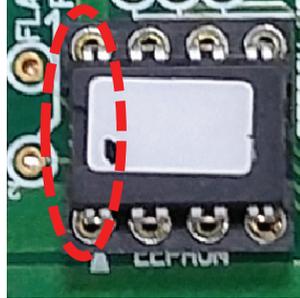
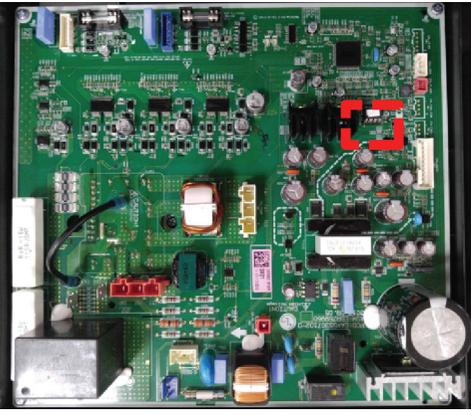
Items for checking

Sub-items for checking



■ How to check the EEPROM assembling state of outdoor devices

- ① Check the direction of EEPROM
(Shape of marking line and direction of EEPROM)
- ② Check whether EEPROM is perfectly adhered.
- ③ Check whether EEPROM lead is put out of the outlet.

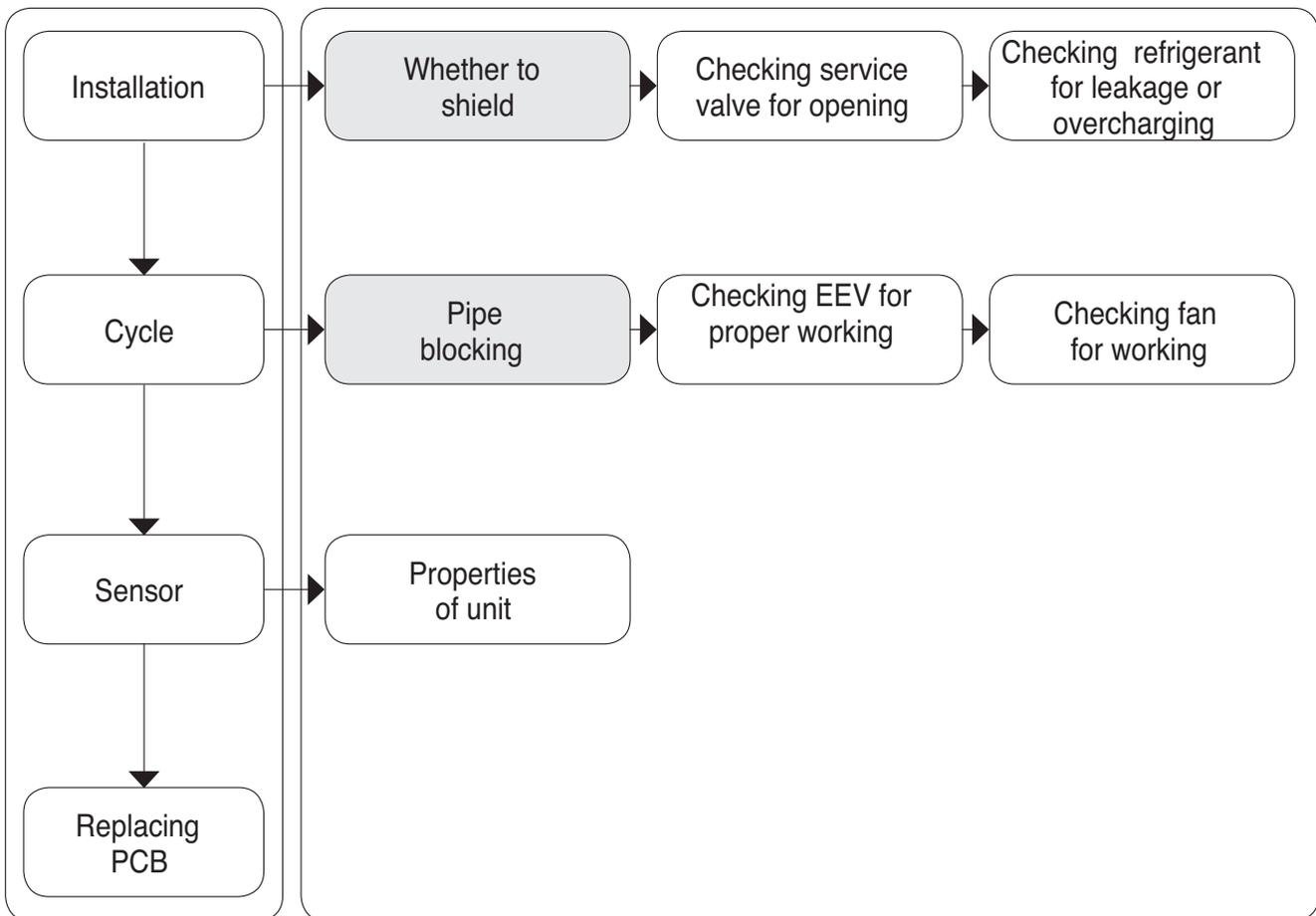
| 구분 | EEPROM Position | |
|------------|---|--|
| 4kW |  |   <p data-bbox="1055 627 1193 659">EEPROM</p> |
| 6kW Inv. |  |  |
| 6/7kW Main |  |  |
| 7kW Inv. |  |  |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 61 (Condenser High Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Protection of compressor from elevated pressure and judgment whether to start defrosting |
| Condition for Generation | Shielding environment, cycle disorder, and sensor unit fault |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.

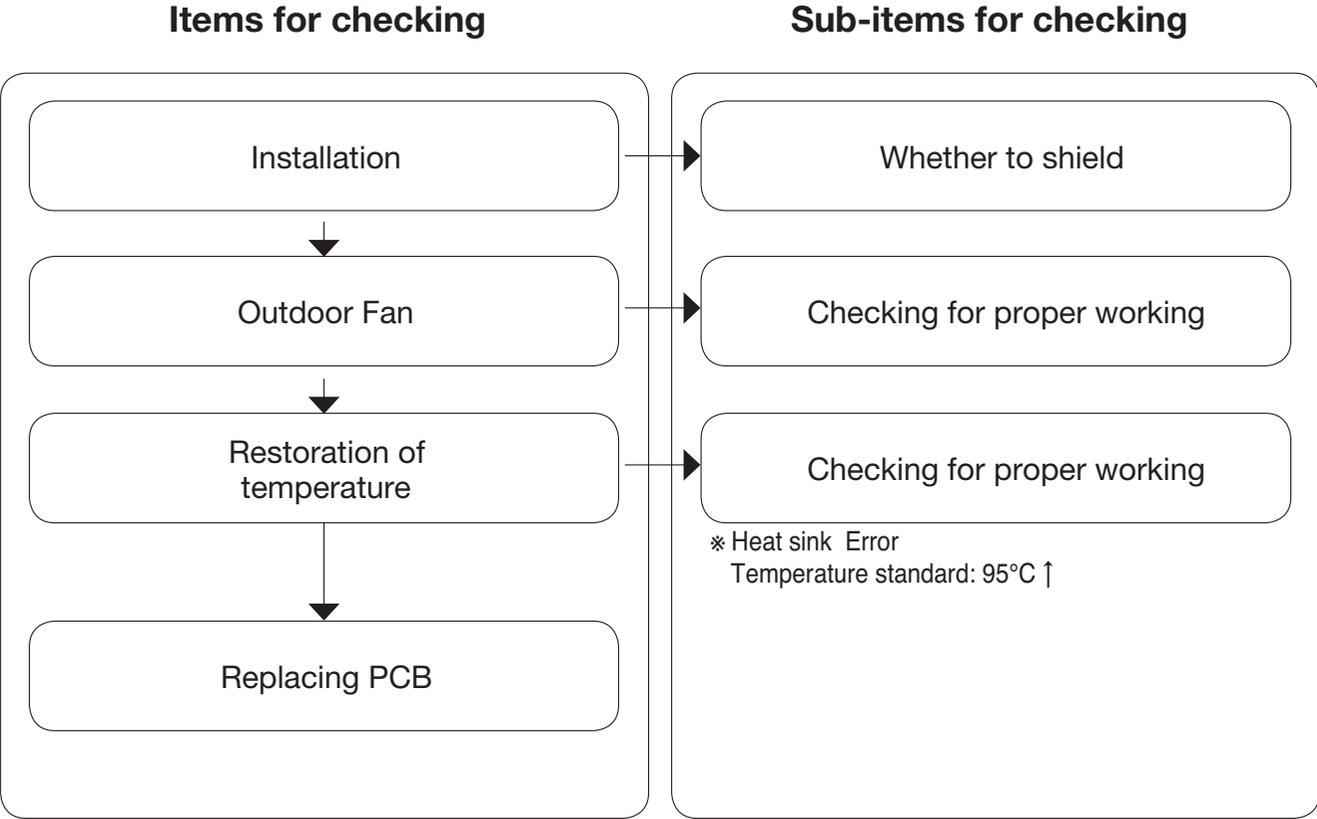


6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 62 (Heat sink High Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Prevention of damage of IPM and PSCM/PFCM |
| Condition for Generation | Heat sink temperature reaches the limit level. |

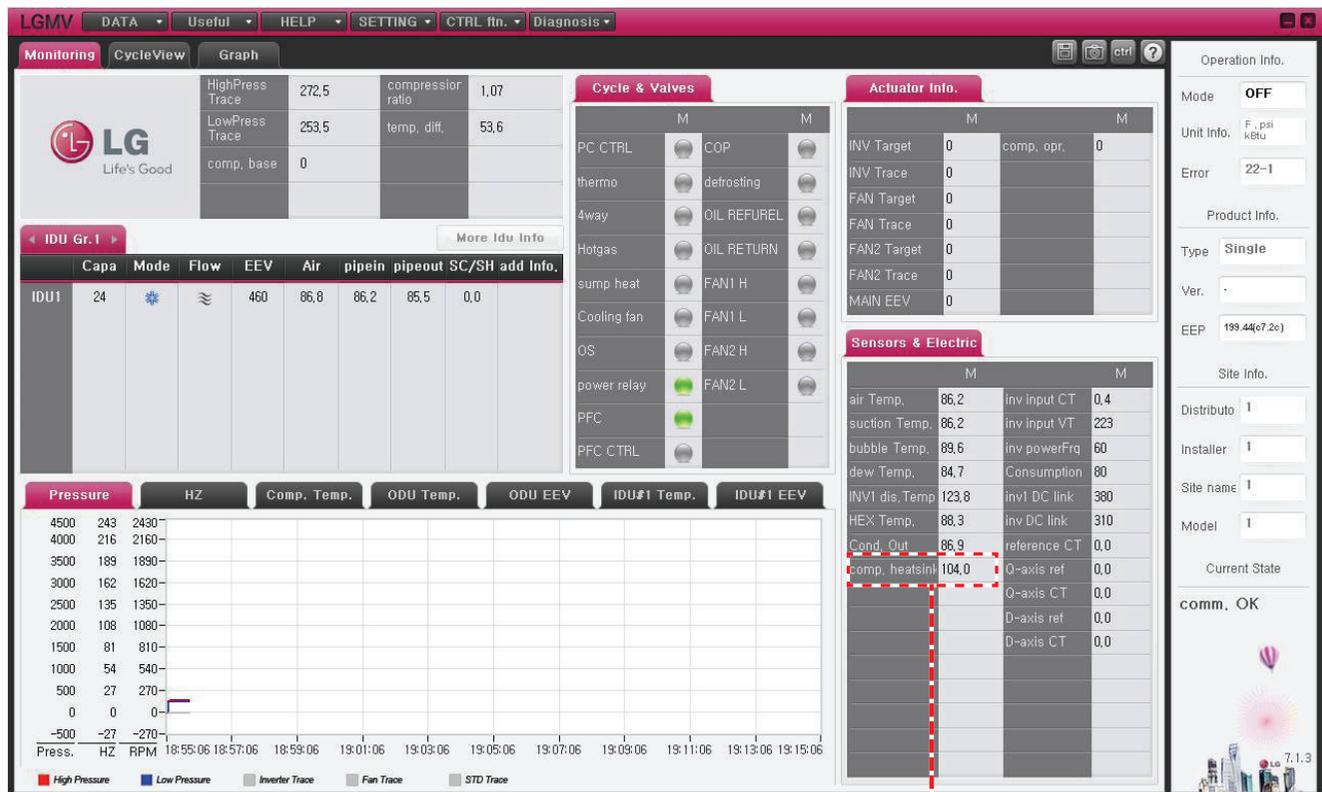
Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.



6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 62 (Heat sink High Error)

Check LGMV for CH 62



comp, heatsink 104,0

Heatsink High NG Temperature level

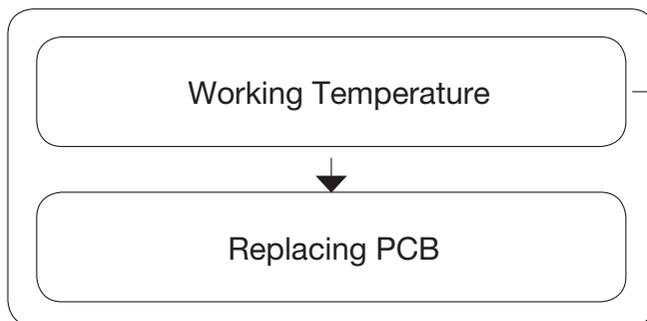
| Controller | Temperature level |
|------------|-------------------|
| 4kW ↓ | 95°C ↑ |
| 6kW | 85°C ↑ |
| 7kW | 125°C ↑ |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

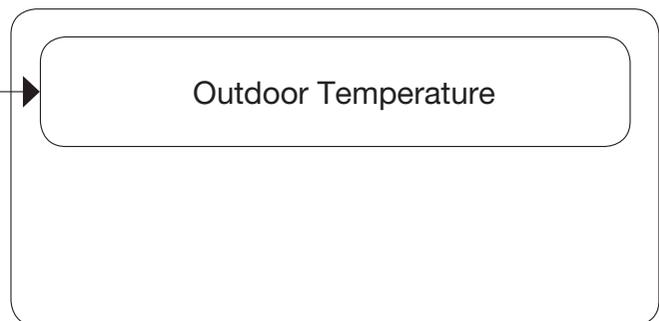
CH 65 (Heat sink Temperature Sensor Open/Short)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|---|
| Purpose | Prevention of damage or wrong control of PCBA (PSCM/PFCM,IPM) caused by heat sink temperature detection error |
| Condition for Generation | Detected temperature is $\leq -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $\geq 200^{\circ}\text{C}$. |

Items for checking



Sub-items for checking



Environmental factor checking method

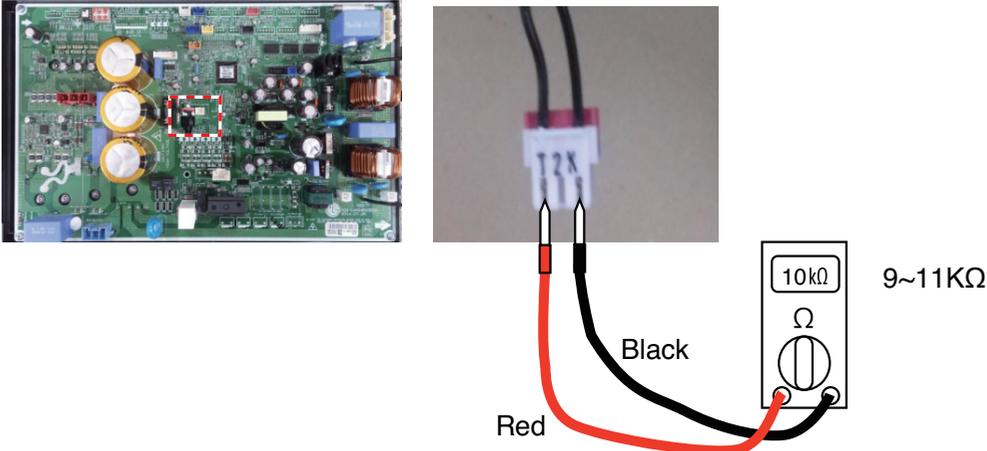
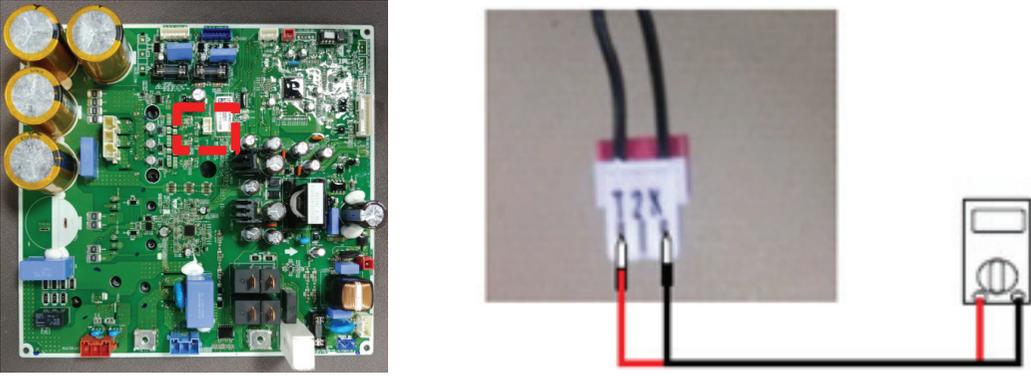
- 1) The products works when outdoor temperature is $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- 2) Generation of CH65 case 10 minutes after the operation of the product



If both of above-stated conditions are satisfied, environmental factor is the cause.

Sensor checking method

1. Power Off
2. Measure the resistance using a tester.
3. Measure the resistance Heat sink Temp point (Refer to the next page)
(based on 25°C , $7\text{K}\Omega \pm 10\%$)

| Heat sink Tempe Sensor Point | |
|------------------------------|---|
| 4kW |  <p>The diagram for the 4kW sensor point shows a green PCB with a red dashed box highlighting a sensor component. A close-up shows a white connector with two wires: a red wire and a black wire. The red wire is labeled "Red" and the black wire is labeled "Black". A multimeter is shown with a "10kΩ" range and a "Ω" symbol, with the red and black probes connected to the wires. The text "9~11KΩ" is displayed next to the multimeter.</p> |
| 6kW |  <p>The diagram for the 6kW sensor point shows a green PCB with a red dashed box highlighting a sensor component. A close-up shows a white connector with two wires: a red wire and a black wire. A multimeter is shown with the red and black probes connected to the wires.</p> |

6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error

CH 65 (Heat sink Temperature Sensor Open/Short)

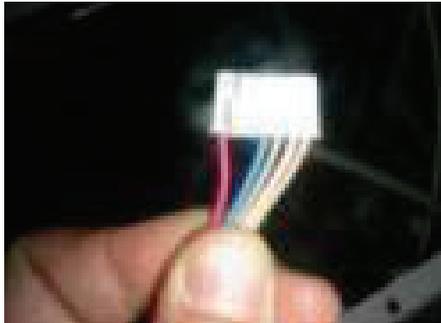
Checking Temperature Sensor Open/Short

1. Check alien substance in the Fan.
2. Check the imprisonment of fan → Please turn Fan, if fan is turn, ok.
3. Check the terminal.



4. Check the Motor. Refer to the below.

■ How to check the outdoor fan motor of BLDC



- Checking wire terminals for possible short



① ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦

| Tester | | Normal resistance (±10%) | |
|--------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| ① | ④ | ∞ | ∞ |
| ⑤ | ④ | Dozens kΩ ~hundreds kΩ | Dozens kΩ ~hundreds kΩ |
| ⑥ | ④ | ∞ | ∞ |
| ⑦ | ④ | Dozens kΩ ~hundreds kΩ | Dozens kΩ ~hundreds kΩ |

